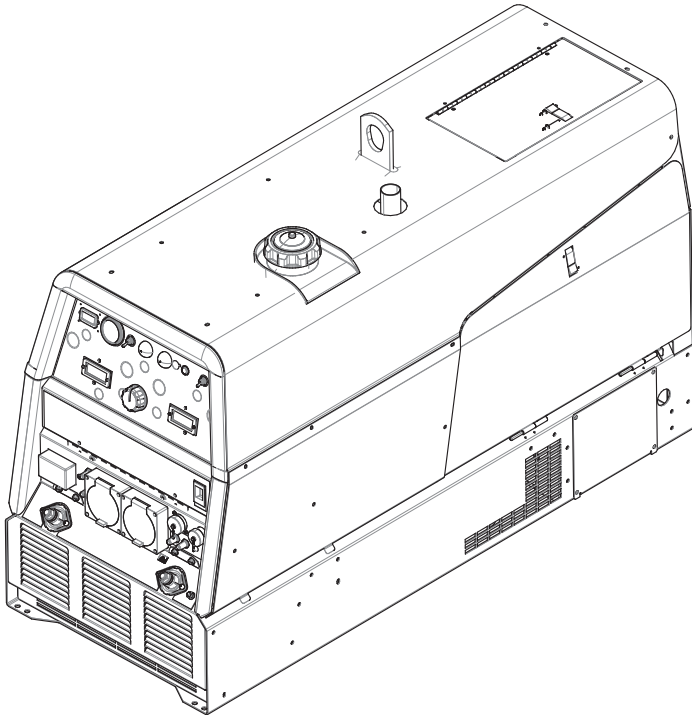


## Operator's Manual

# RANGER<sup>®</sup> 305D (AU)



For use with machines having Code Numbers:  
**11692, 12193, 12682**



**Register your machine:**

[www.lincolnelectric.com/register](http://www.lincolnelectric.com/register)

**Authorized Service and Distributor Locator:**

[www.lincolnelectric.com/locator](http://www.lincolnelectric.com/locator)

**Save for future reference**

Date Purchased

Code: (ex: 10859)

Serial: (ex: U1060512345)

**Need Help? Call 1.888.935.3877**

to talk to a Service Representative

**Hours of Operation:**

8:00 AM to 6:00 PM (ET) Mon. thru Fri.

**After hours?**

Use "Ask the Experts" at [lincolnelectric.com](http://lincolnelectric.com)  
A Lincoln Service Representative will contact you  
no later than the following business day.

**For Service outside the USA:**

Email: [globalservice@lincolnelectric.com](mailto:globalservice@lincolnelectric.com)

**WELDING TECHNOLOGY**  
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**IM10053-B** | Issue Date Jul-17  
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# THANK YOU FOR SELECTING A QUALITY PRODUCT BY LINCOLN ELECTRIC.

## PLEASE EXAMINE CARTON AND EQUIPMENT FOR DAMAGE IMMEDIATELY

When this equipment is shipped, title passes to the purchaser upon receipt by the carrier. Consequently, claims for material damaged in shipment must be made by the purchaser against the transportation company at the time the shipment is received.

## SAFETY DEPENDS ON YOU

Lincoln arc welding and cutting equipment is designed and built with safety in mind. However, your overall safety can be increased by proper installation ... and thoughtful operation on your part. **DO NOT INSTALL, OPERATE OR REPAIR THIS EQUIPMENT WITHOUT READING THIS MANUAL AND THE SAFETY PRECAUTIONS CONTAINED THROUGHOUT.** And, most importantly, think before you act and be careful.

### **WARNING**

This statement appears where the information must be followed exactly to avoid serious personal injury or loss of life.

### **CAUTION**

This statement appears where the information must be followed to avoid minor personal injury or damage to this equipment.

## KEEP YOUR HEAD OUT OF THE FUMES.

**DON'T** get too close to the arc. Use corrective lenses if necessary to stay a reasonable distance away from the arc.

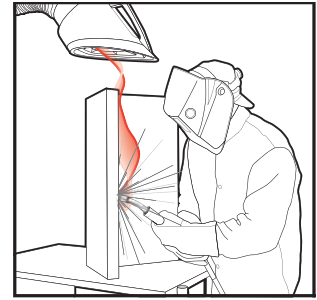
**READ** and obey the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) and the warning label that appears on all containers of welding materials.

**USE ENOUGH VENTILATION** or exhaust at the arc, or both, to keep the fumes and gases from your breathing zone and the general area.

**IN A LARGE ROOM OR OUTDOORS**, natural ventilation may be adequate if you keep your head out of the fumes (See below).

**USE NATURAL DRAFTS** or fans to keep the fumes away from your face.

If you develop unusual symptoms, see your supervisor. Perhaps the welding atmosphere and ventilation system should be checked.



## WEAR CORRECT EYE, EAR & BODY PROTECTION

**PROTECT** your eyes and face with welding helmet properly fitted and with proper grade of filter plate (See ANSI Z49.1).

**PROTECT** your body from welding spatter and arc flash with protective clothing including woolen clothing, flame-proof apron and gloves, leather leggings, and high boots.

**PROTECT** others from splatter, flash, and glare with protective screens or barriers.

**IN SOME AREAS**, protection from noise may be appropriate.

**BE SURE** protective equipment is in good condition.

Also, wear safety glasses in work area **AT ALL TIMES.**



## SPECIAL SITUATIONS

**DO NOT WELD OR CUT** containers or materials which previously had been in contact with hazardous substances unless they are properly cleaned. This is extremely dangerous.

**DO NOT WELD OR CUT** painted or plated parts unless special precautions with ventilation have been taken. They can release highly toxic fumes or gases.

## Additional precautionary measures

**PROTECT** compressed gas cylinders from excessive heat, mechanical shocks, and arcs; fasten cylinders so they cannot fall.

**BE SURE** cylinders are never grounded or part of an electrical circuit.

**REMOVE** all potential fire hazards from welding area.

**ALWAYS HAVE FIRE FIGHTING EQUIPMENT READY FOR IMMEDIATE USE AND KNOW HOW TO USE IT.**



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## SECTION A: WARNINGS



### CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65 WARNINGS



**WARNING:** Breathing diesel engine exhaust exposes you to chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects, or other reproductive harm.

- Always start and operate the engine in a well-ventilated area.
- If in an exposed area, vent the exhaust to the outside.
- Do not modify or tamper with the exhaust system.
- Do not idle the engine except as necessary.

For more information go to [www.P65warnings.ca.gov/diesel](http://www.P65warnings.ca.gov/diesel)

**WARNING:** This product, when used for welding or cutting, produces fumes or gases which contain chemicals known to the State of California to cause birth defects and, in some cases, cancer. (California Health & Safety Code § 25249.5 *et seq.*)



**WARNING:** Cancer and Reproductive Harm  
[www.P65warnings.ca.gov](http://www.P65warnings.ca.gov)

**ARC WELDING CAN BE HAZARDOUS. PROTECT YOURSELF AND OTHERS FROM POSSIBLE SERIOUS INJURY OR DEATH. KEEP CHILDREN AWAY. PACEMAKER WEARERS SHOULD CONSULT WITH THEIR DOCTOR BEFORE OPERATING.**

Read and understand the following safety highlights. For additional safety information, it is strongly recommended that you purchase a copy of "Safety in Welding & Cutting - ANSI Standard Z49.1" from the American Welding Society, P.O. Box 351040, Miami, Florida 33135 or CSA Standard W117.2-1974. A Free copy of "Arc Welding Safety" booklet E205 is available from the Lincoln Electric Company, 22801 St. Clair Avenue, Cleveland, Ohio 44117-1199.

**BE SURE THAT ALL INSTALLATION, OPERATION, MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR PROCEDURES ARE PERFORMED ONLY BY QUALIFIED INDIVIDUALS.**



### FOR ENGINE POWERED EQUIPMENT.

- Turn the engine off before troubleshooting and maintenance work unless the maintenance work requires it to be running.
- Operate engines in open, well-ventilated areas or vent the engine exhaust fumes outdoors.
- Do not add the fuel near an open flame welding arc or when the engine is running. Stop the engine and allow it to cool before refueling to prevent spilled fuel from vaporizing on contact



with hot engine parts and igniting. Do not spill fuel when filling tank. If fuel is spilled, wipe it up and do not start engine until fumes have been eliminated.

- Keep all equipment safety guards, covers and devices in position and in good repair. Keep hands, hair, clothing and tools away from V-belts, gears, fans and all other moving parts when starting, operating or repairing equipment.
- In some cases it may be necessary to remove safety guards to perform required maintenance. Remove guards only when necessary and replace them when the maintenance requiring their removal is complete. Always use the greatest care when working near moving parts.
- Do not put your hands near the engine fan. Do not attempt to override the governor or idler by pushing on the throttle control rods while the engine is running.
- To prevent accidentally starting gasoline engines while turning the engine or welding generator during maintenance work, disconnect the spark plug wires, distributor cap or magneto wire as appropriate.
- To avoid scalding, do not remove the radiator pressure cap when the engine is hot.



### ELECTRIC AND MAGNETIC FIELDS MAY BE DANGEROUS



- Electric current flowing through any conductor causes localized Electric and Magnetic Fields (EMF). Welding current creates EMF fields around welding cables and welding machines
- EMF fields may interfere with some pacemakers, and welders having a pacemaker should consult their physician before welding.
- Exposure to EMF fields in welding may have other health effects which are now not known.
- All welders should use the following procedures in order to minimize exposure to EMF fields from the welding circuit:
  - Route the electrode and work cables together - Secure them with tape when possible.
  - Never coil the electrode lead around your body.
  - Do not place your body between the electrode and work cables. If the electrode cable is on your right side, the work cable should also be on your right side.
  - Connect the work cable to the workpiece as close as possible to the area being welded.
  - Do not work next to welding power source.

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## ELECTRIC SHOCK CAN KILL.



- 3.a. The electrode and work (or ground) circuits are electrically “hot” when the welder is on. Do not touch these “hot” parts with your bare skin or wet clothing. Wear dry, hole-free gloves to insulate hands.
- 3.b. Insulate yourself from work and ground using dry insulation. Make certain the insulation is large enough to cover your full area of physical contact with work and ground.

**In addition to the normal safety precautions, if welding must be performed under electrically hazardous conditions (in damp locations or while wearing wet clothing; on metal structures such as floors, gratings or scaffolds; when in cramped positions such as sitting, kneeling or lying, if there is a high risk of unavoidable or accidental contact with the workpiece or ground) use the following equipment:**

- Semiautomatic DC Constant Voltage (Wire) Welder.
  - DC Manual (Stick) Welder.
  - AC Welder with Reduced Voltage Control.
- 3.c. In semiautomatic or automatic wire welding, the electrode, electrode reel, welding head, nozzle or semiautomatic welding gun are also electrically “hot”.
  - 3.d. Always be sure the work cable makes a good electrical connection with the metal being welded. The connection should be as close as possible to the area being welded.
  - 3.e. Ground the work or metal to be welded to a good electrical (earth) ground.
  - 3.f. Maintain the electrode holder, work clamp, welding cable and welding machine in good, safe operating condition. Replace damaged insulation.
  - 3.g. Never dip the electrode in water for cooling.
  - 3.h. Never simultaneously touch electrically “hot” parts of electrode holders connected to two welders because voltage between the two can be the total of the open circuit voltage of both welders.
  - 3.i. When working above floor level, use a safety belt to protect yourself from a fall should you get a shock.
  - 3.j. Also see Items 6.c. and 8.



## ARC RAYS CAN BURN.



- 4.a. Use a shield with the proper filter and cover plates to protect your eyes from sparks and the rays of the arc when welding or observing open arc welding. Headshield and filter lens should conform to ANSI Z87.1 standards.
- 4.b. Use suitable clothing made from durable flame-resistant material to protect your skin and that of your helpers from the arc rays.
- 4.c. Protect other nearby personnel with suitable, non-flammable screening and/or warn them not to watch the arc nor expose themselves to the arc rays or to hot spatter or metal.



## FUMES AND GASES CAN BE DANGEROUS.



- 5.a. Welding may produce fumes and gases hazardous to health. Avoid breathing these fumes and gases. When welding, keep your head out of the fume. Use enough ventilation and/or exhaust at the arc to keep fumes and gases away from the breathing zone. **When welding hardfacing (see instructions on container or SDS) or on lead or cadmium plated steel and other metals or coatings which produce highly toxic fumes, keep exposure as low as possible and within applicable OSHA PEL and ACGIH TLV limits using local exhaust or mechanical ventilation unless exposure assessments indicate otherwise. In confined spaces or in some circumstances, outdoors, a respirator may also be required. Additional precautions are also required when welding on galvanized steel.**
5. b. The operation of welding fume control equipment is affected by various factors including proper use and positioning of the equipment, maintenance of the equipment and the specific welding procedure and application involved. Worker exposure level should be checked upon installation and periodically thereafter to be certain it is within applicable OSHA PEL and ACGIH TLV limits.
- 5.c. Do not weld in locations near chlorinated hydrocarbon vapors coming from degreasing, cleaning or spraying operations. The heat and rays of the arc can react with solvent vapors to form phosgene, a highly toxic gas, and other irritating products.
- 5.d. Shielding gases used for arc welding can displace air and cause injury or death. Always use enough ventilation, especially in confined areas, to insure breathing air is safe.
- 5.e. Read and understand the manufacturer’s instructions for this equipment and the consumables to be used, including the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) and follow your employer’s safety practices. SDS forms are available from your welding distributor or from the manufacturer.
- 5.f. Also see item 1.b.

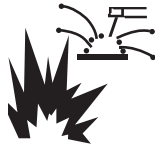
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## WELDING AND CUTTING SPARKS CAN CAUSE FIRE OR EXPLOSION.



- 6.a. Remove fire hazards from the welding area. If this is not possible, cover them to prevent the welding sparks from starting a fire. Remember that welding sparks and hot materials from welding can easily go through small cracks and openings to adjacent areas. Avoid welding near hydraulic lines. Have a fire extinguisher readily available.
- 6.b. Where compressed gases are to be used at the job site, special precautions should be used to prevent hazardous situations. Refer to "Safety in Welding and Cutting" (ANSI Standard Z49.1) and the operating information for the equipment being used.
- 6.c. When not welding, make certain no part of the electrode circuit is touching the work or ground. Accidental contact can cause overheating and create a fire hazard.
- 6.d. Do not heat, cut or weld tanks, drums or containers until the proper steps have been taken to insure that such procedures will not cause flammable or toxic vapors from substances inside. They can cause an explosion even though they have been "cleaned". For information, purchase "Recommended Safe Practices for the Preparation for Welding and Cutting of Containers and Piping That Have Held Hazardous Substances", AWS F4.1 from the American Welding Society (see address above).
- 6.e. Vent hollow castings or containers before heating, cutting or welding. They may explode.
- 6.f. Sparks and spatter are thrown from the welding arc. Wear oil free protective garments such as leather gloves, heavy shirt, cuffless trousers, high shoes and a cap over your hair. Wear ear plugs when welding out of position or in confined places. Always wear safety glasses with side shields when in a welding area.
- 6.g. Connect the work cable to the work as close to the welding area as practical. Work cables connected to the building framework or other locations away from the welding area increase the possibility of the welding current passing through lifting chains, crane cables or other alternate circuits. This can create fire hazards or overheat lifting chains or cables until they fail.
- 6.h. Also see item 1.c.
- 6.i. Read and follow NFPA 51B "Standard for Fire Prevention During Welding, Cutting and Other Hot Work", available from NFPA, 1 Batterymarch Park, PO box 9101, Quincy, MA 022690-9101.
- 6.j. Do not use a welding power source for pipe thawing.



