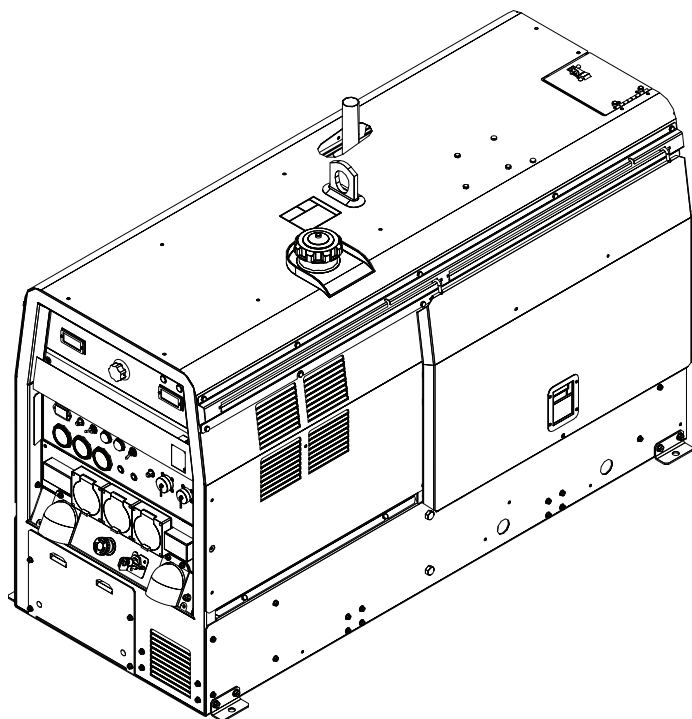


## Operator's Manual

# Vantage<sup>®</sup> 400 (AU)



For use with machines having Code Numbers:

**11959, 12307, 12763**



**Register your machine:**

[www.lincolnelectric.com/register](http://www.lincolnelectric.com/register)

**Authorized Service and Distributor Locator:**

[www.lincolnelectric.com/locator](http://www.lincolnelectric.com/locator)

**Save for future reference**

Date Purchased

Code: (ex: 10859)

Serial: (ex: U1060512345)

**Need Help? Call 1.888.935.3877**

to talk to a Service Representative

**Hours of Operation:**

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**After hours?**

Use "Ask the Experts" at [lincolnelectric.com](http://lincolnelectric.com)  
A Lincoln Service Representative will contact you  
no later than the following business day.

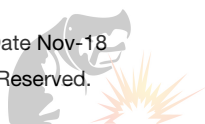
**For Service outside the USA:**

Email: [globalservice@lincolnelectric.com](mailto:globalservice@lincolnelectric.com)

**WELDING TECHNOLOGY**  
SUPPLIERS OF WELDING AND ENGINEERING EQUIPMENT

**IM10140-D** | Issue Date Nov-18

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**THE LINCOLN ELECTRIC COMPANY**

22801 St. Clair Avenue • Cleveland, OH • 44117-1199 • U.S.A.

Phone: +1.216.481.8100 • [www.lincolnelectric.com](http://www.lincolnelectric.com)

# THANK YOU FOR SELECTING A QUALITY PRODUCT BY LINCOLN ELECTRIC.

## PLEASE EXAMINE CARTON AND EQUIPMENT FOR DAMAGE IMMEDIATELY

When this equipment is shipped, title passes to the purchaser upon receipt by the carrier. Consequently, claims for material damaged in shipment must be made by the purchaser against the transportation company at the time the shipment is received.

## SAFETY DEPENDS ON YOU

Lincoln arc welding and cutting equipment is designed and built with safety in mind. However, your overall safety can be increased by proper installation ... and thoughtful operation on your part. **DO NOT INSTALL, OPERATE OR REPAIR THIS EQUIPMENT WITHOUT READING THIS MANUAL AND THE SAFETY PRECAUTIONS CONTAINED THROUGHOUT.** And, most importantly, think before you act and be careful.

### **WARNING**

This statement appears where the information must be followed exactly to avoid serious personal injury or loss of life.

### **CAUTION**

This statement appears where the information must be followed to avoid minor personal injury or damage to this equipment.

## KEEP YOUR HEAD OUT OF THE FUMES.

**DON'T** get too close to the arc. Use corrective lenses if necessary to stay a reasonable distance away from the arc.

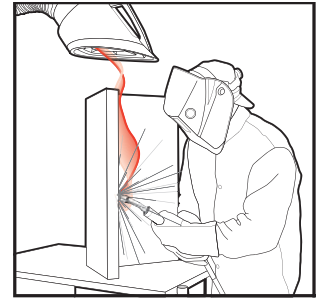
**READ** and obey the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) and the warning label that appears on all containers of welding materials.

**USE ENOUGH VENTILATION** or exhaust at the arc, or both, to keep the fumes and gases from your breathing zone and the general area.

**IN A LARGE ROOM OR OUTDOORS**, natural ventilation may be adequate if you keep your head out of the fumes (See below).

**USE NATURAL DRAFTS** or fans to keep the fumes away from your face.

If you develop unusual symptoms, see your supervisor. Perhaps the welding atmosphere and ventilation system should be checked.



## WEAR CORRECT EYE, EAR & BODY PROTECTION

**PROTECT** your eyes and face with welding helmet properly fitted and with proper grade of filter plate (See ANSI Z49.1).

**PROTECT** your body from welding spatter and arc flash with protective clothing including woolen clothing, flame-proof apron and gloves, leather leggings, and high boots.

**PROTECT** others from splatter, flash, and glare with protective screens or barriers.

**IN SOME AREAS**, protection from noise may be appropriate.

**BE SURE** protective equipment is in good condition.

Also, wear safety glasses in work area **AT ALL TIMES.**



## SPECIAL SITUATIONS

**DO NOT WELD OR CUT** containers or materials which previously had been in contact with hazardous substances unless they are properly cleaned. This is extremely dangerous.

**DO NOT WELD OR CUT** painted or plated parts unless special precautions with ventilation have been taken. They can release highly toxic fumes or gases.

## Additional precautionary measures

**PROTECT** compressed gas cylinders from excessive heat, mechanical shocks, and arcs; fasten cylinders so they cannot fall.

**BE SURE** cylinders are never grounded or part of an electrical circuit.

**REMOVE** all potential fire hazards from welding area.

**ALWAYS HAVE FIRE FIGHTING EQUIPMENT READY FOR IMMEDIATE USE AND KNOW HOW TO USE IT.**



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# SECTION A: WARNINGS



## CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65 WARNINGS

### Diesel Engines

Diesel engine exhaust and some of its constituents are known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, and other reproductive harm.

### Gasoline Engines

The engine exhaust from this product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or other reproductive harm.

**ARC WELDING CAN BE HAZARDOUS. PROTECT YOURSELF AND OTHERS FROM POSSIBLE SERIOUS INJURY OR DEATH. KEEP CHILDREN AWAY. PACEMAKER WEARERS SHOULD CONSULT WITH THEIR DOCTOR BEFORE OPERATING.**

Read and understand the following safety highlights. For additional safety information, it is strongly recommended that you purchase a copy of "Safety in Welding & Cutting - ANSI Standard Z49.1" from the American Welding Society, P.O. Box 351040, Miami, Florida 33135 or CSA Standard W117.2-1974. A Free copy of "Arc Welding Safety" booklet E205 is available from the Lincoln Electric Company, 22801 St. Clair Avenue, Cleveland, Ohio 44117-1199.

**BE SURE THAT ALL INSTALLATION, OPERATION, MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR PROCEDURES ARE PERFORMED ONLY BY QUALIFIED INDIVIDUALS.**



## FOR ENGINE POWERED EQUIPMENT.

- 1.a. Turn the engine off before troubleshooting and maintenance work unless the maintenance work requires it to be running.



- 1.b. Operate engines in open, well-ventilated areas or vent the engine exhaust fumes outdoors.

- 1.c. Do not add the fuel near an open flame welding arc or when the engine is running. Stop the engine and allow it to cool before refueling to prevent spilled fuel from vaporizing on contact with hot engine parts and igniting. Do not spill fuel when filling tank. If fuel is spilled, wipe it up and do not start engine until fumes have been eliminated.