## CYLINDER MAY EXPLODE IF DAMAGED.



- 7.a. Use only compressed gas cylinders containing the correct shielding gas for the process used and properly operating regulators designed for the gas and pressure used. All hoses, fittings, etc. should be suitable for the application and maintained in good condition.
- 7.b. Always keep cylinders in an upright position securely chained to an undercarriage or fixed support.
- 7.c. Cylinders should be located:
  - Away from areas where they may be struck or subjected to physical damage.
  - A safe distance from arc welding or cutting operations and any other source of heat, sparks, or flame.
- 7.d. Never allow the electrode, electrode holder or any other electrically "hot" parts to touch a cylinder.
- 7.e. Keep your head and face away from the cylinder valve outlet when opening the cylinder valve.
- 7.f. Valve protection caps should always be in place and hand tight except when the cylinder is in use or connected for use.
- 7.g. Read and follow the instructions on compressed gas cylinders, associated equipment, and CGA publication P-1, "Precautions for Safe Handling of Compressed Gases in Cylinders," available from the Compressed Gas Association, 14501 George Carter Way Chantilly, VA 20151.



## FOR ELECTRICALLY POWERED EQUIPMENT.



- 8.a. Turn off input power using the disconnect switch at the fuse box before working on the equipment.
- 8.b. Install equipment in accordance with the U.S. National Electrical Code, all local codes and the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 8.c. Ground the equipment in accordance with the U.S. National Electrical Code and the manufacturer's recommendations.

**Refer to**  
**<http://www.lincolnelectric.com/safety>**  
**for additional safety information.**

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## TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS - Ranger® 305D (AU) (K2922-1)

INPUT - DIESEL ENGINE					
Make/Model	Description	Speed (RPM)	Displacement cu. in. (cu. cm.)	Starting System	Capacities
Kubota** D722	3 cylinder 4 stroke 18.8 HP (14 KW) Net intermittent 3600 RPM naturally aspirated water cooled	High Idle 3650	43.88(789) Bore x Stroke inch (mm)	12VDC Battery & starter  (Group 58; 550 cold crank amps) Battery Charger (3.6L)	Fuel: 12 gal. (45 Liters) Oil: 3.4Qts. (3.2L)  Radiator Coolant: 3.85Qts. (3.6L)
		Full Load 3500  Low Idle 2450	2.64 x 2.68 (67 x 68 mm)		
RATED OUTPUT @ 104° F (40° C) - WELDER					
Welding Process	Welding Output Current/Voltage/Duty Cycle		Output Range	Max. Weld OCV @Rated Load RPM	
DC Constant Current	305A / 29V / 100%		20 TO 305 AMPS	60 Volts	
DC Pipe Current	300A / 29V / 100%		40 TO 300 AMPS		
Touch-Start™ TIG	250A / 30V / 100%		20 TO 250 AMPS		
DC Constant Voltage	300A / 29V / 100%		14 TO 29 VOLTS		
RATED OUTPUT @ 104° F (40° C) - GENERATOR					
Auxiliary Power <sup>1</sup>					
7200 Watts Continuous, 60 Hz 240 Volts					
Sound Levels					
Sound Power: 104.2 dB Lwa, Sound Level: 80.6 dBA @ 23 ft ( 7m )					
PHYSICAL DIMENSIONS					
HEIGHT	WIDTH	DEPTH		WEIGHT	
30.00* in. 762.0 mm	21.50 in 546.0 mm	52.25 in. 1327.0 mm		698 lbs. (317kg.)	
ENGINE					
LUBRICATION	EMISSIONS	FUEL SYSTEM		GOVERNOR	
Full Pressure with Full Flow Filter	Certified to EPA Tier 4 Compliant	Mechanical Fuel Pump, Auto air bleed system Electric shutoff solenoid Indirect fuel injector		Mechanical Governor	
AIR CLEANER	ENGINE IDLER	MUFFLER		ENGINE PROTECTION	
Single Element	Automatic Idler	Low noise Muffler: Top outlet can be rotated. Made from long life, aluminized steel.		Shutdown on low oil pressure & engine temperature	
<b>ENGINE WARRANTY:</b> 2 year complete (parts and labor) 3rd. year major components (parts and labor)					
RECEPTACLES AND CIRCUIT BREAKERS					
RECEPTACLES	AUXILIARY POWER CIRCUIT BREAKER		OTHER CIRCUIT BREAKERS		
(2) 240VAC Receptacles	Two 15AMP for Two Receptacles		15AMP for Battery Charging Circuit 15AMP for 42V Wire Feeder Power		

1. Output rating in watts is equivalent to volt-amperes at unity power factor. Output voltage is within ± 10% at all loads up to rated capacity. When welding, available auxiliary power will be reduced.

\* Top of enclosure add 6in. (152mm) for exhaust pipe.

\*\* Engine warranty may vary outside of the USA. (See Engine warranty for details)



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## SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

### ⚠ WARNING

Do not attempt to use this equipment until you have thoroughly read the engine manufacturer's manual supplied with your welder. It includes important safety precautions, detailed engine starting, operating and maintenance instructions, and parts lists.



#### ELECTRIC SHOCK can kill.

- Do not touch electrically live parts or electrode with skin or wet clothing.
- Insulate yourself from work and ground
- Always wear dry insulating gloves.



#### ENGINE EXHAUST can kill.

- Use in open, well ventilated areas or vent exhaust outside.



#### MOVING PARTS can injure.

- Do not operate with doors open or guards off.
- Stop engine before servicing.
- Keep away from moving parts.

See additional warning information at front of this operator's manual.

Only qualified personnel should install, use, or service this equipment.

## LOCATION AND VENTILATION

The welder should be located to provide an unrestricted flow of clean, cool air to the cooling air inlets and to avoid restricting the cooling air outlets. Also, locate the welder so that the engine exhaust fumes are properly vented to an outside area.

## STACKING

Ranger® 305D (AU) machines cannot be stacked.

## ANGLE OF OPERATION

Engines are designed to run in the level condition which is where the optimum performance is achieved. The maximum angle of continuous operation is 20 degrees in all directions, 35 degrees Intermittent (less than 10 minutes continuous) in all directions. If the engine is to be operated at an angle, provisions must be made for checking and maintaining the oil level at the normal (FULL) oil capacity in the crankcase.

When operating the welder at an angle, the effective fuel capacity will be slightly less than the specified 12

gallons (45ltrs.).

## LIFTING

The Ranger® 305D (AU) weighs approximately 775lbs.(352kg.) with a full tank of fuel (698 lbs. less

### ⚠ WARNING



FALLING EQUIPMENT can cause injury.

- Lift only with equipment of adequate lifting capacity.
- Be sure machine is stable when lifting.
- Do not lift this machine using lift bail if it is equipped with a heavy accessory such as trailer or gas cylinder.
- Do not lift machine if lift bail is damaged.
- Do not operate machine while suspended from lift bail.

fuel). A lift bail is mounted to the machine and should always be used when lifting the machine.

## HIGH ALTITUDE OPERATION

At higher altitudes, output derating may be necessary. For maximum rating, derate the machine 2.5% to 3.5% for every 1000 ft. (305m). Due to new EPA and other local emissions regulations, modifications to the engine for high altitude are restricted within the United States and some other European Countries. Use above 6000 ft.(1828 m) may be limited due to poor engine performance or excessive exhaust smoke. An authorized Kubota engine field service shop should be contacted to determine if any adjustments can be made for operation in higher elevations locally.

## HIGH TEMPERATURE OPERATION

At temperatures above 104°F(40°C), Welder output derating is necessary. For maximum output ratings, derate the welder output 2 volts for every 50°F(10°C) above 104°F(40°C).

## Cold weather starting:

With a fully charged battery and the proper weight oil, the engine should start satisfactorily even down to about 5°F (-15°C). If the engine must be frequently started at or below 23°F (-5°C), it may be desirable to install cold-starting aides. The use of No. 1D diesel fuel is recommended in place of No. 2D at temperatures below 23°F (-5°C). Allow the engine to warm up before applying a load or switching to high idle.

### ⚠ WARNING

**Note:** Extreme cold weather starting may require longer glow plug operation.

**Under no conditions should ether or other starting fluids be used with this engine!**



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## TOWING

The recommended trailer for use with this equipment for road, in-plant and yard towing by a vehicle(1) is Lincoln's K957-1. If the user adapts a non-Lincoln trailer, he must assume responsibility that the method of attachment and usage does not result in a safety hazard nor damage the welding equipment. Some of the factors to be considered are as follows:

1. Design capacity of trailer vs. weight of Lincoln equipment and likely additional attachments.
2. Proper support of, and attachment to, the base of the welding equipment so there will be no undue stress to the framework.
3. Proper placement of the equipment on the trailer to insure stability side to side and front to back when being moved and when standing by itself while being operated or serviced.
4. Typical conditions of use, i.e., travel speed; roughness of surface on which the trailer will be operated; environmental conditions; like maintenance.
5. Conformance with federal, state and local laws.<sup>(1)</sup>

## VEHICLE MOUNTING

### ⚠ WARNING

**Improperly mounted concentrated loads may cause unstable vehicle handling and tires or other components to fail.**

- Only transport this Equipment on serviceable vehicles which are rated and designed for such loads.
- Distribute, balance and secure loads so vehicle is stable under conditions of use.
- Do not exceed maximum rated loads for components such as suspension, axles and tires.
- Mount equipment base to metal bed or frame of vehicle.
- Follow vehicle manufacturer's instructions.

## PRE-OPERATION ENGINE SERVICE

READ the engine operating and maintenance instructions supplied with this machine.

### ⚠ WARNING

- Stop engine and allow to cool before fueling
- Do not smoke when fueling.
- Fill fuel tank at a moderate rate and do not over-fill.
- Wipe up spilled fuel and allow fumes to clear before starting engine.
- Keep sparks and flame away from tank.

## OIL



The Ranger® 305D (AU) is shipped with the engine crankcase filled with high quality SAE 10W-30 Oil that meets classification CG-4 or CH-4 for diesel engines. Check the oil level before starting the engine. If it is not up to the full mark on the dip stick, add oil as required. Check the oil level every four hours of running time during the first 50 running hours. Refer to the engine Operator's Manual for specific oil recommendations and break-in information. The oil change interval is dependent on the quality of the oil and the operating environment. Refer to the Engine Operator's Manual for more details on the proper service and maintenance intervals.

## FUEL



**DIESEL FUEL ONLY**-Low sulphur fuel or ultra low sulphur fuel in U.S.A. and Canada.

### ⚠ WARNING

- Fill the fuel tank with clean, fresh fuel. The capacity of the tank is 12 gals. (45.4ltrs). When the fuel gauge reads empty the tank contains approximately 2 gals. (7.6ltrs.) of reserve fuel.

### ⚠ WARNING

**NOTE:** A fuel shut off valve is located on the pre-filter/sediment filter. Which should be in the closed position when the welder is not ran for extended periods of time.

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(1) Consult applicable federal, state and local laws regarding specific requirements for use on public highways.

## ⚠ WARNING

### ENGINE COOLING SYSTEM

Air to cool the engine is drawn in the base sides and exhaust through radiator & case back. It is important that the intake and exhaust air is not restricted. Allow a minimum clearance of 2 feet (0.6m) from the case back and 16in.(406mm) from either side of the base to a vertical surface.

## ⚠ CAUTION

### BATTERY CONNECTION

Use caution as the electrolyte is a strong acid that can burn skin and damage eyes.

The Ranger® 305D (AU) is shipped with the negative battery cable disconnected. Make certain that the RUN-STOP switch is in the STOP position. Remove the two screws from the rear battery tray using a screwdriver or a 3/8" socket. Attach the negative battery cable to the negative battery terminal and tighten using a 1/2" socket or wrench.

**NOTE:** This machine is furnished with a wet charged battery; if unused for several months, the battery may require a booster charge. Be careful to charge the battery with the correct polarity.

### MUFFLER OUTLET PIPE

Using the clamp provided secure the outlet pipe to the outlet tube with the pipe positioned such that it will direct the exhaust in the desired direction. Tighten using a 9/16" socket or wrench.

### SPARK ARRESTER

Some federal, state or local laws may require that gasoline or diesel engines be equipped with exhaust spark arresters when they are operated in certain locations where unarrested sparks may present a fire hazard. The standard muffler included with this welder does not qualify as a spark arrester. When required by local regulations, a suitable spark arrester, such as the K1898-1 must be installed and properly main-

## ⚠ WARNING

tained.

An incorrect spark arrester may lead to damage to the engine or adversely affect performance.

## REMOTE CONTROL

The Ranger® 305D (AU) is equipped with a 6-pin and a 14-pin connector. The 6-pin connector is for connecting the K857 or K857-1 Remote Control or for TIG welding, the K870 foot Amptrol or the K936-3 hand Amptrol. When in the CC-STICK, DOWNHILL PIPE, or CV-WIRE modes and when a remote control is connected to the 6-pin Connector, the auto-sensing circuit automatically switches the OUTPUT control from control at the welder to remote control.

When in TOUCH START TIG mode and when a Amptrol is connected to the 6-Pin Connector, the OUTPUT dial is used to set the maximum current range of the CURRENT CONTROL of the Amptrol.

The 14-pin connector is used to directly connect a wire feeder control cable. In the CV-WIRE mode, when the control cable is connected to the 14-pin connector, the auto-sensing circuit automatically makes the Output Control inactive and the wire feeder volt-

## ⚠ WARNING

age control active

**NOTE:** When a wire feeder with a built in welding voltage control is connected to the 14-pin connector, do not connect anything to the 6-pin connector.

## ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS



### MACHINE GROUNDING

Because this portable engine driven welder creates its own power, it is not necessary to connect its frame to an earth ground, unless the machine is connected to premises wiring (home, shop, etc.)

To prevent dangerous electric shock, other equipment to which this engine driven welder supplies power

## ⚠ WARNING

must:

- Be grounded to the frame of the welder using a grounded type plug.
- Be double insulated.
- Do not ground the machine to a pipe that carries explosive or combustible material.




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TABLE A.1

When this welder is mounted on a truck or trailer, its frame must be electrically bonded to the metal frame of the vehicle. Use a #8 or larger copper wire connected between the machine grounding stud and the frame of the vehicle. When this engine driven welder is connected to premises wiring such as that in a home or shop, its frame must be connected to the system earth ground. See further connection instructions in the section entitled "Standby Power Connections" as well as the article on grounding in the latest National Electrical Code and the local code.

In general, if the machine is to be grounded, it should be connected with a #8 or larger copper wire to a solid earth ground such as a metal water pipe going into the ground for at least ten feet and having no insulated joints, or to the metal framework of a building which has been effectively grounded.

The National Electrical Code lists a number of alternate means of grounding electrical equipment. A  machine grounding stud marked with the symbol is provided on the front of the welder.

**WELDING TERMINALS**

The Ranger® 305D (AU) is equipped with a toggle switch for selecting "hot" welding terminal when in the "WELD TERMINALS ON" position or "cold" welding terminal when in the "REMOTELY CONTROLLED" position.

**WELDING OUTPUT CABLES**

With the engine off connect the electrode and work cables to the output studs. The welding process dictates the polarity of the electrode cable. These connections should be checked periodically and tightened with a 3/4" wrench.

Table A.1 lists recommended cable sizes and lengths for rated current and duty cycle. Length refers to the distance from the welder to the work and back to the welder. Cable diameters are increased for long cable lengths to reduce voltage drops.

TOTAL COMBINED LENGTH OF ELECTRODE AND WORK CABLES	
Cable Length	Cable Size for 305 Amps 100% Duty Cycle
0-100Ft. (0-30 meters)	1 / 0 AWG
100-150 Ft. (30-46 meters)	2 / 0 AWG
150-200 Ft. (46-61 meters)	3 / 0 AWG

**CABLE INSTALLATION**

Install the welding cables to your Ranger® 305D (AU) as follows.

1. The engine must be OFF to install welding cables.
2. Remove the flanged nuts from the output terminals.
3. Connect the electrode holder and work cables to the weld output terminals. The terminals are identified on the case front.
4. Tighten the flanged nuts securely.
5. Be certain that the metal piece you are welding (the "work") is properly connected to the work clamp and cable.
6. Check and tighten the connections periodically.

**⚠ CAUTION**

- Loose connections will cause the output terminals to overheat. The terminals may eventually melt.
- Do not cross the welding cables at the output terminal connection. Keep the cables isolated and separate from one another.

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**TABLE III  
ELECTRICAL DEVICE USE WITH THE RANGER® 305D (AU).**

Type	Common Electrical Devices	Possible Concerns
Resistive	Heaters, toasters, incandescent light bulbs, electric range, hot pan, skillet, coffee maker.	NONE
Capacitive	TV sets, radios, microwaves, appliances with electrical control.	Voltage spikes or high voltage regulation can cause the capacitive elements to fail. Surge protection, transient protection, and additional loading is recommended for 100% fail-safe operation. <b>DO NOT RUN THESE DEVICES WITHOUT ADDITIONAL RESISTIVE TYPE LOADS.</b>
Inductive	Single-phase induction motors, drills, well pumps, grinders, small refrigerators, weed and hedge trimmers	These devices require large current inrush for starting. Some synchronous motors may be frequency sensitive to attain maximum output torque, but they <b>SHOULD BE SAFE</b> from any frequency induced failures.
Capacitive/Inductive	Computers, high resolution TV sets, complicated electrical equipment.	An inductive type line conditioner along with transient and surge protection is required, and liabilities still exist. <b>DO NOT USE THESE DEVICES WITH A RANGER® 305D (AU)</b>
<p>The Lincoln Electric Company is not responsible for any damage to electrical components improperly connected to the RANGER® 305D (AU).</p>		

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## AUXILIARY POWER RECEPTACLES

The auxiliary power capacity of the Ranger® 305D (AU) is 7.2KW of 60Hz single phase power protected by an RCD (Residual Current Device) and 2 single phase 15 amp circuit breakers. The auxiliary power capacity in watts equivalent to volt-amperes at unity power factor.

This model has:

- 1 Residual Current Device (RCD) protection (30mA).
- 2 x 1 phase 15 amp Circuit Breakers.
- 2 x 1 phase 240 volt 15 amp per outlet.

**Note:** The single-phase outlets are from different phases and cannot be paralleled.

The auxiliary power receptacles should only be used with three grounded type plugs or approved double insulated tools. The current rating of any plug used with the system must be at least equal to the current capacity of the associated receptacle.

## STANDBY POWER CONNECTIONS

The Ranger® 305D (AU) is suitable for temporary, standby or emergency power using the engine manufacturer's recommended maintenance schedule.

The Ranger® 305D (AU) can be permanently installed as a standby power unit for 240 volt (60Hz). Connections must be made by a licensed electrician who can determine how the 240 VAC power can be adapted to the particular installation and comply with all applicable electrical codes. The following information can be used as a guide by the electrician for most applications.

- 1 Install an isolation switch between the power company meter and the premises disconnect. (The Ranger® 305D (AU) and the power company supplies must not be connected together).

Switch rating must be the same or greater than the customer's premises disconnect and service over current protection.

2. Take necessary steps to assure load is limited to the capacity of the Ranger® 305D (AU). Loading above the rated output will reduce output voltage below the allowable -10% of rated voltage which may damage appliances or other motor-driven equipment and may result in overheating of the Ranger® 305D (AU) engine.

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## CONNECTION OF ACROSS THE ARC WIRE FEEDERS TO THE RANGER® 305D (AU)

These connections instructions apply to both the LN-25 Pro and Activ8 models. The feeders have an internal contactor and the electrode is not energized until the gun trigger is closed. When the gun trigger is closed the wire will begin to feed and the welding process is started.

- Shut the welder off.
- For electrode Positive, connect the electrode cable to the "+" terminal of the welder and work cable to the "-" terminal of the welder. For electrode Negative, connect the electrode cable "-" terminal of the welder and work cable to the "+" terminal of the welder.
- Attach the single lead from the front of the feeder to work using the spring clip at the end of the lead. This is a control lead to supply current to the wire feeder motor; it does not carry welding current (See Figure A.8).
- Set the MODE switch to the "CV-WIRE" position (See Figure A.7).
- Set the "WELD TERMINALS" switch to "WELD TERMINALS ON"
- Set the "ARC CONTROL" knob to "0" initially and adjust to suit.
- Set the "REMOTE/LOCAL" switch to "LOCAL" control.

FIGURE A.7

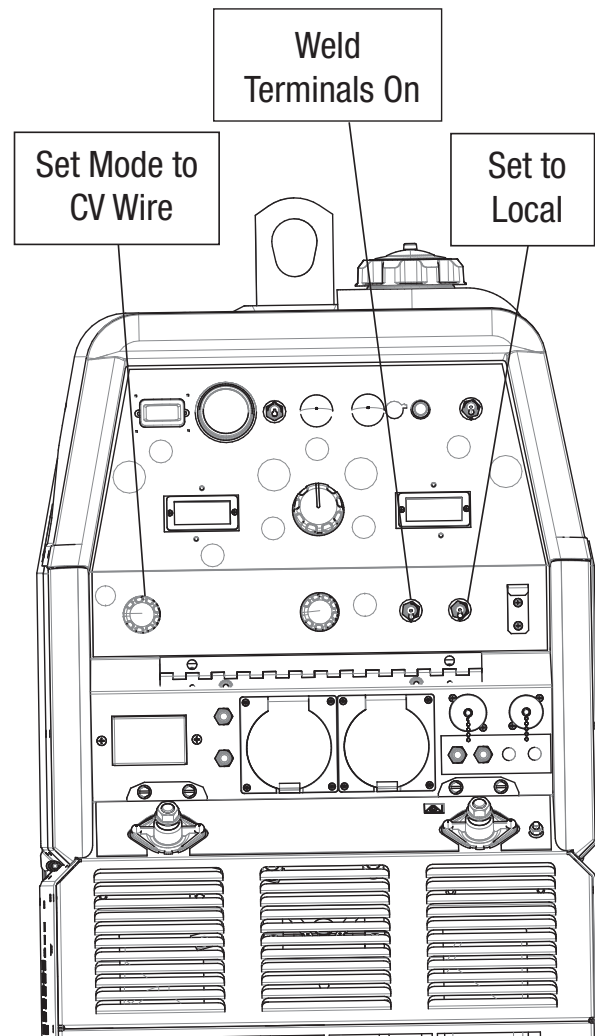
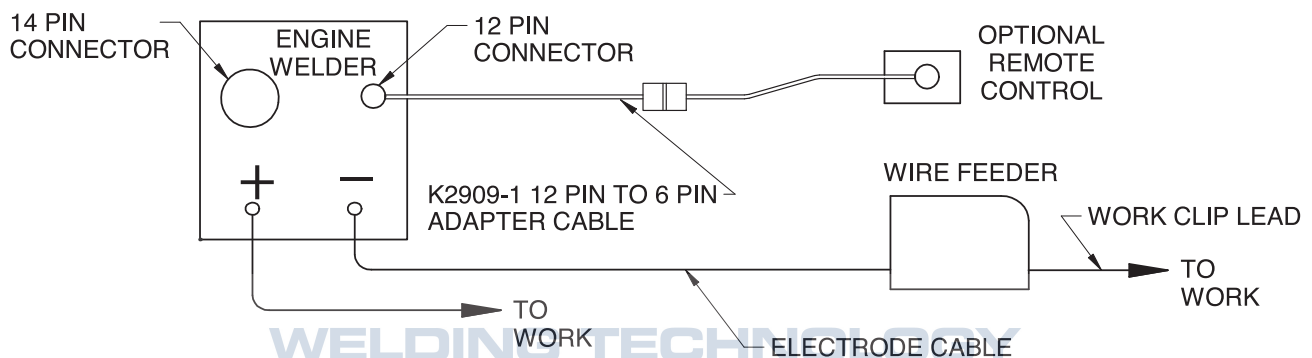


FIGURE A.8



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## SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

### ⚠ WARNING

Do not attempt to use this equipment until you have thoroughly read the engine manufacturer's manual supplied with your welder. It includes important safety precautions, detailed engine starting, operating and maintenance instructions, and parts lists.



#### ELECTRIC SHOCK can kill.

- Do not touch electrically live parts or electrode with skin or wet clothing.
- Insulate yourself from work and ground
- Always wear dry insulating gloves.

- Always operate the welder with the hinged door closed and the side panels in place.
- Read carefully the Safety Precautions page before operating this machine. Always follow these and any other safety procedures included in this manual and in the Engine Instruction Manual.

## GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The Ranger® 305D (AU) is a diesel engine powered DC multi-process welding power source and 240 volt AC power generator. The engine drives a generator that supplies three phase power for the DC welding circuit and single phase power for the AC auxiliary outlets. The DC welding control system uses state of the art Chopper Technology (CT tm) for superior welding performance.

### FOR AUXILIARY POWER:

Start the engine and set the IDLER control switch to the desired operating mode. Full power is available regardless of the welding control settings providing no welding current is being drawn.

The auxiliary power of the Ranger® 305D (AU) consists of two 15 Amp-240 VAC receptacles. Also refer to the AUXILIARY POWER OPERATION section later in this chapter.

## ENGINE OPERATION

Before Starting the Engine:



- Be sure the machine is on a level surface.
- Open top & side engine doors and remove the engine oil dipstick and wipe it with a clean cloth. Reinsert the dipstick and check the level on the dipstick.

- Add oil (if necessary) to bring the level up to the full mark. Do not overfill. Close engine door.
- Check radiator for proper coolant level. (Fill if necessary).
- See Engine Owner's Manual for specific oil and coolant recommendations.

## ADD FUEL



### ⚠ WARNING



- Stop engine while fueling.
- Do not smoke when fueling.
- Keep sparks and flame away from tank.
- Do not leave unattended while fueling.
- Wipe up spilled fuel and allow fumes to clear before starting engine.
- Do not overfill tank, fuel expansion may cause overflow.

## DIESEL FUEL can cause fire.

**DIESEL FUEL ONLY**-Low sulphur fuel or ultra low sulphur fuel in U.S.A. and Canada.

- Remove the fuel tank cap.
- Fill the tank approximately 4 inches (100mm) from the top of the filler neck to allow for fuel expansion . DO NOT FILL THE TANK TO THE POINT OF OVERFLOW.
- Replace the fuel cap and tighten securely.
- See Engine Owner's Manual for specific fuel recommendations.

## BREAK-IN PERIOD

Any engine will use a small amount of oil during its "break-in" period. For the diesel engine on the Ranger® 305D (AU), break-in is about 50 running hours.

Check the oil every four hours during break-in. Change the oil after the first 50 hours of operation, every 100 hours thereafter. Change the oil

### ⚠ CAUTION

filter at the second oil change.

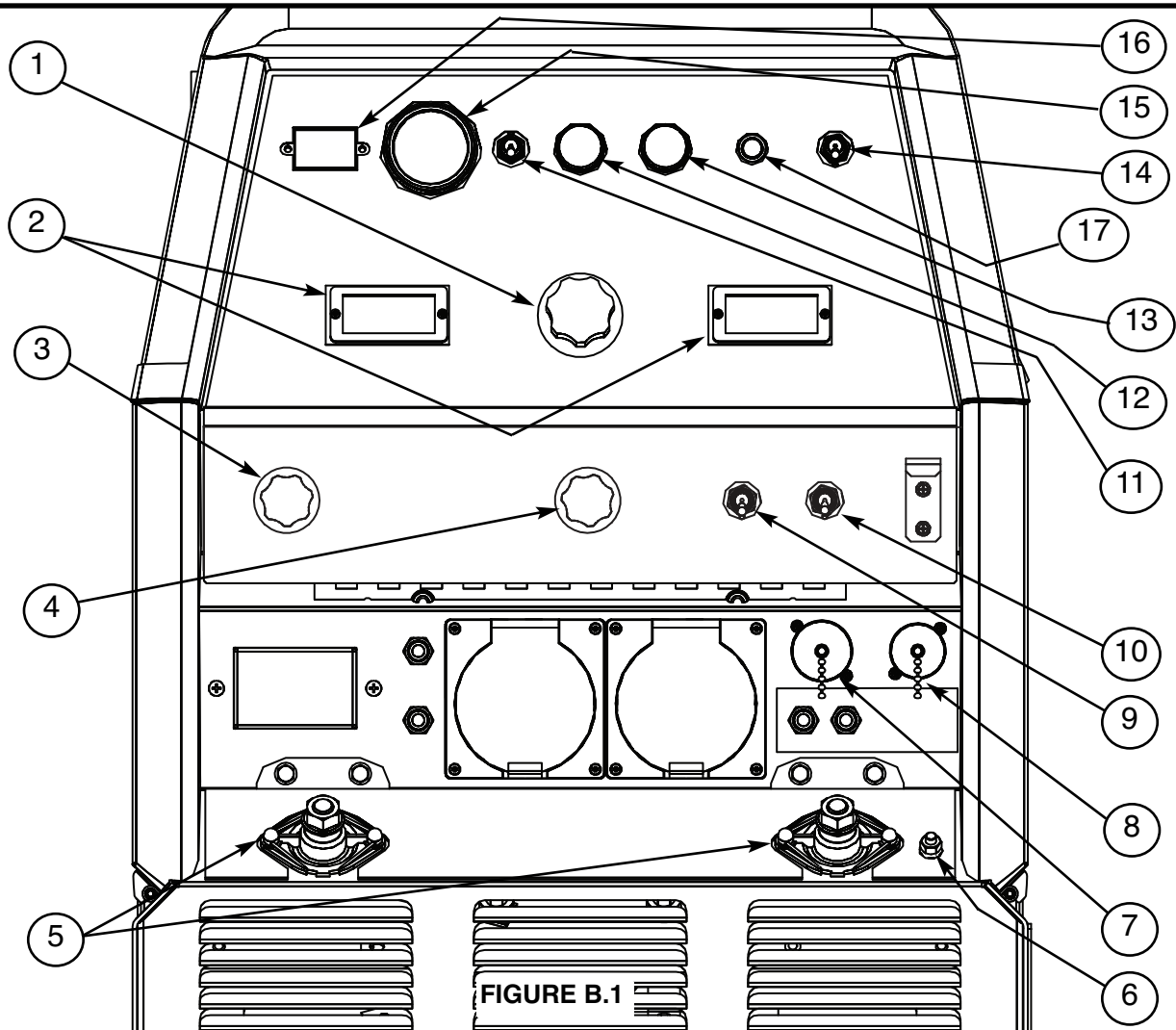
**During break-in, subject the Ranger® 305D (AU) to moderate loads. Avoid long periods running at idle. Before stopping the engine, remove all loads and allow the engine to cool several minutes.**

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**WELDING CONTROLS (Figure B.1)**

**1. OUTPUT CONTROL-** The OUTPUT dial is used to preset the output voltage or current as displayed on the digital meters for the four welding modes. When in the CC-STICK, DOWNHILL PIPE or CV-WIRE modes and when a remote control is connected to the 6-Pin or 14-Pin Connector, the auto-sensing circuit automatically switches the OUTPUT CONTROL from control at the welder to the remote control.

In the CV-WIRE mode, when the wire feeder control cable is connected to the 14-Pin Connector, the auto-sensing circuit automatically makes OUTPUT CONTROL inactive and the wire feeder voltage control active.

When in the TOUCH START TIG mode and when a Amptrol is connected to the 6-Pin Connector, the OUTPUT dial is used to set the maximum current range of the CURRENT CONTROL of the Amptrol.

**2. DIGITAL OUTPUT METERS-**The digital meters allow the output voltage (CV-WIRE mode) or current (CC-STICK,DOWN HILL PIPE and TIG modes) to be set prior to welding using the OUTPUT control dial. During welding, the meter display the actual output voltage (VOLTS) and current (AMPS). A memory feature holds the display of both meters on for seven seconds after welding is stopped. This allows the operator to read the actual current and voltage just prior to when welding was ceased.