- 1.d. Keep all equipment safety guards, covers and devices in position and in good repair. Keep hands, hair, clothing and tools away from V-belts, gears, fans and all other moving parts when starting, operating or repairing equipment.



- 1.e. In some cases it may be necessary to remove safety guards to perform required maintenance. Remove guards only when necessary and replace them when the maintenance requiring their removal is complete. Always use the greatest care when working near moving parts.

- 1.f. Do not put your hands near the engine fan. Do not attempt to override the governor or idler by pushing on the throttle control rods while the engine is running.

- 1.g. To prevent accidentally starting gasoline engines while turning the engine or welding generator during maintenance work, disconnect the spark plug wires, distributor cap or magneto wire as appropriate.

- 1.h. To avoid scalding, do not remove the radiator pressure cap when the engine is hot.



## ELECTRIC AND MAGNETIC FIELDS MAY BE DANGEROUS



- 2.a. Electric current flowing through any conductor causes localized Electric and Magnetic Fields (EMF). Welding current creates EMF fields around welding cables and welding machines
- 2.b. EMF fields may interfere with some pacemakers, and welders having a pacemaker should consult their physician before welding.
- 2.c. Exposure to EMF fields in welding may have other health effects which are now not known.
- 2.d. All welders should use the following procedures in order to minimize exposure to EMF fields from the welding circuit:
- 2.d.1. Route the electrode and work cables together - Secure them with tape when possible.
- 2.d.2. Never coil the electrode lead around your body.
- 2.d.3. Do not place your body between the electrode and work cables. If the electrode cable is on your right side, the work cable should also be on your right side.
- 2.d.4. Connect the work cable to the workpiece as close as possible to the area being welded.
- 2.d.5. Do not work next to welding power source.

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Safety 02 of 04 - 06/15/2016



## ELECTRIC SHOCK CAN KILL.



- 3.a. The electrode and work (or ground) circuits are electrically “hot” when the welder is on. Do not touch these “hot” parts with your bare skin or wet clothing. Wear dry, hole-free gloves to insulate hands.
- 3.b. Insulate yourself from work and ground using dry insulation. Make certain the insulation is large enough to cover your full area of physical contact with work and ground.

**In addition to the normal safety precautions, if welding must be performed under electrically hazardous conditions (in damp locations or while wearing wet clothing; on metal structures such as floors, gratings or scaffolds; when in cramped positions such as sitting, kneeling or lying, if there is a high risk of unavoidable or accidental contact with the workpiece or ground) use the following equipment:**

- Semiautomatic DC Constant Voltage (Wire) Welder.
  - DC Manual (Stick) Welder.
  - AC Welder with Reduced Voltage Control.
- 3.c. In semiautomatic or automatic wire welding, the electrode, electrode reel, welding head, nozzle or semiautomatic welding gun are also electrically “hot”.
  - 3.d. Always be sure the work cable makes a good electrical connection with the metal being welded. The connection should be as close as possible to the area being welded.
  - 3.e. Ground the work or metal to be welded to a good electrical (earth) ground.
  - 3.f. Maintain the electrode holder, work clamp, welding cable and welding machine in good, safe operating condition. Replace damaged insulation.
  - 3.g. Never dip the electrode in water for cooling.
  - 3.h. Never simultaneously touch electrically “hot” parts of electrode holders connected to two welders because voltage between the two can be the total of the open circuit voltage of both welders.
  - 3.i. When working above floor level, use a safety belt to protect yourself from a fall should you get a shock.
  - 3.j. Also see Items 6.c. and 8.



## ARC RAYS CAN BURN.



- 4.a. Use a shield with the proper filter and cover plates to protect your eyes from sparks and the rays of the arc when welding or observing open arc welding. Headshield and filter lens should conform to ANSI Z87.1 standards.
- 4.b. Use suitable clothing made from durable flame-resistant material to protect your skin and that of your helpers from the arc rays.
- 4.c. Protect other nearby personnel with suitable, non-flammable screening and/or warn them not to watch the arc nor expose themselves to the arc rays or to hot spatter or metal.



## FUMES AND GASES CAN BE DANGEROUS.



- 5.a. Welding may produce fumes and gases hazardous to health. Avoid breathing these fumes and gases. When welding, keep your head out of the fume. Use enough ventilation and/or exhaust at the arc to keep fumes and gases away from the breathing zone. **When welding hardfacing (see instructions on container or SDS) or on lead or cadmium plated steel and other metals or coatings which produce highly toxic fumes, keep exposure as low as possible and within applicable OSHA PEL and ACGIH TLV limits using local exhaust or mechanical ventilation unless exposure assessments indicate otherwise. In confined spaces or in some circumstances, outdoors, a respirator may also be required. Additional precautions are also required when welding on galvanized steel.**
- 5.b. The operation of welding fume control equipment is affected by various factors including proper use and positioning of the equipment, maintenance of the equipment and the specific welding procedure and application involved. Worker exposure level should be checked upon installation and periodically thereafter to be certain it is within applicable OSHA PEL and ACGIH TLV limits.
- 5.c. Do not weld in locations near chlorinated hydrocarbon vapors coming from degreasing, cleaning or spraying operations. The heat and rays of the arc can react with solvent vapors to form phosgene, a highly toxic gas, and other irritating products.
- 5.d. Shielding gases used for arc welding can displace air and cause injury or death. Always use enough ventilation, especially in confined areas, to insure breathing air is safe.
- 5.e. Read and understand the manufacturer's instructions for this equipment and the consumables to be used, including the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) and follow your employer's safety practices. SDS forms are available from your welding distributor or from the manufacturer.

5.f. Also see item 1.b.

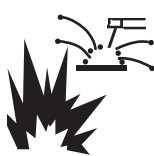
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## WELDING AND CUTTING SPARKS CAN CAUSE FIRE OR EXPLOSION.



- 6.a. Remove fire hazards from the welding area. If this is not possible, cover them to prevent the welding sparks from starting a fire. Remember that welding sparks and hot materials from welding can easily go through small cracks and openings to adjacent areas. Avoid welding near hydraulic lines. Have a fire extinguisher readily available.
- 6.b. Where compressed gases are to be used at the job site, special precautions should be used to prevent hazardous situations. Refer to "Safety in Welding and Cutting" (ANSI Standard Z49.1) and the operating information for the equipment being used.
- 6.c. When not welding, make certain no part of the electrode circuit is touching the work or ground. Accidental contact can cause overheating and create a fire hazard.
- 6.d. Do not heat, cut or weld tanks, drums or containers until the proper steps have been taken to insure that such procedures will not cause flammable or toxic vapors from substances inside. They can cause an explosion even though they have been "cleaned". For information, purchase "Recommended Safe Practices for the Preparation for Welding and Cutting of Containers and Piping That Have Held Hazardous Substances", AWS F4.1 from the American Welding Society (see address above).
- 6.e. Vent hollow castings or containers before heating, cutting or welding. They may explode.
- 6.f. Sparks and spatter are thrown from the welding arc. Wear oil free protective garments such as leather gloves, heavy shirt, cuffless trousers, high shoes and a cap over your hair. Wear ear plugs when welding out of position or in confined places. Always wear safety glasses with side shields when in a welding area.
- 6.g. Connect the work cable to the work as close to the welding area as practical. Work cables connected to the building framework or other locations away from the welding area increase the possibility of the welding current passing through lifting chains, crane cables or other alternate circuits. This can create fire hazards or overheat lifting chains or cables until they fail.
- 6.h. Also see item 1.c.
- 6.i. Read and follow NFPA 51B "Standard for Fire Prevention During Welding, Cutting and Other Hot Work", available from NFPA, 1 Batterymarch Park, PO box 9101, Quincy, MA 02269-9101.
- 6.j. Do not use a welding power source for pipe thawing.