While the display is being held the left-most decimal point in each display will be flashing. The accuracy of the meters is +/- 3%.

**3. WELD MODE SELECTOR SWITCH-**  
 (Provides four selectable welding modes)  
 CV-WIRE  
 DOWNHILL PIPE  
 CC-STICK  
 TOUCH START TIG



**4. ARC CONTROL-** The ARC CONTROL dial is active in the CV-WIRE, CC-STICK and DOWNHILL PIPE modes, and has different functions in these modes. This control is not active in the TIG mode.

**CC-STICK mode:** In this mode, the ARC CONTROL dial sets the short circuit current (arc-force) during stick welding to adjust for a soft or crisp arc. Increasing the dial from -10 (soft) to +10 (crisp) increases the short circuit current and prevents sticking of the electrode to the plate while welding. This can also increase spatter. It is recommended that the ARC CONTROL be set to the minimum number without electrode sticking. Start with a setting at 0.

**DOWNHILL PIPE mode:** In this mode, the ARC CONTROL dial sets the short circuit current (arc-force) during stick welding to adjust for a soft or a more forceful digging arc (crisp). Increasing the number from -10 (soft) to +10 (crisp) increases the short circuit current which results in a more forceful digging arc. Typically a forceful digging arc is preferred for root and hot passes. A softer arc is preferred for fill and cap passes where weld puddle control and deposition ("stacking" of iron) are key to fast travel speeds. It is recommended that the ARC CONTROL be set initially at 0.

**CV-WIRE mode:** In this mode, turning the ARC CONTROL clock wise from -10 (soft) to +10 (crisp) changes the arc from soft and washed-in to crisp and narrow. It acts as an inductance/pinch control. The proper setting depends on the procedure and operator preference. Start with a setting of 0.

**5. WELD OUTPUT TERMINALS WITH FLANGE NUT-** Provides a connection point for the electrode and work cables.

**6. GROUND STUD-**  Provides a connection point for connecting the machine case to earth ground.

**7. 14-PIN CONNECTOR-** For attaching wire feeder control cables to the Ranger® 305D (AU). Includes contactor closure circuit, auto-sensing remote control circuit, and 120V and 42V power. The remote control circuit operates the same as the 6 Pin Amphenol.

**8. 6-PIN CONNECTOR-** For attaching optional remote control equipment. Includes auto-sensing remote control circuit.

**9. WELD TERMINALS CONTROL SWITCH-** In the WELD TERMINALS ON position, the output is electrically hot all the time. In the REMOTELY CONTROLLED position, the output is controlled by a wire feeder or amptrol device, and is electrically off until a remote switch is depressed.

#### 10. WIRE FEEDER VOLTMETER SWITCH:

Matches the polarity of the wire feeder voltmeter to the polarity of the electrode.

#### ENGINE CONTROLS: (Figure B.2)



**11. RUN/STOP SWITCH** - RUN position energizes the engine prior to starting. STOP position stops the engine. The oil pressure interlock switch prevents battery drain if the switch is left in the RUN position and the engine is not operating.

#### 12. GLOW PLUG PUSH BUTTON -



- When pushed activates the glow plugs. Glow plug should not be activated for more than 20 seconds continuously.

#### 13. START PUSH BUTTON -



Energizes the starter motor to crank the engine.

#### 14. IDLER SWITCH-

- Has two positions as follows:
- 1) In the HIGH position, the engine runs at the high idle speed controlled by the engine governor.
  - 2) In the AUTO position, the idler operates as follows:
    - When switched from HIGH to AUTO or after starting the engine, the engine will operate at full speed for approximately 12 seconds and then go to low idle speed.
    - When the electrode touches the work or power is drawn for lights or tools (approximately 100 Watts minimum), the engine accelerates and operates at full speed.
    - When welding ceases or the AC power load is turned off, a fixed time delay of approximately 12 seconds starts. If the welding or AC power load is not restarted before the end of the time delay, the idler reduces the engine speed to low idle speed.
    - The engine will automatically return to high idle speed when there is welding load or AC power load reapplied.

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- 15. ELECTRIC FUEL GAUGE-** The electric fuel gauge gives accurate and reliable indication as to how much fuel is in the fuel tank.
- 16. ENGINE HOUR METER-** Displays the total time that the engine has been running. This meter is useful for scheduling prescribed maintenance.
- 17. ENGINE PROTECTION LIGHT-** A warning indicator light for Low Oil Pressure and/or Coolant Over Temperature. The light is off when the systems are functioning properly. The light turns on when the RUN-STOP switch is in the "ON" position prior to starting the engine. If the Engine Protection or Battery Charging Lights do "not" turn off shortly after starting the engine shut off the engine immediately and determine the cause.

## AUXILIARY POWER CONTROLS

(Items 18-21)

### 18. CIRCUIT BREAKERS

These circuit breakers provide separate overload current protection for each 240V receptacles, the 42VAC in the 14-Pin connector and battery circuit overload protection.

### 19. 240 VAC RECEPTACLES

These two 240VAC receptacles provide up to 15 amp total rating each and are IP66 rated. Refer to the AUXILIARY POWER RECEPTACLES section in the installation chapter for further information about these receptacles. Also refer to the AUXILIARY POWER OPERATION section later in this chapter.

### 20. RCD:

"Residual Current Device" provides protection from active to ground contact.

RCD will not protect against electrical shock resulting from contact with active and neutral wires.

### 21. VRD INDICATOR LIGHTS:


(Part of Optional VRD Kit)

Indicates OCV voltage across the output terminals. Also indicates operation of VRD in CC mode. A Green light indicates OCV below 30V and a red light indicates OCV above 30V.

During welding both lights will flash, depending on the type of Consumable being used.



**STARTING THE ENGINE**

1. Remove all plugs connected to the AC power receptacles.
2. Set IDLER switch to AUTO. 
3. Set the RUN/STOP switch to RUN.
4. Press Glow Plug Button and hold 5 to 10 seconds.
5. Press and hold both the "Glow Plug" Button and START button together until the engine starts or for up to 10 seconds.
6. Release the engine START button immediately when the engine starts.
7. Release the glow plug button after the Engine Protection Light turns off or after an additional 5 seconds maximum.
8. The engine will run at high idle speed for approximately 12 seconds and then drop to low idle speed. Allow the engine to warm up at low idle for several minutes before applying a load and/or switching to high idle. Allow a longer warm up time in cold weather.

**NOTE:** If the unit fails to start repeat step 4 through step 7 after waiting 30 seconds

**NOTE:** When starting a Ranger® 305D (AU) for the first time, or after an extended period of time of not operating, it will take longer than normal because the fuel pump has to fill the fuel system.

**STOPPING THE ENGINE**

Remove all welding and auxiliary power loads and allow the engine to run at low idle speed for a few minutes to cool the engine.

**STOP** the engine by placing the RUN-STOP switch in the STOP position.

**NOTE:** A fuel shut off valve is located on the fuel pre-filter.

**WELDER OPERATION**

**DUTY CYCLE**

Duty Cycle is the percentage of time the load is being applied in a 10 minute period. For example a 60% duty cycle, represents 6 minutes of load and 4 minutes of no load in a 10 minute period.

**⚠ CAUTION**

- Do not allow the starter motor to run continuously for more than 20 seconds.
- Do not push the START button while the engine is running because this can damage the ring gear and/or the starter motor.
- IF the Engine Protection or Battery Charging Lights do "not" turn off shortly after starting the engine shut off the engine immediately and determine the cause.

TABLE B.1

TYPICAL Ranger® 305D (AU) FUEL CONSUMPTION		
	Kubota D722 Gal./Hr (Liters/Hr)	Running time for 12 gallons-hours
Low Idle - No Load 2450 R.P.M.	.29 (1.09)	41.77
High Idle - No Load 3650 R.P.M.	.54 (2.06)	22.02
DC Weld Output 250 Amps @ 28 Volts	1.03 (3.91)	11.62
DC Weld Output 300 Amps @ 29 Volts	1.18 (4.47)	10.16
7,000 Watts	.96 (3.63)	12.50
3,000 Watts	.70 (2.67)	17.03

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The Ranger® 305D (AU) can be used with a broad range of DC stick electrodes. The MODE switch provides two stick welding settings as follows:

**Constant Current (CC-STICK) Welding**

The CC-STICK position of the MODE switch is designed for horizontal and vertical-up welding with all types of electrodes, especially low hydrogen. The output CONTROL dial adjusts the full output range for stick welding.

The ARC CONTROL dial sets the short circuit current (arc-force) during stick welding to adjust for a soft or crisp arc. Increasing the number from -10(soft) to +10(crisp) increases the short circuit current and prevents sticking of the electrode to the plate while welding. This can also increase spatter. It is recommended that the ARC CONTROL be set to the minimum number without electrode sticking. Start with the dial set at 0.

**DOWNHILL PIPE Welding**

This slope controlled setting is intended for "out-of-position" and "down hill" pipe welding where the operator would like to control the current level by changing the arc length. The output CONTROL dial adjusts the full output range for pipe welding. The ARC CONTROL dial sets the short circuit current (arc-force) during stick welding to adjust for a soft or more forceful digging arc (crisp). Increasing the number from -10(soft) to +10(crisp) increases the short circuit current which results in a more forceful digging arc. Typically a forceful digging arc is preferred for root and hot passes. A softer arc is preferred for fill and cap passes where weld puddle control and deposition ("stacking" of iron) are key to fast travel speeds. This can also increase spatter.

It is recommended that the ARC CONTROL be set to the minimum number without electrode sticking. Start with the dial set at 0.

**TIG WELDING**

The TOUCH START TIG setting of the MODE switch is for DC TIG (Tungsten Inert Gas) welding. To initiate a weld, the CONTROL dial is first set to the desired current and the tungsten is touched to the work. During the time the tungsten is touching the work there is very little voltage or current and, in general, no tungsten contamination. Then, the tungsten is gently lifted off the work in a rocking motion, which establishes the arc.

When in the TOUCH START TIG mode and when a Amptrol is connected to the 6-Pin connector the OUTPUT dial is used to set the maximum current range of the current control of the Amptrol.

The ARC CONTROL is not active in the TIG mode. To STOP a weld, simply pull the TIG torch away from the work. When the arc voltage reaches approximately 30 Volts the arc will go out and the machine will reset the current to the Touch Start level. To reinitiate the arc, retouch the tungsten to the work and lift. Alternatively, the weld can be stopped by releasing the Amptrol or arc start switch.

The Ranger® 305D (AU) can be used in a wide variety of DC TIG welding applications. In general the 'Touch Start' feature allows contamination free starting without the use of a Hi-frequency unit. If desired, the K930-2 TIG Module can be used with the Ranger® 305D (AU). The settings are for reference.

TABLE B.2

TYPICAL CURRENT RANGES (1) FOR TUNGSTEN ELECTRODES(2)							
Tungsten Electrode Diameter in. (mm)	DCEN (-)		DCEP (+)		Approximate Argon Gas Flow Flow Rate C.F.H. (l /min.)		TIG TORCH Nozzle Size (4), (5)
	1%, 2% Thoriated Tungsten		1%, 2% Thoriated Tungsten		Aluminum	Stainless Steel	
.010 (.25)	2-15		(3)		3-8 (2-4)	3-8 (2-4)	#4, #5, #6
0.020 (.50)	5-20		(3)		5-10 (3-5)	5-10 (3-5)	
0.040 (1.0)	15-80		(3)		5-10 (3-5)	5-10 (3-5)	
1/16 (1.6)	70-150		10-20		5-10 (3-5)	9-13 (4-6)	#5, #6
3/32 (2.4)	150-250		15-30		13-17 (6-8)	11-15 (5-7)	#6, #7, #8
1/8 (3.2)	250-400		25-40		15-23 (7-11)	11-15 (5-7)	
5/32 (4.0)	400-500		40-55		21-25 (10-12)	13-17 (6-8)	#8, #10
3/16 (4.8)	500-750		55-80		23-27 (11-13)	18-22 (8-10)	
1/4 (6.4)	750-1000		80-125		28-32 (13-15)	23-27 (11-13)	

(1) When used with argon gas. The current ranges shown must be reduced when using argon/helium or pure helium shielding gases.

(2) Tungsten electrodes are classified as follows by the American Welding Society (AWS):

- Pure EWP
- 1% Thoriated EWTh-1
- 2% Thoriated EWTh-2

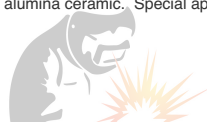
Though not yet recognized by the AWS, Ceriated Tungsten is now widely accepted as a substitute for 2% Thoriated Tungsten in AC and DC applications.

(3) DCEP is not commonly used in these sizes.

(4) TIG torch nozzle "sizes" are in multiples of 1/16ths of an inch:

- # 4 = 1/4 in. (6 mm)
- # 5 = 5/16 in. (8 mm)
- # 6 = 3/8 in. (10 mm)
- # 7 = 7/16 in. (11 mm)
- # 8 = 1/2 in. (12.5 mm)
- #10 = 5/8 in. (16 mm)

(5) TIG torch nozzles are typically made from alumina ceramic. Special applications may require lava nozzles, which are less prone to breakage, but cannot withstand high temperatures and high duty cycles.



Ranger® 305D (AU) settings when using the K930-2 TIG Module with an Amptrol or Arc Start Switch:

- Set the MODE Switch to the TOUCH START TIG setting.
- Set the "IDLER" Switch to the "AUTO" position.
- Set the "WELDING TERMINALS" switch to the "REMOTELY CONTROLLED" position. This will keep the "Solid State" contactor open and provide a "cold" electrode until the Amptrol or Arc Start Switch is pressed.

When using the TIG Module, the OUTPUT control on the Ranger® 305D (AU) is used to set the maximum range of the CURRENT CONTROL on the TIG Module or an Amptrol if connected to the TIG Module.

### WIRE WELDING-CV

Connect a wire feeder to the Ranger® 305D (AU) according to the instructions in INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS Section.

The Ranger® 305D (AU) in the CV-WIRE mode, permits it to be used with a broad range of flux cored wire (Innershield and Outershield) electrodes and solid wires for MIG welding (gas metal arc welding). Welding can be finely tuned using the ARC CONTROL. Turning the ARC CONTROL clockwise from -10 (soft) to +10 (crisp) changes the arc from soft and washed-in to crisp and narrow. It acts as an inductance/pinch control. The proper setting depends on the procedure and operator preference. Start with the dial set at 0.

Listed below are some wires suitable for use on this machine:

- Innershield - NR-311, NS-3M, NR-207, NR-203 Ni 1%, NR-212.
- Outershield - OS-70, OS-71M, OS-71 ELITE.
- Solid wires for MIG welding - .035 (0.9 mm), and .045 (1.1 mm), Super Arc L-50 and L-56, .035 (0.9 mm) and .045 (1.1 mm) Blue Max MIG 308 LS.

Contact your local authorized Lincoln Electric Distributor or the Lincoln Electric Company for specific wires used on certain applications with this machine.

### ARC GOUGING

The Ranger® 305D (AU) can be used for limited arc gouging. For optimal performance, set the MODE switch to CC-STICK and the ARC CONTROL to +10.

Set the OUTPUT CONTROL knob to adjust output current to the desired level for the gouging electrode being used according to the ratings in the following Table.

Carbon Diameter	Current Range (DC, electrode positive)
1/8"	60-90 Amps
5/32"	90-150 Amps
3/16"	200-250 Amps

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**AUXILIARY POWER OPERATION:**

Start the engine and set the IDLER control switch to the desired operating mode. Full power is available regardless of the welding control settings, if no welding current is being drawn.

The auxiliary power of the Ranger® 305D (AU) consists of two 15Amp 240VAC single phase receptacles.