## CYLINDER MAY EXPLODE IF DAMAGED.

- 7.a. Use only compressed gas cylinders containing the correct shielding gas for the process used and properly operating regulators designed for the gas and pressure used. All hoses, fittings, etc. should be suitable for the application and maintained in good condition. 
- 7.b. Always keep cylinders in an upright position securely chained to an undercarriage or fixed support.
- 7.c. Cylinders should be located:
  - Away from areas where they may be struck or subjected to physical damage.
  - A safe distance from arc welding or cutting operations and any other source of heat, sparks, or flame.
- 7.d. Never allow the electrode, electrode holder or any other electrically "hot" parts to touch a cylinder.
- 7.e. Keep your head and face away from the cylinder valve outlet when opening the cylinder valve.
- 7.f. Valve protection caps should always be in place and hand tight except when the cylinder is in use or connected for use.
- 7.g. Read and follow the instructions on compressed gas cylinders, associated equipment, and CGA publication P-1, "Precautions for Safe Handling of Compressed Gases in Cylinders," available from the Compressed Gas Association, 14501 George Carter Way Chantilly, VA 20151.



## FOR ELECTRICALLY POWERED EQUIPMENT.



- 8.a. Turn off input power using the disconnect switch at the fuse box before working on the equipment.
- 8.b. Install equipment in accordance with the U.S. National Electrical Code, all local codes and the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 8.c. Ground the equipment in accordance with the U.S. National Electrical Code and the manufacturer's recommendations.

**Refer to**  
<http://www.lincolnelectric.com/safety>  
**for additional safety information.**

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## Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC)

### Conformance

Products displaying the CE mark are in conformity with European Community Council Directive of 15 Dec 2004 on the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to electromagnetic compatibility, 2004/108/EC. It was manufactured in conformity with a national standard that implements a harmonized standard: EN 60974-10 Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC) Product Standard for Arc Welding Equipment. It is for use with other Lincoln Electric equipment. It is designed for industrial and professional use.

### Introduction

All electrical equipment generates small amounts of electromagnetic emission. Electrical emission may be transmitted through power lines or radiated through space, similar to a radio transmitter. When emissions are received by other equipment, electrical interference may result. Electrical emissions may affect many kinds of electrical equipment; other nearby welding equipment, radio and TV reception, numerical controlled machines, telephone systems, computers, etc.

**WARNING:** This equipment is not intended for use in residential locations where the electrical power is provided by the public low-voltage supply system. There may be potential difficulties in ensuring electromagnetic compatibility in those locations, due to conducted as well as radiated disturbances.

### Installation and Use

The user is responsible for installing and using the welding equipment according to the manufacturer's instructions. If electromagnetic disturbances are detected then it shall be the responsibility of the user of the welding equipment to resolve the situation with the technical assistance of the manufacturer. In some cases this remedial action may be as simple as earthing (grounding) the welding circuit, see Note. In other cases it could involve construction of an electromagnetic screen enclosing the power source and the work complete with associated input filters. In all cases electromagnetic disturbances must be reduced to the point where they are no longer troublesome.

Note: The welding circuit may or may not be earthed for safety reasons. Follow your local and national standards for installation and use. Changing the earthing arrangements should only be authorized by a person who is competent to assess whether the changes will increase the risk of injury, e.g., by allowing parallel welding current return paths which may damage the earth circuits of other equipment.

### Assessment of Area

Before installing welding equipment the user shall make an assessment of potential electromagnetic problems in the surrounding area. The following shall be taken into account:

- a) other supply cables, control cables, signaling and telephone cables; above, below and adjacent to the welding equipment;
- b) radio and television transmitters and receivers;
- c) computer and other control equipment;
- d) safety critical equipment, e.g., guarding of industrial equipment;
- e) the health of the people around, e.g., the use of pacemakers and hearing aids;
- f) equipment used for calibration or measurement;
- g) the immunity of other equipment in the environment. The user shall ensure that other equipment being used in the environment is compatible. This may require additional protection measures;
- h) the time of day that welding or other activities are to be carried out.

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## Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC)

The size of the surrounding area to be considered will depend on the structure of the building and other activities that are taking place. The surrounding area may extend beyond the boundaries of the premises.

### Methods of Reducing Emissions

#### Public Supply System

Welding equipment should be connected to the public supply system according to the manufacturer's recommendations. If interference occurs, it may be necessary to take additional precautions such as filtering of the public supply system. Consideration should be given to shielding the supply cable of permanently installed welding equipment, in metallic conduit or equivalent. Shielding should be electrically continuous throughout its length. The shielding should be connected to the welding power source so that good electrical contact is maintained between the conduit and the welding power source enclosure.

#### Maintenance of the Welding Equipment

The welding equipment should be routinely maintained according to the manufacturer's recommendations. All access and service doors and covers should be closed and properly fastened when the welding equipment is in operation. The welding equipment should not be modified in any way except for those changes and adjustments covered in the manufacturer's instructions. In particular, the spark gaps of arc striking and stabilizing devices should be adjusted and maintained according to the manufacturer's recommendations.

#### Welding Cables

The welding cables should be kept as short as possible and should be positioned close together, running at or close to floor level.

#### Equipotential Bonding

Bonding of all metallic components in the welding installation and adjacent to it should be considered. However, metallic components bonded to the work piece will increase the risk that the operator could receive a shock by touching these metallic components and the electrode at the same time. The operator should be insulated from all such bonded metallic components.

#### Earthing of the Workpiece

Where the workpiece is not bonded to earth for electrical safety, nor connected to earth because of its size and position, e.g., ship's hull or building steelwork, a connection bonding the workpiece to earth may reduce emissions in some, but not all instances. Care should be taken to prevent the earthing of the workpiece increasing the risk of injury to users, or damage to other electrical equipment. Where necessary, the connection of the workpiece to earth should be made by a direct connection to the workpiece, but in some countries where direct connection is not permitted, the bonding should be achieved by suitable capacitance, selected according to national regulations.

#### Screening and Shielding

Selective screening and shielding of other cables and equipment in the surrounding area may alleviate problems of interference. Screening of the entire welding installation may be considered for special applications<sup>1</sup>.

---

<sup>1</sup> Portions of the preceding text are contained in EN 60974-10: "Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC) product standard for arc welding equipment."



# Thank

— for selecting a **QUALITY** product by Lincoln Electric. We want you  
 to take pride in operating this Lincoln Electric Company product  
 ... as much pride as we have in bringing this product to you!

### CUSTOMER ASSISTANCE POLICY

The business of The Lincoln Electric Company is manufacturing and selling high quality welding equipment, consumables, and cutting equipment. Our challenge is to meet the needs of our customers and to exceed their expectations. On occasion, purchasers may ask Lincoln Electric for advice or information about their use of our products. We respond to our customers based on the best information in our possession at that time. Lincoln Electric is not in a position to warrant or guarantee such advice, and assumes no liability, with respect to such information or advice. We expressly disclaim any warranty of any kind, including any warranty of fitness for any customer's particular purpose, with respect to such information or advice. As a matter of practical consideration, we also cannot assume any responsibility for updating or correcting any such information or advice once it has been given, nor does the provision of information or advice create, expand or alter any warranty with respect to the sale of our products.

Lincoln Electric is a responsive manufacturer, but the selection and use of specific products sold by Lincoln Electric is solely within the control of, and remains the sole responsibility of the customer. Many variables beyond the control of Lincoln Electric affect the results obtained in applying these types of fabrication methods and service requirements.

Subject to Change – This information is accurate to the best of our knowledge at the time of printing. Please refer to [www.lincolnelectric.com](http://www.lincolnelectric.com) for any updated information.

### **Please Examine Carton and Equipment For Damage Immediately**

When this equipment is shipped, title passes to the purchaser upon receipt by the carrier. Consequently, Claims for material damaged in shipment must be made by the purchaser against the transportation company at the time the shipment is received.

Please record your equipment identification information below for future reference. This information can be found on your machine nameplate.

Product \_\_\_\_\_

Model Number \_\_\_\_\_

Code Number or Date Code \_\_\_\_\_

Serial Number \_\_\_\_\_

Date Purchased \_\_\_\_\_

Where Purchased \_\_\_\_\_

Whenever you request replacement parts or information on this equipment, always supply the information you have recorded above. The code number is especially important when identifying the correct replacement parts.

### **On-Line Product Registration**

- Register your machine with Lincoln Electric either via fax or over the Internet.
- For faxing: Complete the form on the back of the warranty statement included in the literature packet accompanying this machine and fax the form per the instructions printed on it.
- For On-Line Registration: Go to our **WEB SITE at [www.lincolnelectric.com](http://www.lincolnelectric.com)**. Choose "Support" and then "Register Your Product". Please complete the form and submit your registration.

**Read this Operators Manual completely** before attempting to use this equipment. Save this manual and keep it handy for quick reference. Pay particular attention to the safety instructions we have provided for your protection. The level of seriousness to be applied to each is explained below:

### **⚠ WARNING**

This statement appears where the information **must** be followed **exactly** to avoid **serious personal injury or loss of life**.

### **⚠ CAUTION**

This statement appears where the information **must** be followed to avoid **minor personal injury or damage to this equipment**.

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<b>Parts List.....</b>	<b>P-641</b>
<hr/>	

**WELDING TECHNOLOGY**  
SUPPLIERS OF WELDING AND ENGINEERING EQUIPMENT



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## TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS - VANTAGE® 400 (AU) (K32038-1)

INPUT - DIESEL ENGINE						
Make/Model Code No.	Description	Speed (RPM)	Displacement cu. in. (ltrs.)	Starting System	Capacities	
Perkins 404D-22	4 cylinder 27.6 HP 1500 RPM naturally aspirated water cooled Diesel Engine	High Idle 1565	135.6(2.2)	12VDC Battery & starter (Group 34; 650 65 Amp Alternator W / Built in Regulator	Oil: 8.45Qts. (8.0L)	Fuel: 20 gal. (75.7 L)
		Full Load 1500	Bore x Stroke cold crank amps) 3.43" X 3.64"			
		Low Idle 1200	(87.1mm x 92.5mm)			
<b>RATED OUTPUT @ 104° F (40° C) - WELDER</b>						
Welding Process		Welding Output Current/Voltage/Duty Cycle		Output Range	Max. Weld OCV @Rated Load RPM	
DC Constant Current		350A / 34V / 100%		30 TO 400 AMPS	60 Volts <sup>(2)</sup>	
DC Pipe Current		300A / 32V / 100%		40 TO 300 AMPS		
Touch-Start™ TIG		250A / 20V / 100%		20 TO 250 AMPS		
DC Constant Voltage		350A / 34V / 100%		14 TO 34 VOLTS		
Arc Gouging		350A / 34V / 100%		90 TO 400 AMPS		
<b>RATED OUTPUT @ 40° C (104° F) - GENERATOR</b>						
<b>Auxiliary Power <sup>(1)</sup></b>						
14,000 Watts Peak / 13,200 Watts Continuous, 50 Hz 400 Volts 3-Phase 6,900 Watts Peak <sup>(3)</sup> / 6,900 Watts Continuous, 50 Hz 230 Volts 1-Phase <b>Sound Levels</b> (Sound power: 96 dB Lwa)						
<b>ENGINE</b>						
LUBRICATION	EMISSIONS		FUEL SYSTEM		GOVERNOR	
Full Pressure with Full Flow Filter	EPA Tier IV Interim		Mechanical Fuel Pump, Auto air bleed system, Electric shutoff solenoid, Indirect fuel injector.		Mechanical	
AIR CLEANER	ENGINE IDLER	MUFFLER		ENGINE PROTECTION		
Single Element	Automatic Idler	Low noise Muffler: Top outlet can be rotated. Made from long life, aluminized steel.		Shutdown on low oil pressure & high engine coolant temperature		
<b>ENGINE WARRANTY:</b> 2 years / 2000 hours, all non-electric components, 3 years major non-electric components . See Perkins warranty for details.						
<b>PHYSICAL DIMENSIONS</b>						
HEIGHT	WIDTH		DEPTH	WEIGHT		
35.94 <sup>(4)</sup> in. 913 mm	27.00 in 686 mm		60.00 in. 1524 mm	1230 lbs. (559kg.)		

<sup>(1)</sup> Output rating in watts is equivalent to volt-amperes at unity power factor. Output voltage is within ± 10% at all loads up to rated capacity.

When welding, available auxiliary power will be reduced.

<sup>(2)</sup> Reduced to less than 30V when VRD (VOLTAGE REDUCTION DEVICE) is on.

<sup>(3)</sup> Maximum per circuit breaker rating.

<sup>(4)</sup> To Top of enclosure. Add 7.35 (186.7mm) to top of exhaust. Add 3.87"(98.3mm) to top of Lift Bail.

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MACHINE SPECIFICATIONS	
Receptacles	400V (3 Ph) x 1 230V (1 Ph) x 2 14 Pin Connector 6 Pin Connector
Residual Current Device (RCD)	4-pole, 40Amp (30mA trip current)
Circuit Breakers (Thermal/Magnetic)	3 Phase, 20 Amp x 1 1 phase, 15 Amp x 2
Other Circuit Breakers	10A for Engine Battery Charging Circuit 10A for Wire Feeder Power

<sup>(5)</sup> Center-Tapped to ground.

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## SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

### ⚠ WARNING

Do not attempt to use this equipment until you have thoroughly read the engine manufacturer's manual supplied with your welder. It includes important safety precautions, detailed engine starting, operating and maintenance instructions, and parts lists.



#### **ELECTRIC SHOCK can kill.**

- Do not touch electrically live parts or electrode with skin or wet clothing.
- Insulate yourself from work and ground
- Always wear dry insulating gloves.



#### **ENGINE EXHAUST can kill.**

- Use in open, well ventilated areas or vent exhaust outside.



#### **MOVING PARTS can injure.**

- Do not operate with doors open or guards off.
- Stop engine before servicing.
- Keep away from moving parts.

See additional warning information at front of this operator's manual.

Only qualified personnel should install, use, or service this equipment.

### VRD (VOLTAGE REDUCTION DEVICE)

The VRD reduces the OCV (Open Circuit Voltage) at the welding output terminals while not welding to less than 30V DC when the resistance of the output circuit is above 200Ω (ohms).

This feature provides additional safety in environments with a higher risk of electric shock such as wet areas and hot humid sweaty conditions.

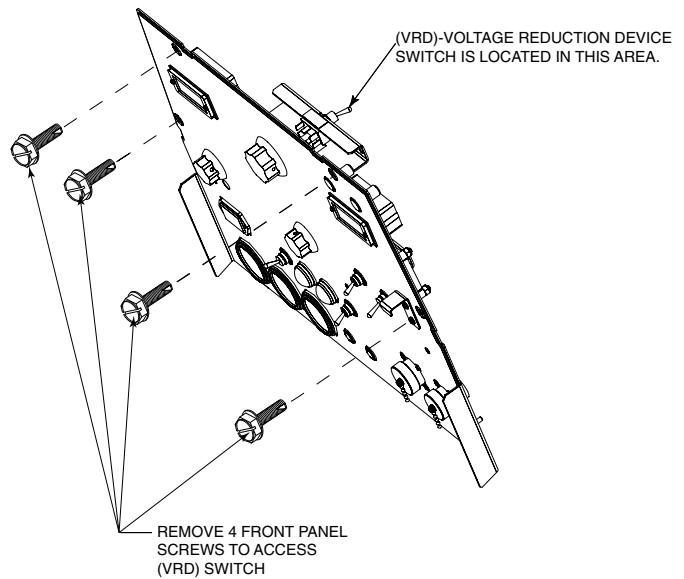
When VRD is "On" the DOWNHILL PIPE mode is not available.

The VRD requires that the welding cable connections be kept in good electrical condition because poor connections will contribute to poor starting. Having good electrical connections also limits the possibility of other safety issues such as heat-generated damage, burns and fires.

The machine is shipped with the VRD switch in the "On" position. To turn it "On" or "Off".

- Turn the engine "Off".
- Disconnect the negative battery cable.
- Lower the control panel by removing 4 front panel screws. (See Figure A.1)
- Place the VRD switch in the "On" or "Off" position. (See Figure A.1)

FIGURE A.1



### LOCATION AND VENTILATION

The welder should be located to provide an unrestricted flow of clean, cool air to the cooling air inlets and to avoid restricting the cooling air outlets. Also, locate the welder so that the engine exhaust fumes are properly vented to an outside area.

### STACKING

VANTAGE® 400 (AU) machines cannot be stacked.