The auxiliary power receptacles should only be used with three wire grounded type plugs or approved double insulated tools with two wire plugs.

The current rating of any plug used with the system must be at least equal to the current capacity of the associated receptacle.

**NOTE:** The 240 V receptacle has two circuits, each of which measure 120 V to neutral but are of opposite polarities and cannot be paralleled.

**Simultaneous Welding and Auxiliary Power Loads**

The above auxiliary power ratings are with no welding load. Simultaneous welding and power loads are specified in the following table:

**Ranger® 305D (AU) Simultaneous Welding and Power Loads**

Welding Output-Amps	Permissible Power-Watts (Unity Power Factor)
0	7200
100	7200
150	5600
200	4200
250	2300
300	0

\* Each receptacle is limited to 15 amps.

**Ranger® 305D (AU) Extension Cord Length Recommendations**

(Use the shortest length extension cord possible sized per the following table.)

Current Voltage (Amps)	Volts	Load (Watts)	Maximum Allowable Cord Length in ft. (m) for Conductor Size											
			14 AWG		12 AWG		10 AWG		8 AWG		6 AWG		4 AWG	
15	240	3600	60	(18)	75	(23)	150	(46)	225	(69)	350	(107)	600	(183)

Conductor size is based on maximum 2.0% voltage drop.

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## FIELD INSTALLED OPTIONS / ACCESSORIES

### **K957-1 HEAVY DUTY, TWO WHEEL TRAILER FOR SMALL WELDERS**

For road, off-road and in-plant and yard towing. (For highway use, consult applicable federal, state and local laws regarding requirements for brakes, lights, fenders, etc.). Order:

**K957-1 Trailer**

**K958-1 Ball Hitch**

**K958-2 Lunette Eye Hitch**

**K959-2 Fender & Light Kit**

**K965-1 Cable Storage Rack**

**K1789-1 ROLL CAGE** - Gives added damage protection.

**K1898-1 SPARK ARRESTOR**

**K704 ACCESSORY SET** - Includes 35 ft. (10m) of electrode cable and 30 ft. (9.1m) of work cable, head-shield, work clamp electrode holder. Cables are rated at 400 amps, 100% duty cycle.

**K857** 25 ft (7.6m) or **K857-1** 100 ft. (30.4m)  
**REMOTE CONTROL**

Portable control provides same dial range as the output control on the welder. Has a convenient 6 pin plug for easy connection to the welder.

**K2174-1 COLD WEATHER OPERATIONS KIT-**  
Provides starting aid and enhancement in extreme cold weather. Includes radiator grill cover, oil pan heater, coolant Lester and all hardware required for installation.

**K32043-2 VRD VOLTAGE REDUCTION DEVICE KIT-**  
Provides reduced Open Circuit Voltage (OCV) in the CC Stick Weld Mode.

**TIG Welding**

**K1783-9 TIG Torch PTA-26V (25ft.)**

**K963-3 Hand Amptrol**

**K870 Foot Amptrol**

**KP509 Magnum Parts Kit**

**Spool Gun**

**K1692-2 Prince XL Spool Gun (25ft.)**

**K487-25 Magnum Spool Gun**

**K488 Magnum Control Module**

**K691-10 Input Cable)**

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**SAFETY PRECAUTIONS**

**⚠ WARNING**

- Have qualified personnel do all maintenance and troubleshooting work.
- Turn the engine off before working inside the machine or servicing the engine.
- Remove guards only when necessary to perform maintenance and replace them when the maintenance requiring their removal is complete. If guards are missing from the machine, obtain replacements from a Lincoln Distributor. (See Operating Manual Parts List.)

Read the Safety Precautions in the front of this manual and in the Engine Owner's Manual before working on this machine.

Keep all equipment safety guards, covers, and devices in position and in good repair. Keep hands, hair, clothing, and tools away from the gears, fans, and all other moving parts when starting, operating, or repairing the equipment.

**Routine Maintenance**

At the end of each day's use, refill the fuel tank to minimize moisture condensation in the tank. Running out of fuel tends to draw dirt into the fuel system. Also, check the crankcase oil level and add oil if indicated.

**ENGINE MAINTENANCE COMPONENTS  
KUBOTA D722 DIESEL ENGINE**

ITEM	MAKE AND PART NUMBER
OIL FILTER	KUBOTA 70000-15241
AIR FILTER ELEMENT	DONALDSON P822686
FUEL FILTER ELEMENT	KUBOTA 15231-43560
BATTERY	KUBOTA GROUP 58, 550 CCA
BELT	KUBOTA 15881-97011
GLOW PLUGS	KUBOTA 16851-65512
INLINE FUEL FILTER	KUBOTA 12581-43012

**KUBOTA D722 DIESEL ENGINE**

FREQUENCY	MAINTENANCE REQUIRED
DAILY OR BEFORE STARTING ENGINE	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• FILL FUEL TANK.</li> <li>• CHECK OIL LEVEL.</li> <li>• CHECK COOLANT LEVEL.</li> <li>• CHECK AIR CLEANER ELEMENT AND HOUSING FOR DIRTY, LOOSE OR DAMAGED PARTS.</li> <li>• CHECK AIR INTAKE HOSE FOR CRACKS OR LOOSE CONNECTIONS.</li> <li>• CHECK AIR INTAKE/EXHAUST AREAS &amp; RADIATOR FOR DIRT. CLEAN AS NECESSARY.</li> <li>• CHECK ALTERNATOR BELT TENSION AND WEAR.</li> </ul>

**Service Intervals**  
Observe the following for service and maintenance. The lubricating oil change intervals listed in the table below are for Classes CF,CE and CD lubricating oils of API classification with a low sulfur fuel in use. If the CF-4 or CG-4 lubricating oil is used with a high-sulfur fuel, change the lubricating oil at shorter intervals than recommended in the table below depending on the operating condition.

Intervals	Items		
Every 50 hours	Check of fuel pipes and clamp bands.		@
Every 75 hours	Change of engine oil	•	
Every 100 hours	Inspect/Clean air cleaner element and Vacuator™ valve.	*1	@
	Cleaning of fuel filter.		
	Check the battery electrolyte level.		
	Check the fan belt tightness.		
Every 150 hours	Check the radiator and hose clamps.	•	
	Replacement of oil filter cartridge		
	Check the intake air lines.		@
Every 200 hours	Replacement of Air Filter element.	*1,2	@
Every 400 hours	Replacement of fuel filter element.		@
Every 500 hours	Cleaning of water jacket (radiator interior).		
	Replacement of fan belt.		
Every 1 or 2 months	Recharging of Battery.		
Every 800 hours	Check of valve clearance.	*3	@
Every 1500 hours	Check the fuel injection nozzle injection pressure.	*3	@
Every 3000 hours	Check of injection pump.	*3	@
	Check of fuel injector timer.	*3	@
Every 2 years	Replacement of battery		
	Replacement of radiator hoses and clamp band.		
	Replacement of fuel pipes and clamps.		
	Change the radiator coolant.(L.L.C.)	*4	
	Replacement of intake air line.		@

**IMPORTANT**

- These jobs should be done after the first 50 hours of operation.
  - \*1 Air cleaner should be inspected/cleaned more often in dusty conditions than the normal conditions.
  - \*2 Follow **Service Instructions and Installation Tips** for air cleaner in Section D.
  - \*3 Consult your local KUBOTA Dealer for this service.
  - \*4 Replace only if necessary.
  - @ All these markings are registered as emission related critical parts by KUBOTA in the U.S. EPA nonroad emission regulation. As the engine owner, you are responsible for the performance of the required maintenance on the according to the above instruction.
- Please see Engine Owners Manual for Warranty Statement in detail.



### Engine Oil Change



Drain the engine oil while the engine is warm to assure rapid and complete draining. It is recommended that each time the oil is changed the oil filter be changed as well.

- Be sure the unit is off. Disconnect the negative battery cable to ensure safety.
- Locate oil drain hose and valve in bottom of base and pull through the hole in the battery access panel on the welder.
- Remove the cap from the drain valve. Push valve in and twist counterclockwise. Pull to open and drain the oil into a suitable container for disposal.
- Close the drain valve by pushing in and twisting clockwise. Replace the cap.
- Re-fill the crankcase to the upper limit mark on the dipstick with the recommended oil (see engine operation manual OR engine service items decal OR below). Replace and tighten the oil filler cap securely.
- Push oil drain hose and valve back into unit, re-connect negative battery cable, and close doors and engine top cover before restarting unit. Wash your hands with soap and water after handling used motor oil. Please dispose of used motor oil in a manner that is compatible with the environment. We suggest you take it in a sealed container to your local service station or recycling center for reclamation. DO NOT throw it in the trash; pour it on the ground or down a drain.

### Engine Oil Refill capacities

Without oil filter replacement:

- 3.3 U.S. Quart. (2.7 Imp Quart, 3.2 liter)

With oil filter replacement:

- 3.4 U.S. Quart. (3.0 Imp Quart, 3.2 liter)

Use motor oil designed for diesel engines that meets requirements for API service classification CC/CD/CE/CF/CF-4/CG-4 or CH-4.

ACEA E1/E2/E3. Always check the API service label on the oil container to be sure it includes the letters indicated. (Note: An S-grade oil must not be used in a diesel engine or damage may result. It IS permissible to use an oil that meets S and C grade service classifications.)

SAE 10W30 is recommended for general, all temperature use, 5F to 104F (-15C to 40C).

See engine owner's manual for more specific information on oil viscosity recommendations.

### Oil Filter Change

- Drain the oil.
- Remove the oil filter with an oil filter wrench and drain the oil into a suitable container. Discard the used filter. Note: Care should be taken during filter removal to not disrupt or damage in any way the fuel lines.
- Clean the filter mounting base and coat the gasket of the new filter with clean engine oil.
- Screw the new filter on by hand until the gasket contacts the mounting base. Using an oil filter wrench, tighten the filter an additional 1/2 to 7/8 of a turn.
- Refill the crankcase with the specified amount of the recommended engine oil. Reinstall the oil filler cap and tighten securely.
- Start the engine and check for oil filter leaks.
- Stop the engine and check the oil level. If necessary, add oil to the upper limit mark on the dipstick.

### ⚠ WARNING

- Never use gasoline or low flash point solvents for cleaning the air cleaner element. A fire or explosion could result.
- Never run the engine without the air cleaner.

### ⚠ CAUTION

Rapid engine wear will result from contaminants, such as dust and dirt being drawn into the engine.

### AIR CLEANER

The diesel engine is equipped with a dry type air filter. Never apply oil to it. Service the air cleaner as follows:

Replace the element at least every 200 hours of operation and sooner under dusty conditions.



# Service Instructions

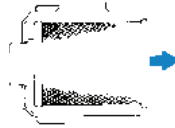
## Single- and Two-Stage Engine Air Cleaners

### 1 Remove the Filter



Rotate the filter while pulling straight out.

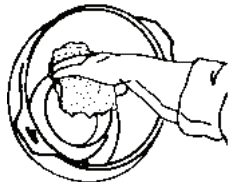
Unfasten or unlatch the service cover. Because the filter fits tightly over the outlet tube to create the critical seal, there will be some initial resistance, similar to breaking the seal on a jar. Gently move the end of the filter back and forth to break the seal then rotate while pulling straight out. Avoid knocking the filter against the housing.



If your air cleaner has a safety filter, replace it every third primary filter change. Remove the safety filter as you would the primary filter. Make sure you cover the air cleaner outlet tube to avoid any unfiltered contaminant dropping into the engine.

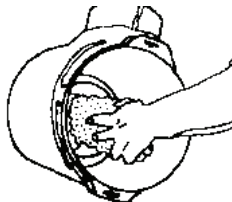
### 2 Clean Both Surfaces of the Outlet Tube and Check the Vacuator™ Valve

Use a clean cloth to wipe the filter sealing surface and the inside of the outlet tube. Contaminant on the sealing surface could hinder an effective seal and cause leakage. Make sure that all contaminant is removed before the new filter is inserted. Dirt accidentally transferred to the inside of the outlet tube will reach the engine and cause wear. Engine manufacturers say that it takes only a few grams of dirt to "dust" an engine! Be careful not to damage the sealing area on the tube.



Outer edge of the outlet tube

Wipe both sides of the outlet tube clean.



Inner edge of the outlet tube

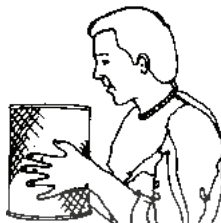
#### If your air cleaner is equipped with a Vacuator Valve

Visually check and physically squeeze to make sure the valve is flexible and not inverted, damaged or plugged.



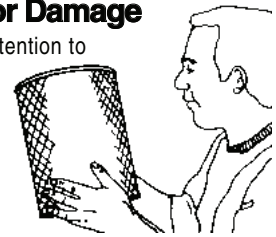
### 3 Inspect the Old Filter for Leak Clues

Visually inspect the old filter for any signs of leaks. A streak of dust on the clean side of the filter is a telltale sign. Remove any cause of leaks before installing new filter.



### 4 Inspect the New Filter for Damage

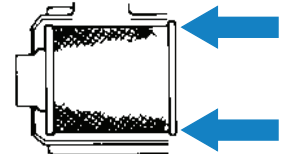
Inspect the new filter carefully, paying attention to the inside of the open end, which is the sealing area. NEVER install a damaged filter. A new Donaldson radial seal filter may have a dry lubricant on the seal to aid installation.



### 5 Insert the New Radial Seal Filter Properly

If you're servicing the safety filter, this should be seated into position before installing the primary filter.

Insert the new filter carefully. Seat the filter by hand, making certain it is completely into the air cleaner housing before securing the cover in place.



The critical sealing area will stretch slightly, adjust itself and distribute the sealing pressure evenly. To complete a tight seal, apply pressure by hand at the outer rim of the filter, not the flexible center. (Avoid pushing on the center of the urethane end cap.) No cover pressure is required to hold the seal. NEVER use the service cover to push the filter into place! Using the cover to push the filter in could cause damage to the housing, cover fasteners and will void the warranty.

If the service cover hits the filter before it is fully in place, remove the cover and push the filter (by hand) further into the air cleaner and try again. The cover should go on with no extra force.

Once the filter is in place, secure the service cover.



#### Caution

**NEVER use the service cover to push the filter into place! Using the cover to push the filter in could cause damage to the housing, cover fasteners and will void the warranty.**



### 6 Check Connectors for Tight Fit

Make sure that all mounting bands, clamps, bolts, and connections in the entire air cleaner system are tight. Check for holes in piping and repair if needed. Any leaks in your intake piping will send dust directly to the engine!

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## COOLING SYSTEM

**⚠ WARNING**

**HOT COOLANT** can burn skin.

- Do not remove cap if radiator is hot.

Check the coolant level by observing the level in the radiator and recovery bottle. Add 50/50 antifreeze / water solution if the level is close to or below the "LOW" mark. do not fill above the "FULL" mark. Remove radiator cap and add coolant to radiator. Fill up to the top of the tube in the radiator filler neck which includes a connecting hose coming from the thermostat housing.

To drain the coolant, open the petcock at the bottom of the radiator. Open the radiator cap to allow complete drainage. (Tighten the petcock and refill with a 50/50 antifreeze/water solution.) Use an automotive grade (low silicate) ethylene glycol antifreeze. The cooling system capacity is 3.85 quarts (3.6L.). Squeeze upper and lower radiator hoses while filling to bleed air from system coolant. Replace and tighten the radiator cap.

**⚠ CAUTION**

Always premix the antifreeze and clean tap water before adding to the radiator. It is very important that a precise 50/50 solution be used with this engine year round. This gives proper cooling during hot weather and freezing protection to -34° F (-37° C).

**Cooling solution exceeding 50% ethylene glycol can result in engine overheating and damage to the engine. Coolant solution must be premixed before adding to radiator.**

Periodically remove the dirt from the radiator fins.

Periodically check the fan belt and radiator hoses. Replace if signs of deterioration are found.

## TIGHTENING THE FAN BELT

If the fan belt is loose, the engine can overheat and the battery lose its charge. Check tightness by pressing on the belt midway between the pulleys. It should deflect about .25 in. under a load of 20 lbs. (9 Kg) (6 mm).

## FUEL



At the end of each day's use, refill the fuel tank to minimize moisture condensation and dirt contamination in the fuel line. Do not overfill; leave room for the fuel to expand.

Use only fresh, No. 2 grade DIESEL fuel. Do not use kerosene.

See the Engine Operator's Manual for instructions on replacing the fuel filter.

## BLEEDING THE FUEL SYSTEM

You may need to bleed air from the fuel system if the fuel filter or fuel lines have been detached, the fuel tank has been ran empty or after periods of long storage. It is recommended that the fuel shutoff valve be closed during periods of non-use.

The Kubota D722 engine supplied with this welder is equipped with an automatic bleeding mechanism that helps purge the air from the mechanical fuel pump system. It is generally not necessary to open a vent screw or fuel line fitting to bleed the fuel system. Operate the priming lever on the pump to assist starting after extended periods of non-use or out of fuel conditions.

**⚠ WARNING**

**To avoid personal injury, do not bleed a hot engine. This could cause fuel to spill onto a hot exhaust manifold, creating a danger of fire.**

Bleed the fuel system as follows:

1. Fill the fuel tank with fuel.
2. Open the fuel shut off valve (vertical position of handle) on the Fuel Filter.
3. Crank the engine by pressing the start button for 45 seconds.
4. Check to see that fuel is flowing through both fuel filters
5. Follow the normal STARTING procedures.

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## FUEL FILTER

1. Check the fuel filter and fuel pre-filter for water accumulation or sediment.
2. Replace the fuel filter if it is found with excessive water accumulation or sediment. Empty fuel pre-filter.

## OVERSPEED IS HAZARDOUS

The maximum allowable high idle speed for this machine is 3650 RPM, no load. Do NOT tamper with governor components or setting or make any other adjustments to increase the maximum speed. Severe personal injury and damage to the machine can result if operated at speeds above maximum.

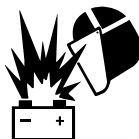
## ENGINE ADJUSTMENT

Adjustments to the engine are to be made only by a Lincoln Service Center or an authorized Field Service Shop.

## BATTERY MAINTENANCE

To access the battery, Disconnect the Negative and then Positive battery cables. Remove the 2 screws from the battery door using a screwdriver or a 3/8" socket. Remove the 2 nuts from the battery bracket using a 7/16" wrench or socket. Slide the battery out and remove from welder

### ⚠ WARNING

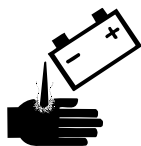


**GASES FROM BATTERY can explode.**

1. Keep sparks, flame and cigarettes away from battery.

To prevent EXPLOSION when:

1. **INSTALLING A NEW BATTERY** — disconnect negative cable from old battery first and connect to new battery last.
1. **CONNECTING A BATTERY CHARGER** — remove battery from welder by disconnecting negative cable first, then positive cable and battery clamp. When reinstalling, connect negative cable last. Keep well ventilated.
1. **USING A BOOSTER** — connect positive lead to battery first then connect negative lead to negative battery lead at engine foot.



**BATTERY ACID can burn eyes and skin.**

1. Wear gloves and eye protection and be careful when working near battery.

1. Follow instructions printed on battery.

## CLEANING THE BATTERY

Keep the battery clean by wiping it with a damp cloth when dirty. If the terminals appear corroded, disconnect the battery cables and wash the terminals with an ammonia solution or a solution of 1/4 pound (0.1113 kg) of baking soda and 1 quart (0.9461) of water. Be sure the battery vent plugs (if equipped) are tight so that none of the solution enters the cells.

After cleaning, flush the outside of the battery, the battery compartment, and surrounding areas with clear water. Coat the battery terminals lightly with petroleum jelly or a non-conductive grease to retard corrosion.

Keep the battery clean and dry. Moisture accumulation on the battery can lead to more rapid discharge and early battery failure.

## CHECKING THE ELECTROLYTE LEVEL

If battery cells are low, fill them to the neck of the filler hole with distilled water and recharge. If one cell is low, check for leaks.

## CHARGING THE BATTERY

When you charge, jump, replace, or otherwise connect battery cables to the battery, be sure the polarity is correct. Improper polarity can damage the charging circuit. The Ranger® 305D (AU) positive (+) battery terminal has a red terminal cover.

If you need to charge the battery with an external charger, disconnect the negative cable first, then the positive cable before you attach the charger leads. After the battery is charged, reconnect the positive battery cable first and the negative cable last. Failure to do so can result in damage to the internal charger components.

Follow the instructions of the battery charger manufacturer for proper charger settings and charging time.

## SERVICING OPTIONAL SPARK ARRESTOR

### ⚠ WARNING

Clean every 100 hours.

- MUFFLER MAY BE HOT
- ALLOW ENGINE TO COOL BEFORE INSTALLING THE SPARK ARRESTER!
- DO NOT OPERATE ENGINE WHILE INSTALLING THE SPARK ARRESTER!



## WELDER / GENERATOR MAINTENANCE

**STORAGE:** Store the Ranger® 305D (AU) in clean, dry protected areas.

**CLEANING:** Blow out the generator and controls periodically with low pressure air. Do this at least once a week in particularly dirty areas.

**BRUSH REMOVAL AND REPLACEMENT:** It's normal for the brushes and slip rings to wear and darken slightly. Inspect the brushes when a generator overhaul is necessary.

### ⚠ CAUTION

- Do not attempt to polish slip rings while the engine is running.

### ⚠ WARNING

- Service and Repair should only be performed by Lincoln Electric Factory Trained Personnel. Unauthorized repairs performed on this equipment may result in danger to the technician and machine operator and will invalidate your factory warranty. For your safety and to avoid Electrical Shock, please observe all safety notes and precautions.

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## HOW TO USE TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE

### WARNING

Service and Repair should only be performed by Lincoln Electric Factory Trained Personnel. Unauthorized repairs performed on this equipment may result in danger to the technician and machine operator and will invalidate your factory warranty. For your safety and to avoid Electrical Shock, please observe all safety notes and precautions detailed throughout this manual.

This Troubleshooting Guide is provided to help you locate and repair possible machine malfunctions. Simply follow the three-step procedure listed below.

#### **Step 1. LOCATE PROBLEM (SYMPTOM).**

Look under the column labeled “PROBLEM (SYMPTOMS)”. This column describes possible symptoms that the machine may exhibit. Find the listing that best describes the symptom that the machine is exhibiting.

#### **Step 2. POSSIBLE CAUSE.**

The second column labeled “POSSIBLE CAUSE” lists the obvious external possibilities that may contribute to the machine symptom.

#### **Step 3. RECOMMENDED COURSE OF ACTION**

This column provides a course of action for the Possible Cause, generally it states to contact your local Lincoln Authorized Field Service Facility.

If you do not understand or are unable to perform the Recommended Course of Action safely, contact your local Lincoln Authorized Field Service Facility.

### CAUTION

If for any reason you do not understand the test procedures or are unable to perform the tests/repairs safely, contact your **Local Lincoln Authorized Field Service Facility** for technical troubleshooting assistance before you proceed.

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Observe all Safety Guidelines detailed throughout this manual

PROBLEMS (SYMPTOMS)	POSSIBLE CAUSE	RECOMMENDED COURSE OF ACTION
Major Physical or Electrical Damage is Evident.	1. <b>Contact your local Lincoln Authorized Field Service Facility.</b>	<p>If all recommended possible areas of misadjustment have been checked and the problem persists, <b>Contact your local Lincoln Authorized Field Service Facility.</b></p>
Engine will not "crank".	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Battery is low, Charge Battery.</li> <li>2. Loose battery cable connections. Inspect, clean and tighten terminals.</li> <li>3. Faulty engine starter motor. Contact authorized local Engine Service Shop.</li> </ol>	
Engine will "crank" but not start.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Fuel shut off valve on Main Fuel Filter in the OFF position. Open valve (vertical) position of handle.</li> <li>2. Fuel Filters dirty/clogged. Check and replace main filter element and/or Inline Fuel Filter.</li> <li>3. Out of fuel. Fill tank and bleed fuel system.</li> <li>4. High coolant temperature or low oil pressure. (indicator lights lit) Check oil and coolant levels. Fill if required. Check for loose or broken fan belt.</li> <li>5. Faulty fuel shutdown solenoid. Check that shutdown solenoid is functioning properly and not binding/ contact authorized engine service shop.</li> <li>6. Faulty fuel pump. Check for fuel flow through filters. Contact authorized local Engine Service Shop.</li> </ol>	
Engine shuts down shortly after starting.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. High coolant temperature or low oil pressure. (indicator light lit) Change oil and oil filters and fill to proper level. Check and fill coolant level. Check for loose or broken fan belt. Start engine and look for leaks.</li> <li>2. Faulty oil pressure switch or other engine component. Contact authorized local Engine Service Shop.</li> <li>3. Faulty engine protection relay.</li> </ol>	

**WELDING CAUTION TECHNOLOGY**

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Observe all Safety Guidelines detailed throughout this manual

PROBLEMS (SYMPTOMS)	POSSIBLE CAUSE	RECOMMENDED COURSE OF ACTION
Engine shuts down while under a load.	1. High radiator coolant temperature. Reduce load if it is exceeding machine rating. Add coolant to system if low. Clean fins on radiator if dirty. Tighten fan belt if loose. Remove objects blocking or close to intake openings on both sides of base and exhaust end (case back).	If all recommended possible areas of misadjustment have been checked and the problem persists, <b>Contact your local Lincoln Authorized Field Service Facility.</b>
Engine runs rough.	1. Dirty fuel or air filters. Inspect and clean/replace filters as needed. Inspect and clean/replace filters as needed. 2. Water in fuel. If water found in tank. Empty fuel tank and refill then purge fuel lines.	
Battery does not stay charged. Engine alternator trouble light is on while machine is running.	1. Faulty battery. Replace. 2. Loose connections at battery or alternator. Clean and tighten connections. 3. Faulty engine alternator or charger module. Consult authorized Engine Service Shop.	
Engine will not idle down to low speed.	1. Idler switch in High idle position. Set switch to Auto. 2. External load on welder or auxiliary power. Remove all external loads. 3. Faulty PC board or idler solenoid.	
Engine will not go to high idle when attempting to weld.	1. Poor work lead connection to work. Make sure work clamp is tightly connected to clean base metal. 2. "Contactor" switch is in wrong position. Set to "Welding On" when welding without a control cable. Refer to Operations chapter for proper use of this switch. 3. Faulty PC board. Low idle speed set to low.	

**WELDING CAUTION TECHNOLOGY**

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PROBLEMS (SYMPTOMS)	POSSIBLE CAUSE	RECOMMENDED COURSE OF ACTION
Engine will not go to high idle when using auxiliary power.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Auxiliary power load is less than 100 watts. Idler may not respond with less than a 100 watt load. Set idler to "High".</li> <li>2. Faulty PC board.</li> </ol>	<p>If all recommended possible areas of misadjustment have been checked and the problem persists, <b>Contact your local Lincoln Authorized Field Service Facility.</b></p>
Engine will not go to high idle under weld or auxiliary loading.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Faulty idler solenoid. Check for bent linkage or broken spring</li> </ol>	
Engine does not develop full power. Engine runs rough.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Fuel filter clogged, Replace.</li> <li>2. Air filter clogged, clean or replace.</li> <li>3. High idle setting incorrect, check and adjust if required.</li> <li>4. Valves out of adjustment.</li> <li>5. Fuel contaminated with water or sediment. Check fuel pre-filter and empty of water, bleed fuel system. Replace fuel in tank if needed.</li> </ol>	
Engine will not go to high idle when attempting to weld or using auxiliary power. Switching to manual high idle does not work.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Broken spring on Idle Solenoid, solenoid linkage binding, Faulty PC board, low idle speed set too low on idle solenoid.</li> </ol>	
Engine will not shut off.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Fuel Shutdown solenoid not functioning properly / linkage binding. Stop engine by shutting off valve located on main fuel filter. Contact authorized local Engine Service Shop.</li> </ol>	
Engine does not develop full power. Low weld and auxiliary output. Engine runs rough.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Fuel filter dirty/clogged. Replace.</li> <li>2. Air filter dirty/clogged. Replace Air Filter Element.</li> <li>3. Fouled fuel injector(s). Contact authorized Engine Service Shop.</li> <li>4. Fuel contaminated with water. Check Main Filter Bowl and Inline Fuel filters for water. Clean and replace as needed. Replace fuel in tank.</li> <li>5. Cracked or loose fuel hose. Replace hose and tighten clamps.</li> <li>6. Valves out of adjustment. Contact authorized local Engine Service Shop.</li> </ol>	

**WELDING CAUTION TECHNOLOGY**

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Observe all Safety Guidelines detailed throughout this manual

PROBLEMS (SYMPTOMS)	POSSIBLE CAUSE	RECOMMENDED COURSE OF ACTION
No welding power output.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Poor work lead connection to work. Make sure work clamp is tightly connected to clean base metal.</li> <li>2. "Weld Terminals" switch in wrong position. Place switch in "Weld Terminals On" position when welding without control cable.</li> <li>3. Faulty PC board or welder alternator.</li> </ol>	<p>If all recommended possible areas of misadjustment have been checked and the problem persists, <b>Contact your local Lincoln Authorized Field Service Facility.</b></p>
Welder has output but no control.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Poor remote/control cable connection to 6-pin or 14-pin connector. Check connections.</li> <li>2. Faulty remote cable or faulty wire feeder or wire feeder cable. Replace if necessary.</li> <li>3. Faulty control potentiometer or PC board.</li> </ol>	
Wire feeder does not work when control cable is connected to 14 pin connector.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Wire Feeder Power circuit breaker open. Check 42V breakers and reset if tripped.</li> <li>2. Faulty control cable. Repair or replace cable.</li> <li>3. Faulty wire feeder. Replace wire feeder.</li> </ol>	
No auxiliary power.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Open circuit breakers. Reset breakers. If breakers keep tripping, reduce power draw.</li> <li>2. Faulty connections to auxiliary receptacles. Check connections.</li> <li>3. Faulty PC board or welder alternator.</li> <li>4. Check RCD for proper operation.</li> </ol>	

**WELDING CAUTION TECHNOLOGY**

If for any reason you do not understand the test procedures or are unable to perform the tests/repairs safely, contact your **Local Lincoln Authorized Field Service Facility** for technical troubleshooting assistance before you proceed.



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Observe all Safety Guidelines detailed throughout this manual

PROBLEMS (SYMPTOMS)	POSSIBLE CAUSE	RECOMMENDED COURSE OF ACTION
The welding arc is "cold." The welding arc is not stable or is not satisfactory. the engine runs normally. The auxiliary power is normal.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Make sure the MODE selector switch is in the correct position for the process being used. (For example, CV-WIRE, PIPE, CC-STICK.)</li> <li>2. Make sure the electrode (wire, gas, voltage, current etc.) is correct for the process being used.</li> <li>3. Check for loose or faulty connections at the weld output terminals and welding cable connections.</li> <li>4. The welding cables may be too long or coiled, causing an excessive voltage drop.</li> </ol>	<p>If all recommended possible areas of misadjustment have been checked and the problem persists, <b>Contact your local Lincoln Authorized Field Service Facility.</b></p>

**WELDING CAUTION TECHNOLOGY**

If for any reason you do not understand the test procedures or are unable to perform the tests/repairs safely, contact your **Local Lincoln Authorized Field Service Facility** for technical troubleshooting assistance before you proceed.