### ANGLE OF OPERATION

Engines are designed to run in the level condition which is where the optimum performance is achieved. The maximum angle of continuous operation is 25 degrees in all directions, 35 degrees Intermittent (less than 10 minutes continuous) in all directions. If the engine is to be operated at an angle, provisions must be made for checking and maintaining the oil level at the normal (FULL) oil capacity in the crankcase.

When operating the welder at an angle, the effective fuel capacity will be slightly less than the amount specified.

### LIFTING

The VANTAGE® 400 (AU) weighs approximately 1383 lbs. (627kg.) with a full tank of fuel, 1230 lbs. (559kg.) less fuel. A lift bail is mounted to the machine and should always be used when lifting the machine.

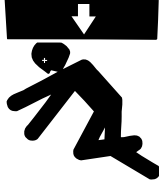


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**⚠ WARNING**

**FALLING  
EQUIPMENT can  
cause injury.**

- Lift only with equipment of adequate lifting capacity.
- Be sure machine is stable when lifting.
- Do not lift this machine using lift bail if it is equipped with a heavy accessory such as trailer or gas cylinder.
- Do not lift machine if lift bail is damaged.
- Do not operate machine while suspended from lift bail.

**HIGH ALTITUDE OPERATION**

At higher altitudes, output derating may be necessary. For maximum rating, derate the machine 2.5% to 3.5% for every 1000 ft. (305 m). Due to new EPA and other local emissions regulations, modifications to the engine for high altitude are restricted within the United States. For use above 6000 ft. (1828 m) an authorized Perkins engine field service shop should be contacted to determine if any adjustments can be made for operation in higher elevations.

**HIGH TEMPERATURE OPERATION**

At temperatures above 104°F(40°C), Welder output derating is necessary. For maximum output ratings, derate the welder output 2 volts for every 18°F(10°C) above 104°F(40°C).

**Cold weather starting:**

With a fully charged battery and the proper oil, the engine should start satisfactorily down to -15°F(-26°C). If the engine must be frequently started at or below 0°F (-18°C), it may be desirable to install cold-starting aides. The use of No. 1D diesel fuel is recommended in place of No. 2D at temperatures below 23°F (-5°C). Allow the engine to warm up before applying a load or switching to high idle.

**Note:** Extreme cold weather starting may require longer glow plug operation.

**⚠ WARNING**

**Under no conditions should ether or other starting fluids be used with this engine!**

**TOWING**

Use a recommended trailer for use with this equipment for road, in-plant and yard towing by a vehicle(1). If the user adapts a non-Lincoln trailer, he must assume responsibility that the method of attachment and usage does not result in a safety hazard or damage the welding equipment. Some of the factors to be considered are as follows:

1. Design capacity of trailer vs. weight of Lincoln equipment and likely additional attachments.
2. Proper support of, and attachment to, the base of the welding equipment so there will be no undue stress to the framework.
3. Proper placement of the equipment on the trailer to insure stability side to side and front to back when being moved and when standing by itself while being operated or serviced.
4. Typical conditions of use, i.e., travel speed; roughness of surface on which the trailer will be operated; environmental conditions; like maintenance.
5. Conformance with federal, state and local laws.(1)

(1) Consult applicable federal, state and local laws regarding spe-

**VEHICLE MOUNTING****⚠ WARNING**

**Improperly mounted concentrated loads may cause unstable vehicle handling and tires or other components to fail.**

- Only transport this Equipment on serviceable vehicles which are rated and designed for such loads.
- Distribute, balance and secure loads so vehicle is stable under conditions of use.
- Do not exceed maximum rated loads for components such as suspension, axles and tires.
- Mount equipment base to metal bed or frame of vehicle.
- Follow vehicle manufacturer's instructions.

**PRE-OPERATION ENGINE SERVICE**

READ the engine operating and maintenance instructions supplied with this machine.

**⚠ WARNING**

- Stop engine and allow to cool before fueling
- Do not smoke when fueling.
- Fill fuel tank at a moderate rate and do not over-fill.
- Wipe up spilled fuel and allow fumes to clear before starting engine.
- Keep sparks and flame away from tank.



**OIL**

The VANTAGE® 400 (AU) is shipped with the engine crankcase filled with high quality SAE 10W-30 Oil that meets classification CG-4 or CH-4 for diesel engines. Check the oil level before starting the engine. If it is not up to the full mark on the dip stick, add oil as required. Check the oil level every four hours of running time during the first 50 running hours. Refer to the engine Operator's Manual for specific oil recommendations and break-in information. The oil change interval is dependent on the quality of the oil and the operating environment. Refer to the Engine Operator's Manual for more details on the proper service and maintenance intervals.

**FUEL**

**DIESEL FUEL ONLY**-Low sulphur fuel or ultra low sulphur fuel in U.S.A. and Canada.



### **⚠ WARNING**

- Fill the fuel tank with clean, fresh fuel. The capacity of the tank is 20 gals.(75.7 ltrs). When the fuel gauge reads empty the tank contains approximately 2 gals. (7.6 ltrs.) of reserve fuel.

**NOTE:** A fuel shut off valve is located on the pre-filter/sediment filter. Which should be in the closed position when the welder is not used for extended periods of time.

**ENGINE COOLING SYSTEM**

### **⚠ WARNING**

Air to cool the engine is drawn in the side and exhausted through radiator & case back. It is important that the intake and exhaust air is not restricted. Allow a minimum clearance of 12 in. (305 mm) from the case back and 16 in.(406 mm) from either side of the base to a vertical surface.

**BATTERY CONNECTION**

### **⚠ WARNING**

Use caution as the electrolyte is a strong acid that can burn skin and damage eyes.

The VANTAGE® 400 (AU) is shipped with the negative battery cable disconnected. Make certain that the RUN-STOP switch is in the STOP position. Remove the two screws from the battery tray using a screwdriver or a 3/8" socket. Attach the negative battery cable to the negative battery terminal and tighten using a 1/2" socket or wrench.

**NOTE:** This machine is furnished with a wet charged battery; if unused for several months, the battery may require a booster charge. Be careful to charge the battery with the correct polarity. (See Battery in "Maintenance Section")

cific requirements for use on public highways.

**MUFFLER OUTLET PIPE**

Using the clamp provided secure the outlet pipe to the outlet tube with the pipe positioned such that it will direct the exhaust in the desired direction. Tighten using a 9/16"(14mm) socket or wrench.

**SPARK ARRESTER**

Some federal, state or local laws may require that gasoline or diesel engines be equipped with exhaust spark arresters when they are operated in certain locations where unarrested sparks may present a fire hazard. The standard muffler included with this welder does not qualify as a spark arrester. When required by local regulations, a suitable spark arrester, such as the K903-1 must be installed and properly maintained.

### **⚠ WARNING**

An incorrect spark arrester may lead to damage to the engine or adversely affect performance.

**REMOTE CONTROL**

The VANTAGE® 400 (AU) is equipped with a 6-pin and a 14-pin connector. The 6-pin connector is for connecting the K857 or K857-1 Remote Control or for TIG welding, the K870 foot Amptrol or the K963-3 hand Amptrol. When in the CC-STICK, ARC GOUGING or CV-WIRE modes and when a remote control is connected to the 6-pin Connector, the auto-sensing circuit automatically switches the OUTPUT control from control at the welder to remote control.

When in the DOWNHILL PIPE mode and when REMOTE CONTROL is connected to the 6-Pin or 14-Pin Connector, the OUTPUT CONTROL is used to set the maximum current range of the OUTPUT CONTROL of the REMOTE.

**Example:** When the OUTPUT CONTROL on the welder is set to 200 amps the current range on the REMOTE CONTROL will be 40-200 amps rather than the full 40-300 amps. Any current range that is less than the full range provides finer current resolution for more fine tuning of the output.

When in TOUCH START TIG mode and when a Amptrol is connected to the 6-Pin Connector, the OUTPUT dial is used to set the maximum current range of the CURRENT CONTROL of the Amptrol.

The 14-pin connector is used to directly connect a wire feeder control cable. In the CV-WIRE mode, when the control cable is connected to the 14-pin connector, the auto-sensing circuit automatically makes the Output Control inactive and the wire feeder voltage control active.

### **⚠ CAUTION**

**NOTE:** When a wire feeder with a built in welding voltage control is connected to the 14-pin connector, do not connect anything to the 6-pin connector.

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## ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS

### MACHINE GROUNDING



Because this portable engine driven welder creates its own power, it is not necessary to connect its frame to an earth ground, unless the machine is connected to premises wiring (home, shop, etc.)

### WARNING

To prevent dangerous electric shock, other equipment to which this engine driven welder supplies power must:

- Be grounded to the frame of the welder using a grounded type plug or be double insulated.
- Do not ground the machine to a pipe that carries explosive or combustible material.

When this welder is mounted on a truck or trailer, its frame must be electrically bonded to the metal frame of the vehicle. Use a #8 or larger copper wire connected between the machine grounding stud and the frame of the vehicle. When this engine driven welder is connected to premises wiring such as that in a home or shop, its frame must be connected to the system earth ground. See further connection instructions in the section entitled "Standby Power Connections" as well as the article on grounding in the latest National Electrical Code and the local code.

In general, if the machine is to be grounded, it should be connected with a #8 or larger copper wire to a solid earth ground such as a metal water pipe going into the ground for at least ten feet and having no insulated joints, or to the metal framework of a building which has been effectively grounded.

The National Electrical Code lists a number of alternate means of grounding electrical equipment. A machine grounding stud marked with the symbol is provided on the front of the welder.

### WELDING TERMINALS



The VANTAGE® 400 (AU) is equipped with a toggle switch for selecting "hot" welding terminal when in the "WELD TERMINALS ON" position or "cold" welding terminal when in the "REMOTELY CONTROLLED" position.

## WELDING OUTPUT CABLES

With the engine off connect the electrode and work cables to the output studs. The welding process dictates the polarity of the electrode cable. These connections should be checked periodically and tightened with a 3/4" (19mm) wrench.

Table A.1 lists recommended cable sizes and lengths for rated current and duty cycle. Length refers to the distance from the welder to the work and back to the welder. Cable diameters are increased for long cable lengths to reduce voltage drops.

TABLE A.1

TOTAL COMBINED LENGTH OF ELECTRODE AND WORK CABLES	
Cable Length	Cable Size for 400 Amps 60% Duty Cycle
0-100 Ft. (0-30 meters)	2 / 0 AWG
100-150 Ft. (30-46 meters)	2 / 0 AWG
150-200 Ft. (46-61 meters)	3 / 0 AWG

### CABLE INSTALLATION

Install the welding cables to your VANTAGE® 400 (AU) as follows.

1. The engine must be OFF to install welding cables.
2. Remove the flanged nuts from the output terminals.
3. Connect the electrode holder and work cables to the weld output terminals. The terminals are identified on the case front.
4. Tighten the flanged nuts securely.
5. Be certain that the metal piece you are welding (the "work") is properly connected to the work clamp and cable.
6. Check and tighten the connections periodically.

### CAUTION

- Loose connections will cause the output terminals to overheat. The terminals may eventually melt.
- Do not cross the welding cables at the output terminal connection. Keep the cables isolated and separate from one another.

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## AUXILIARY POWER

The auxiliary power capacity is 14,000 watts Peak, 13,200 Watts Continuous of 50 Hz, three phase power. The auxiliary power capacity rating in watts is equivalent to volt-amperes at unity power factor. The max permissible current of the 400 VAC output is 22 amps. Output voltage is within  $\pm 10\%$  at all loads up to the rated capacity.

Single phase power is:

- 6,900 Watts Peak / 6,900 Watts Continuous, 50 Hz  
230 Volts 1-Phase (Euro).

## STANDBY POWER CONNECTIONS

The machine is suitable for temporary, standby or emergency power using the engine manufacturer's recommended maintenance schedule.

The machine can be permanently installed as a standby power unit for 400 VAC, 3 phase, 20 amp service.

### WARNING

Connections must be made by a licensed electrician who can determine how the power can be adapted to the particular installation and comply with all applicable electrical codes.

- Take necessary steps to assure load is limited to the capacity of the VANTAGE® 400 (AU).
  - Only a licensed, certified, trained electrician should install the machine to a premises or residential electrical system. Be certain that:
  - The installation complies with the National Electrical Code and all other applicable electrical codes.
  - The premises is isolated and no feedback into the utility system can occur. Certain laws require the premises to be isolated before the generator is linked to the premises. Check your local requirements.
- 

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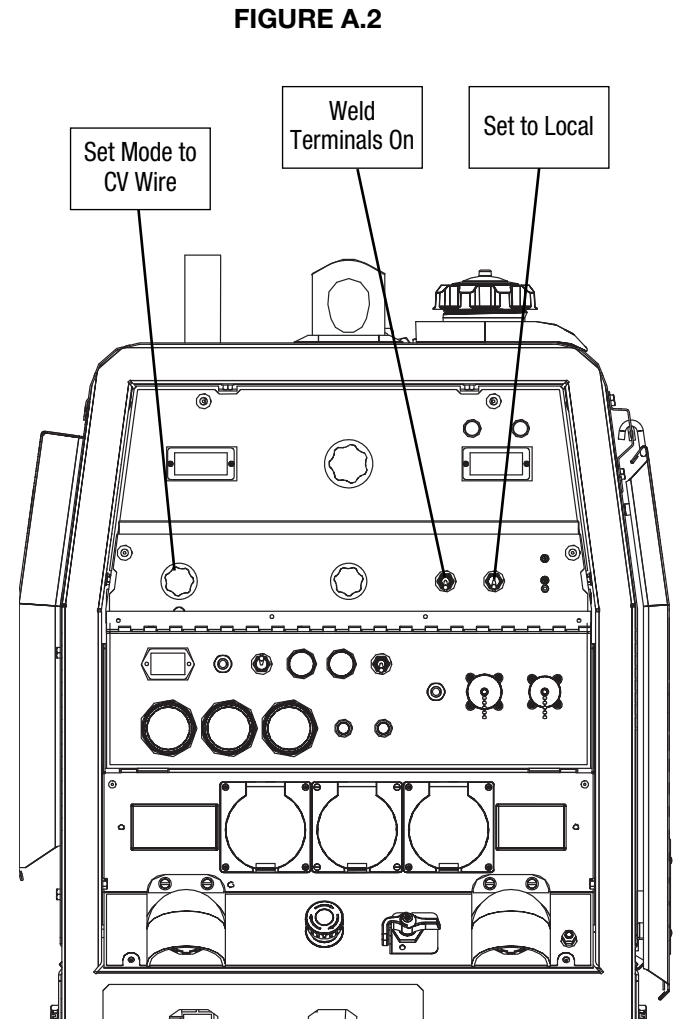
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## CONNECTION OF LINCOLN ELECTRIC WIRE FEEDERS

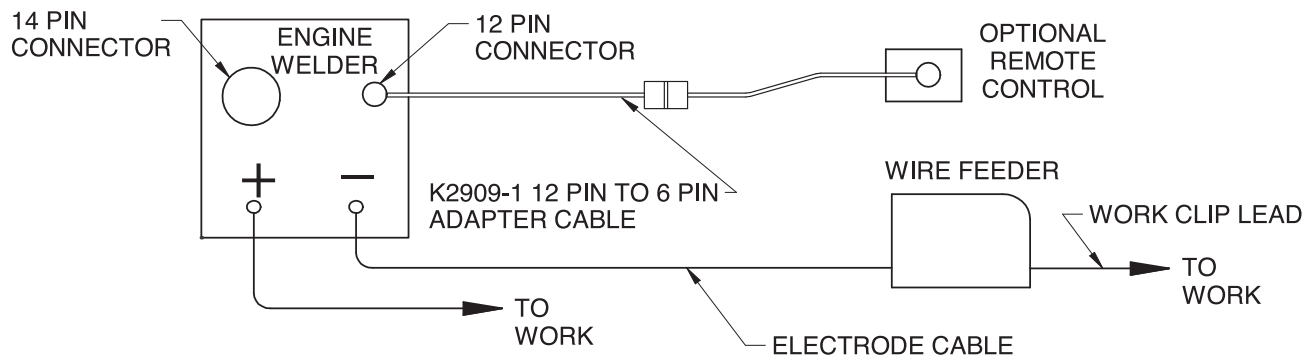
### CONNECTION OF ACROSS THE ARC WIRE FEEDERS TO THE VANTAGE® 400 AU

These connections instructions apply to both the LN-25 Pro and Activ8 models. The feeders have an internal contactor and the electrode is not energized until the gun trigger is closed. When the gun trigger is closed the wire will begin to feed and the welding process is started.