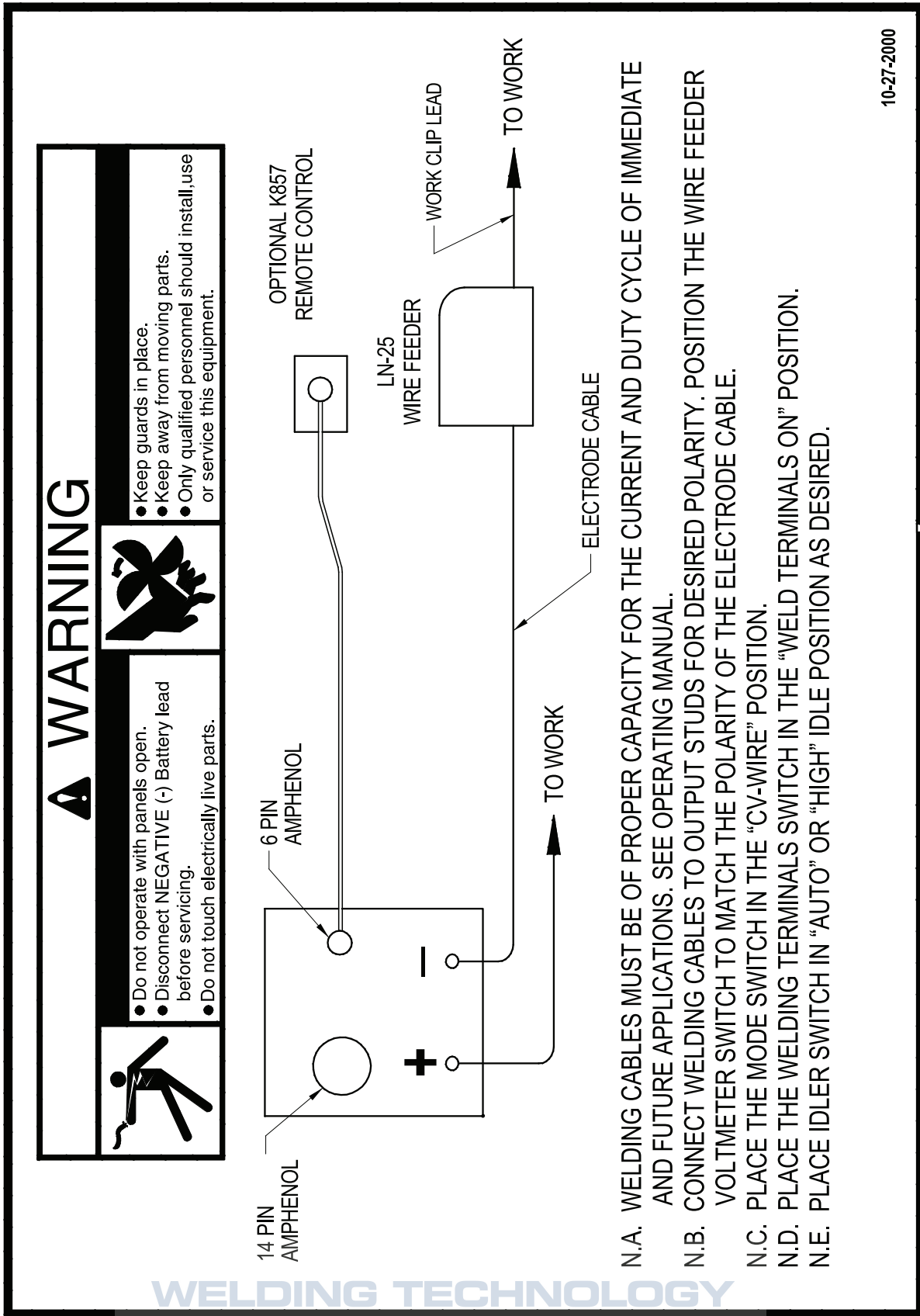


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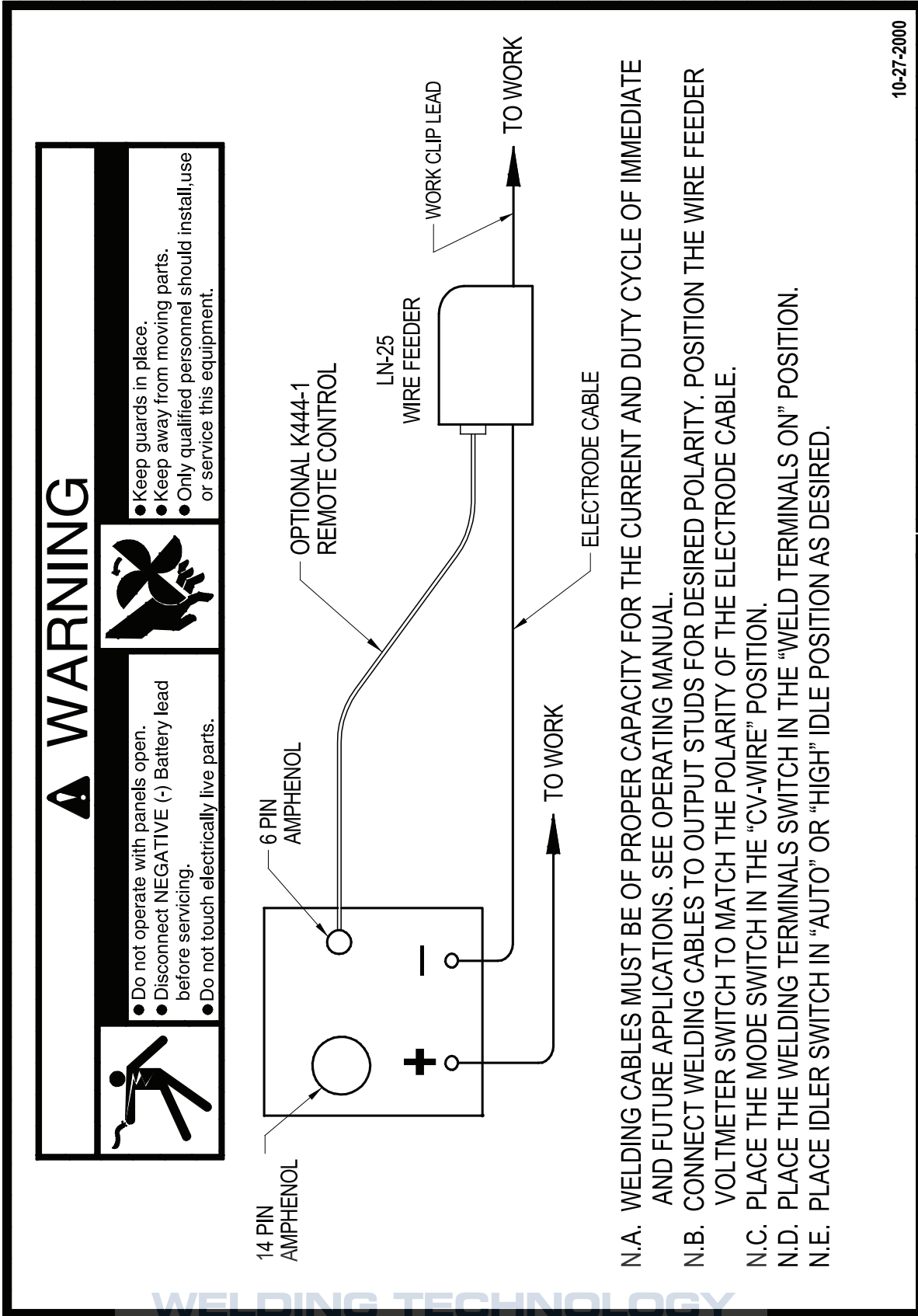
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## ENGINE WELDERS /LN-25 ACROSS THE ARC CONNECTION DIAGRAM WITH OPTIONAL K857 REMOTE CONTROL



# ENGINE WELDERS /LN-25 ACROSS THE ARC CONNECTION DIAGRAM WITH OPTIONAL K444-1 REMOTE CONTROL




# ENGINE WELDERS TO K867 CONTROL CABLE ADAPTER CONNECTION DIAGRAM



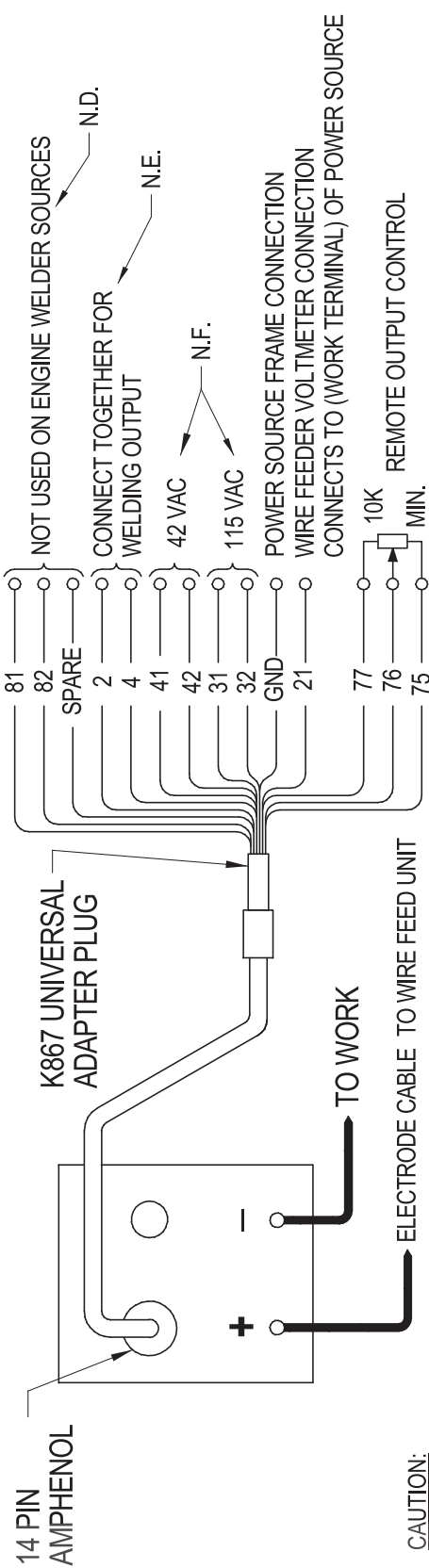
**WARNING**

- Do not operate with panels open.
- Disconnect NEGATIVE (-) Battery lead before servicing.
- Do not touch electrically live parts.



**WARNING**

- Keep guards in place.
- Keep away from moving parts.
- Only qualified personnel should install, use or service this equipment.



14 PIN AMPHENOL

K867 UNIVERSAL ADAPTER PLUG

TO WORK

ELECTRODE CABLE TO WIRE FEED UNIT

REMOTE OUTPUT CONTROL

NOT USED ON ENGINE WELDER SOURCES (N.D.)

CONNECT TOGETHER FOR WELDING OUTPUT (N.E.)

42 VAC (N.F.)

115 VAC (N.F.)

POWER SOURCE FRAME CONNECTION WIRE FEEDER VOLTMETER CONNECTION CONNECTS TO (WORK TERMINAL) OF POWER SOURCE

10K MIN.

**CAUTION:**

ANY INCREASE OF THE HIGH IDLE ENGINE RPM BY CHANGING THE GOVERNOR SETTING OR OVERRIDING THE THROTTLE LINKAGE WILL CAUSE AN INCREASE IN THE AC WIRE FEEDER VOLTAGE, WHICH CAN DAMAGE THE CONTROL CIRCUIT. THE ENGINE GOVERNOR SETTING IS PRE-SET AT THE FACTORY – DO NOT ADJUST ABOVE RPM SPECIFICATIONS LISTED IN THE ENGINE WELDER OPERATING MANUAL.

N.A. WELDING CABLES MUST BE SIZED FOR CURRENT AND DUTY CYCLE OF APPLICATION.

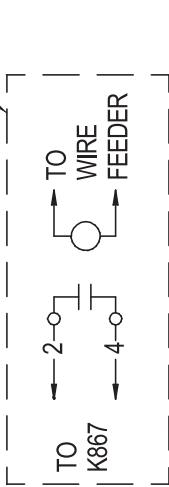
N.B. CONNECT WELDING CABLES TO OUTPUT STUDS FOR DESIRED POLARITY. POSITION THE WIRE FEEDER VOLTMETER SWITCH TO MATCH THE POLARITY OF THE ELECTRODE CABLE.

N.C. PLACE THE MODE SWITCH IN THE "CV-WIRE" POSITION.

N.D. INSULATE EACH UNUSED LEADS INDIVIDUALLY.

N.E. FOR WIRE FEEDERS THAT RETURN A SIGNAL FOR WELDING OUTPUT, USE ISOLATION RELAY TO CLOSE LEADS 2 & 4 (SEE DETAIL).

N.F. REFER TO POWER SOURCE INSTRUCTION MANUAL FOR MAXIMUM AUXILIARY CURRENT DRAW.