- Shut the welder off.
- For electrode Positive, connect the electrode cable to the "+" terminal of the welder and work cable to the "-" terminal of the welder. For electrode Negative, connect the electrode cable "-" terminal of the welder and work cable to the "+" terminal of the welder.
- Attach the single lead from the front of the feeder to work using the spring clip at the end of the lead. This is a control lead to supply current to the wire feeder motor; it does not carry welding current (See Figure A.3).
- Set the MODE switch to the "CV-WIRE" position (See Figure A.2).
- Set the "WELD TERMINALS" switch to "WELD TERMINALS ON"
- Set the "ARC CONTROL" knob to "0" initially and adjust to suit.
- Set the "REMOTE/LOCAL" switch to "LOCAL" control.



**FIGURE A.3**



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## SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

### ⚠ WARNING

Do not attempt to use this equipment until you have thoroughly read the engine manufacturer's manual supplied with your welder. It includes important safety precautions, detailed engine starting, operating and maintenance instructions, and parts lists.

#### ELECTRIC SHOCK can kill.




- Do not touch electrically live parts or electrode with skin or wet clothing.
- Insulate yourself from work and ground
- Always wear dry insulating gloves.

• Always operate the welder with the hinged door closed and the side panels in place.

• Read carefully the Safety Precautions page before operating this machine. Always follow these and any other safety procedures included in this manual and in the Engine Instruction Manual.

## GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The VANTAGE® 400 (AU) is a diesel engine powered DC multi-process welding power source and AC power generator. The engine drives a generator that supplies three phase power for the DC welding circuit, single phase and Three Phase power for the AC auxiliary outlets. The DC welding control system uses state of the art Chopper Technology  for superior welding performance.

The VANTAGE® 400 (AU) is fitted with a selectable VRD (Voltage Reduction Device). The VRD operates in the CC-Stick mode reducing the OCV to <30 volts increasing operator safety when welding is performed in environments with increased hazard of electric shock.

### FOR AUXILIARY POWER:

Start the engine and set the IDLER control switch to the desired operating mode. Full power is available regardless of the welding control settings providing no welding current is being drawn.

## ENGINE OPERATION

Before Starting the Engine:

- Be sure the machine is on a level surface.
- Open side engine door and remove the engine oil dipstick and wipe it with a clean cloth. Reinsert the dipstick and check the level on the dipstick.

- Add oil (if necessary) to bring the level up to the full mark. Do not overfill. Close engine door.
- Check radiator for proper coolant level. (Fill if necessary).
- See Engine Owner's Manual for specific oil and coolant recommendations.

### ⚠ WARNING

#### ADD FUEL



- Stop engine while fueling.
- Do not smoke when fueling.
- Keep sparks and flame away from tank.
- Do not leave unattended while fueling.

#### DIESEL FUEL can cause fire.

- Wipe up spilled fuel and allow fumes to clear before starting engine.
- Do not overfill tank, fuel expansion may cause overflow.

**DIESEL FUEL ONLY-Low sulphur fuel or ultra low sulphur fuel in U.S.A. and Canada.**


• Remove the fuel tank cap.

• Fill the tank. DO NOT FILL THE TANK TO THE POINT OF OVERFLOW.

• Replace the fuel cap and tighten securely.

• See Engine Owner's Manual for specific fuel recommendations.

#### BREAK-IN PERIOD

The engine will use a small amount of oil during its "break-in" period. The break-in period is about 50 running hours. 

Check the oil every four hours during break-in. Change the oil after the first 50 hours of operation and every 200 hours thereafter. Change the oil filter at each oil change.

### ⚠ CAUTION

During break-in, subject the Welder to moderate loads. Avoid long periods running at idle. Before stopping the engine, remove all loads and allow the engine to cool several minutes.



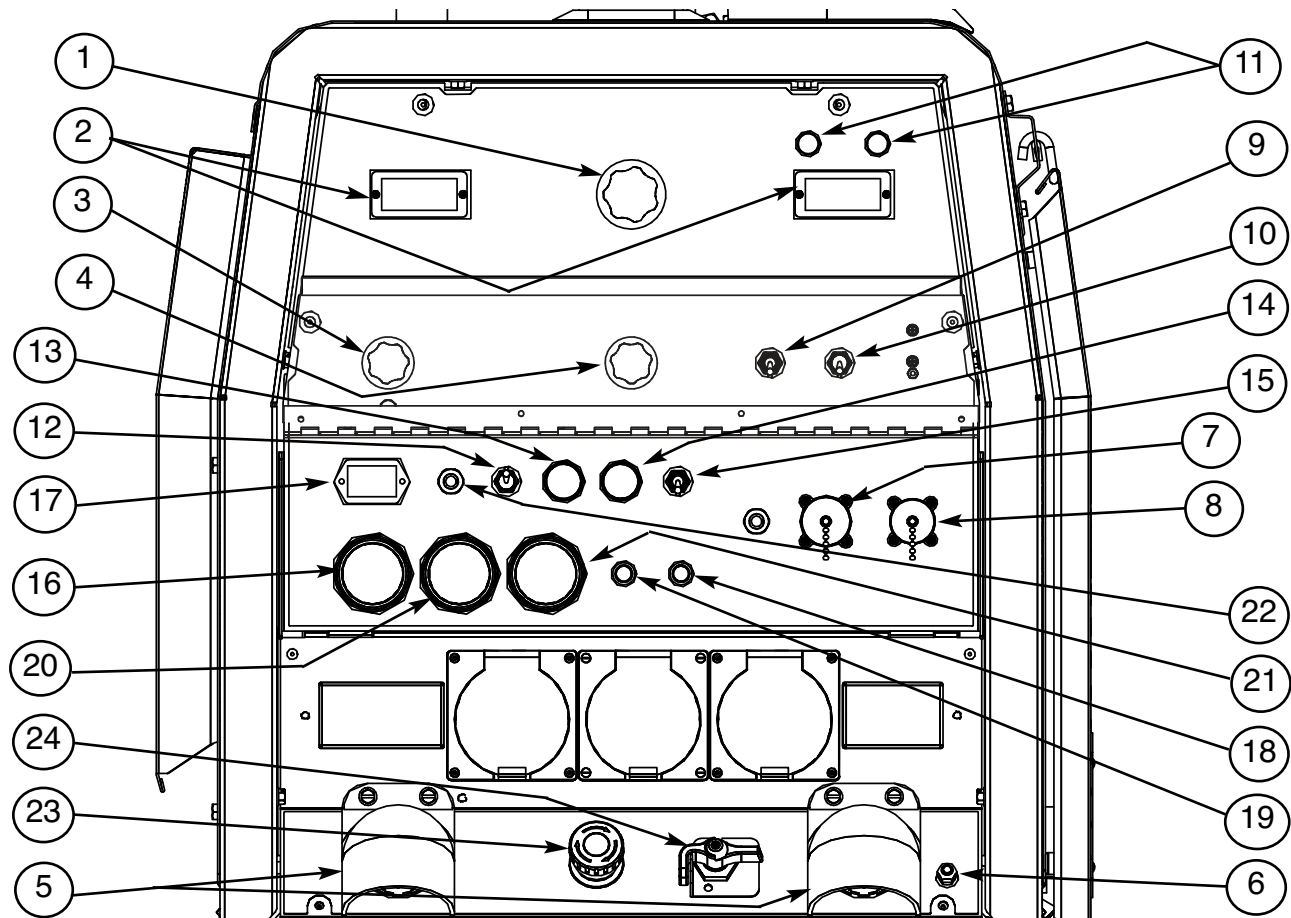
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FIGURE B.1



## WELDING CONTROLS (Figure B.1)

**1. OUTPUT CONTROL-** The OUTPUT dial is used to preset the output voltage or current as displayed on the digital meters for the five welding modes. When in the CC-STICK, ARC GOUGING or CV-WIRE modes and when a remote control is connected to the 6-Pin or 14-Pin Connector, the auto-sensing circuit automatically switches the OUTPUT CONTROL from control at the welder to the remote control.