TO WIRE FEEDER

TO WIRE FEEDER

K867

10-27-2000

S24787-7

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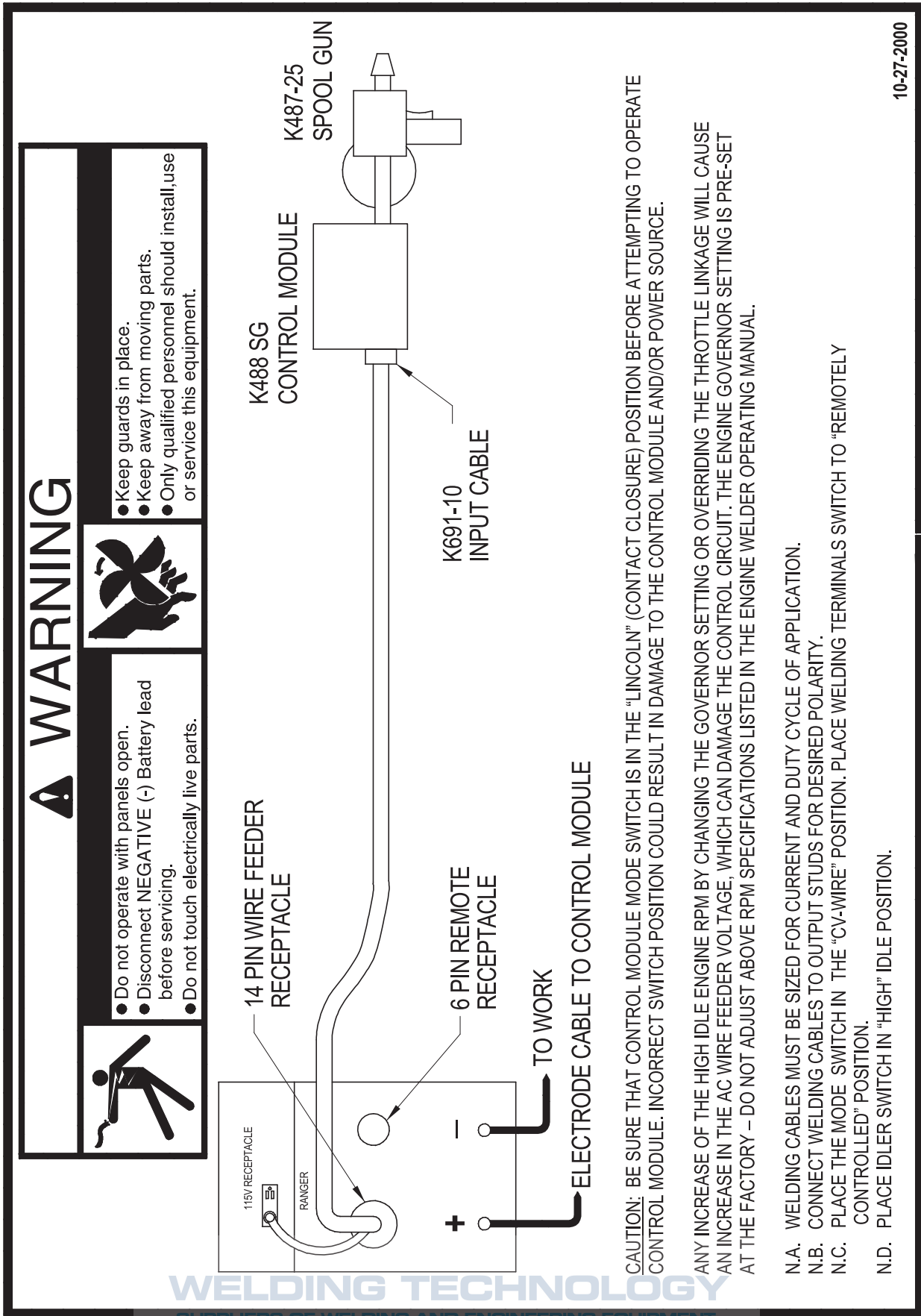
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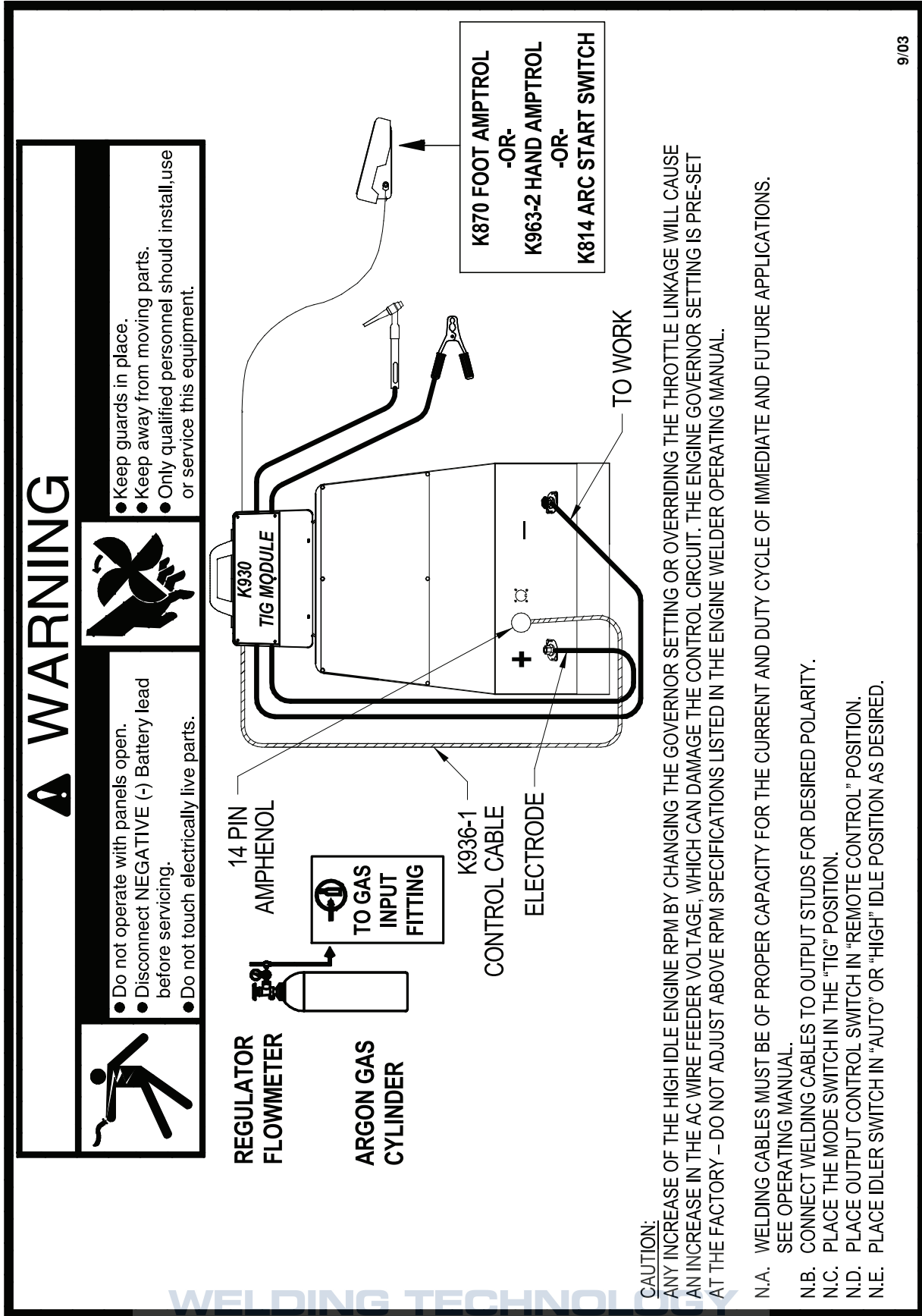
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ENGINE WELDERS / K691-10 / K488 / K487 SPOOL GUN CONNECTION DIAGRAM





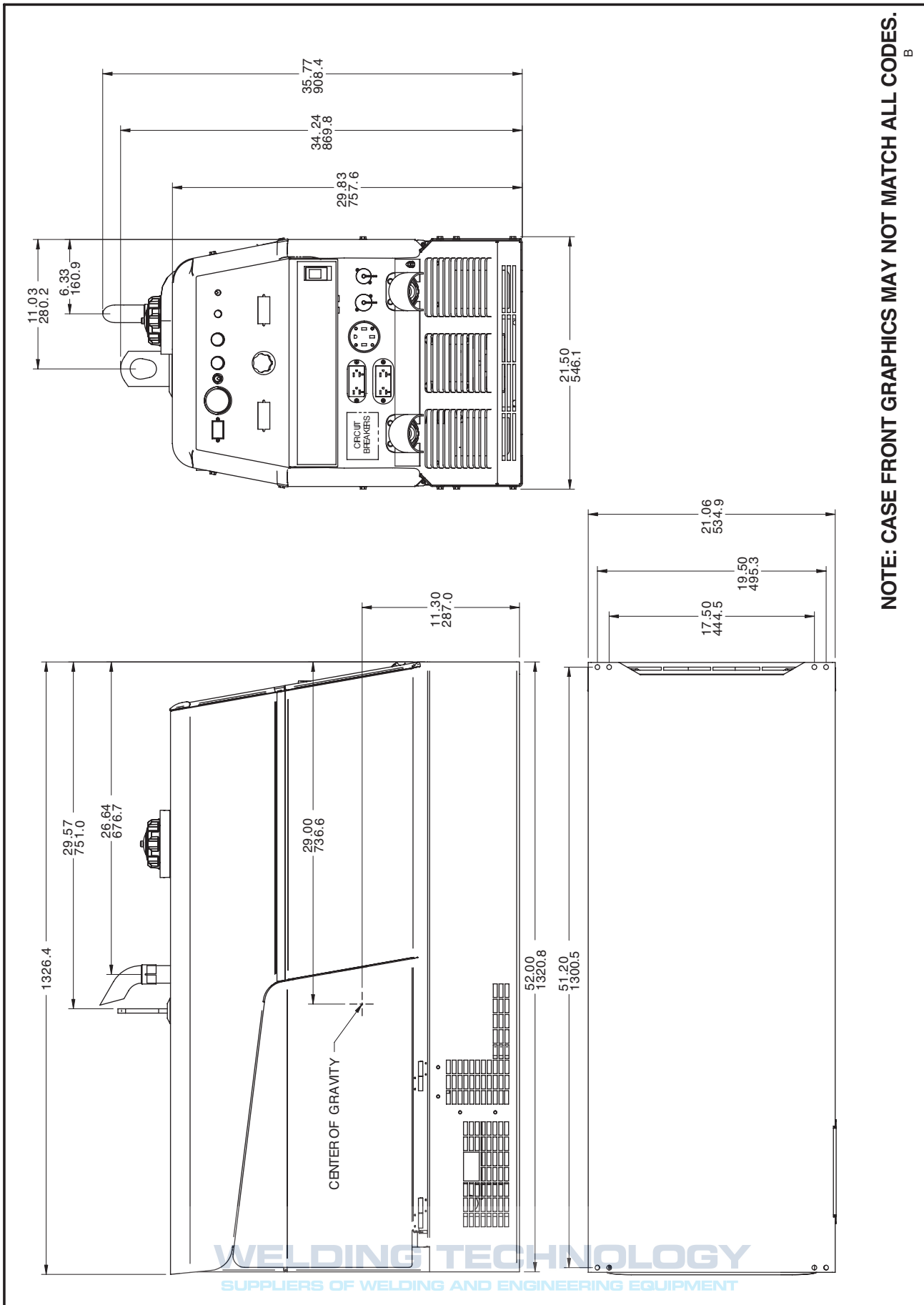
ENGINE WELDERS / K930 TIG MODULE / CONNECTION DIAGRAM







# NOTES



NOTE: CASE FRONT GRAPHICS MAY NOT MATCH ALL CODES. <sup>B</sup>

M20334

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# NOTES

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<b>WARNING</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Do not touch electrically live parts or electrode with skin or wet clothing.</li> <li>Insulate yourself from work and ground.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Keep flammable materials away.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Wear eye, ear and body protection.</li> </ul>
Spanish <b>AVISO DE PRECAUCION</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>No toque las partes o los electrodos bajo carga con la piel o ropa mojada.</li> <li>Aíslese del trabajo y de la tierra.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Mantenga el material combustible fuera del área de trabajo.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Protéjase los ojos, los oídos y el cuerpo.</li> </ul>
French <b>ATTENTION</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Ne laissez ni la peau ni des vêtements mouillés entrer en contact avec des pièces sous tension.</li> <li>Isolez-vous du travail et de la terre.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Gardez à l'écart de tout matériel inflammable.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Protégez vos yeux, vos oreilles et votre corps.</li> </ul>
German <b>WARNUNG</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Berühren Sie keine stromführenden Teile oder Elektroden mit Ihrem Körper oder feuchter Kleidung!</li> <li>Isolieren Sie sich von den Elektroden und dem Erdboden!</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Entfernen Sie brennbares Material!</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Tragen Sie Augen-, Ohren- und Körperschutz!</li> </ul>
Portuguese <b>ATENÇÃO</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Não toque partes elétricas e electrodos com a pele ou roupa molhada.</li> <li>Isole-se da peça e terra.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Mantenha inflamáveis bem guardados.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Use proteção para a vista, ouvido e corpo.</li> </ul>
Japanese <b>注意事項</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>通電中の電気部品、又は溶材にヒブやぬれた布で触れないこと。</li> <li>施工物やアースから身体が絶縁されている様にして下さい。</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>燃えやすいものの側での溶接作業は絶対にしてはなりません。</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>目、耳及び身体に保護具をして下さい。</li> </ul>
Chinese <b>警告</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>皮肤或湿衣物切勿接触带电部件及焊条。</li> <li>使你自已与地面和工作件绝缘。</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>把一切易燃物品移离工作场所。</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>佩戴眼、耳及身体劳动保护用具。</li> </ul>
Korean <b>위험</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>전도체나 용접봉을 젖은 헝겍 또는 피부로 절대 접촉치 마십시오.</li> <li>모재와 접지를 접촉치 마십시오.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>인화성 물질을 접근시키지 마십시오.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>눈, 귀와 몸에 보호장구를 착용하십시오.</li> </ul>
Arabic <b>تحذير</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>لا تلمس الاجزاء التي يسري فيها التيار الكهربائي أو الألكترود بجسدك أو بالملابس المبللة بالماء.</li> <li>ضع عازلا على جسمك خلال العمل.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>ضع المواد القابلة للاشتعال في مكان بعيد.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>ضع أدوات وملابس واقية على عينيك وأذنيك وجسمك.</li> </ul>

READ AND UNDERSTAND THE MANUFACTURER'S INSTRUCTION FOR THIS EQUIPMENT AND THE CONSUMABLES TO BE USED AND FOLLOW YOUR EMPLOYER'S SAFETY PRACTICES.

SE RECOMIENDA LEER Y ENTENDER LAS INSTRUCCIONES DEL FABRICANTE PARA EL USO DE ESTE EQUIPO Y LOS CONSUMIBLES QUE VA A UTILIZAR, SIGA LAS MEDIDAS DE SEGURIDAD DE SU SUPERVISOR.

LISEZ ET COMPRENEZ LES INSTRUCTIONS DU FABRICANT EN CE QUI REGARDE CET EQUIPMENT ET LES PRODUITS A ETRE EMPLOYES ET SUIVEZ LES PROCEDURES DE SECURITE DE VOTRE EMPLOYEUR.

LESEN SIE UND BEFOLGEN SIE DIE BETRIEBSANLEITUNG DER ANLAGE UND DEN ELEKTRODENEINSATZ DES HERSTELLERS. DIE UNFALLVERHÜTUNGSVORSCHRIFTEN DES ARBEITGEBERS SIND EBENFALLS ZU BEACHTEN.

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<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Keep your head out of fumes.</li> <li>● Use ventilation or exhaust to remove fumes from breathing zone.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Turn power off before servicing.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Do not operate with panel open or guards off.</li> </ul>	<b>WARNING</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Los humos fuera de la zona de respiración.</li> <li>● Mantenga la cabeza fuera de los humos. Utilice ventilación o aspiración para gases.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Desconectar el cable de alimentación de poder de la máquina antes de iniciar cualquier servicio.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● No operar con panel abierto o guardas quitadas.</li> </ul>	Spanish <b>AVISO DE PRECAUCION</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Gardez la tête à l'écart des fumées.</li> <li>● Utilisez un ventilateur ou un aspirateur pour ôter les fumées des zones de travail.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Débranchez le courant avant l'entretien.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● N'opérez pas avec les panneaux ouverts ou avec les dispositifs de protection enlevés.</li> </ul>	French <b>ATTENTION</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Vermeiden Sie das Einatmen von Schweißrauch!</li> <li>● Sorgen Sie für gute Be- und Entlüftung des Arbeitsplatzes!</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Strom vor Wartungsarbeiten abschalten! (Netzstrom völlig öffnen; Maschine anhalten!)</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Anlage nie ohne Schutzgehäuse oder Innenschutzverkleidung in Betrieb setzen!</li> </ul>	German <b>WARNUNG</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Mantenha seu rosto da fumaça.</li> <li>● Use ventilação e exaustão para remover fumo da zona respiratória.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Não opere com as tampas removidas.</li> <li>● Desligue a corrente antes de fazer serviço.</li> <li>● Não toque as partes elétricas nuas.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Mantenha-se afastado das partes moventes.</li> <li>● Não opere com os painéis abertos ou guardas removidas.</li> </ul>	Portuguese <b>ATENÇÃO</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● ヒュームから頭を離すようにして下さい。</li> <li>● 換気や排煙に十分留意して下さい。</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● メンテナンス・サービスに取りかかる際には、まず電源スイッチを必ず切して下さい。</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● パネルやカバーを取り外したままで機械操作をしないで下さい。</li> </ul>	Japanese <b>注意事項</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● 頭部遠離煙霧。</li> <li>● 在呼吸區使用通風或排風器除煙。</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● 維修前切斷電源。</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● 儀表板打開或沒有安全罩時不準作業。</li> </ul>	Chinese <b>警告</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● 얼굴로부터 용접가스를 멀리하십시오.</li> <li>● 호흡지역으로부터 용접가스를 제거하기 위해 가스제거기나 통풍기를 사용하십시오.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● 보수전에 전원을 차단하십시오.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● 판넬이 열린 상태로 작동치 마십시오.</li> </ul>	Korean <b>위험</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● ابعد رأسك بعيداً عن الدخان.</li> <li>● استعمل التهوية أو جهاز ضغط الدخان للخارج لكي تبعد الدخان عن المنطقة التي تتنفس فيها.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● اقطع التيار الكهربائي قبل القيام بأية صيانة.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● لا تشغيل هذا الجهاز اذا كانت الاغطية الحديدية الواقية ليست عليه.</li> </ul>	Arabic <b>تحذير</b>

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