When in the DOWNHILL PIPE mode and when REMOTE CONTROL is connected to the 6-Pin or 14-Pin Connector, the OUTPUT CONTROL is used to set the maximum current range of the OUTPUT CONTROL of the REMOTE.

**Example:** When the OUTPUT CONTROL on the welder is set to 200 amps the current range on the REMOTE CONTROL will be 40-200 amps rather than the full 40-300 amps. Any current range that is less than the full range provides finer current resolution for more fine tuning of the output.

In the CV-WIRE mode, if the feeder being used has a voltage control when the wire feeder control cable is connected to the 14-Pin Connector, the auto-sensing circuit automatically makes OUTPUT CONTROL inactive and the wire feeder voltage control active. Otherwise, the OUTPUT CONTROL is used to preset the voltage

When in the TOUCH START TIG mode and when an Amptrol is connected to the 6-Pin Connector, the OUTPUT dial is used to set the maximum current range of the CURRENT CONTROL of the Amptrol.

**2. DIGITAL OUTPUT METERS-**The digital meters allow the output voltage (CV-WIRE mode) or current (CC-STICK, DOWNHILL PIPE, ARC GOUGING and TIG modes) to be set prior to welding using the OUTPUT control dial. During welding, the meter display the actual output voltage (VOLTS) and current (AMPS). A memory feature holds the display of both meters on for seven seconds after welding is stopped. This allows the operator to read the actual current and voltage just prior to when welding was ceased.

While the display is being held the left-most decimal point in each display will be flashing. The accuracy of the meters is +/- 3%.

## 3. WELD MODE SELECTOR SWITCH-

(Provides five selectable welding modes)

- CV-WIRE
- ARC GOUGING
- DOWNHILL PIPE
- CC-STICK
- TOUCH START TIG



**4. ARC CONTROL-** The ARC CONTROL dial is active in the CV-WIRE, CC-STICK and DOWNHILL PIPE modes, and has different functions in these modes. This control is not active in the TIG and ARC GOUGING mode.

**CC-STICK mode:** In this mode, the ARC CONTROL dial sets the short circuit current (arc-force) during stick welding to adjust for a soft or crisp arc. Increasing the dial from -10 (soft) to +10 (crisp) increases the short circuit current and prevents sticking of the electrode to the plate while welding. This can also increase spatter. It is recommended that the ARC CONTROL be set to the minimum number without electrode sticking. Start with a setting at 0.

**DOWNHILL PIPE mode:** In this mode, the ARC CONTROL dial sets the short circuit current (arc-force) during stick welding to adjust for a soft or a more forceful digging arc (crisp). Increasing the number from -10 (soft) to +10 (crisp) increases the short circuit current which results in a more forceful digging arc. Typically a forceful digging arc is preferred for root and hot passes. A softer arc is preferred for fill and cap passes where weld puddle control and deposition ("stacking" of iron) are key to fast travel speeds. It is recommended that the ARC CONTROL be set initially at 0.

**CV-WIRE mode:** In this mode, turning the ARC CONTROL clock wise from -10 (soft) to +10 (crisp) changes the arc from soft and washed-in to crisp and narrow. It acts as an inductance/pinch control. The proper setting depends on the procedure and operator preference. Start with a setting of 0.

**5. WELD OUTPUT TERMINALS WITH FLANGE**

**NUT-** Provides a connection point for the electrode and work cables.

**6. GROUND STUD-**  Provides a connection point for connecting the machine case to earth ground.

**7. 14-PIN CONNECTOR-** For attaching wire feeder control cables. Includes contactor closure circuit, auto-sensing remote control circuit, and 42V power. The remote control circuit operates the same as the 6-Pin Amphenol.

**8. 6-PIN CONNECTOR-** For attaching optional remote control equipment. Includes auto-sensing remote control circuit.

**9. WELD TERMINALS CONTROL SWITCH-** In the WELD TERMINALS ON position, the output is electrically hot all the time. In the REMOTELY CONTROLLED position, the output is controlled by a wire feeder or amptrol device, and is electrically off until a remote switch is depressed.

**10. WIRE FEEDER VOLTMETER SWITCH:**

Matches the polarity of the wire feeder voltmeter to the polarity of the electrode.

**11. VRD (Voltage Reduction Device) INDICATOR**

**LIGHTS -** On the front panel of the VANTAGE® 400 (AU) are two indicator lights. A red light when lit indicates OCV(Open Circuit Voltage) is equal to or greater than 30V and a green light when lit indicates OCV(Open Circuit Voltage) is less than 30V.

The VRD "On/Off" switch inside the control panel must be "On" for the VRD function to be active and the lights to be enabled. When the machine is first started with VRD enabled, both lights will illuminate for 5 seconds.

These lights monitor the OCV(Open Circuit Voltage) and weld voltage at all times. In all modes when not welding the green light will illuminate indicating that the VRD has reduced the OCV to less than 30V. During welding the red light will illuminate whenever the arc voltage is equal to or greater than 30V. This means that the red and green light may alternate depending on the weld voltage. This is normal operation.

If the red light remains illuminated when not welding, the VRD is not functioning properly. Please refer to your local field service shop for service.

If the VRD is turned "On" and the lights don't come "On", refer to the trouble shooting section.

**TABLE B.1**

VRD INDICATOR LIGHTS			
MODE		VRD "ON"	VRD "OFF"
CC-STICK	OCV	Green (OCV Reduced)	No Lights
	While Welding	Red or Green (Depends on Weld Voltage) *	
CV-WIRE	OCV	Green (OCV Reduced)	
	While Welding	Green (No OCV) Weld Terminals Remotely Controlled Gun Trigger Open Red or Green (Depends on Weld Voltage) *	
PIPE	OCV	Green (No Output)	
	While Welding	Not Applicable (No Output)	
ARC GOUGING	OCV	Green (OCV Reduced)	
	While Welding	(Depends on Weld Voltage) *	
TIG	OCV	Green (Process is Low Voltage)	
	While Welding	Green (Process is Low Voltage)	

\* It is normal for the lights to alternate between colors while welding.



**ENGINE CONTROLS:**

**12. RUN/STOP SWITCH** - RUN position energizes the engine prior to starting. STOP position stops the engine. The oil pressure interlock switch prevents battery drain if the switch is left in the RUN position and the engine is not operating.

**13. GLOW PLUG PUSH BUTTON** -

- When pushed activates the glow plugs. Glow plug should not be activated for more than 20 seconds continuously.

**14. START PUSH BUTTON** - Energizes the starter motor to crank the engine.

**15. IDLER SWITCH**- Has two positions as follows:

- 1) In the HIGH position, the engine runs at the high idle speed controlled by the engine governor.
- 2) In the AUTO position, the idler operates as follows:
  - When switched from HIGH to AUTO or after starting the engine, the engine will operate at full speed for approximately 12 seconds and then go to low idle speed.
  - When the electrode touches the work or power is drawn for lights or tools (approximately 100 Watts minimum), the engine accelerates and operates at full speed.
  - When welding ceases or the AC power load is turned off, a fixed time delay of approximately 12 seconds starts. If the welding or AC power load is not restarted before the end of the time delay, the idler reduces the engine speed to low idle speed.
  - The engine will automatically return to high idle speed when there is welding load or AC power load reapplied.

**16. ELECTRIC FUEL GAUGE**- The electric fuel gauge gives accurate and reliable indication as to how much fuel is in the fuel tank.

**17. ENGINE HOUR METER**- Displays the total time that the engine has been running. This meter is useful for scheduling prescribed maintenance.

**TABLE B.2**

TYPICAL VANTAGE® 400 (AU) FUEL CONSUMPTION		
	PERKINS 404D-22 Gal./Hr (Liters/Hr)	Running Time ( Hours) 20 gallon tank
Low Idle - No Load 1200 R.P.M.	.29(1.10)	68.96
High Idle - No Load 1565 R.P.M.	.43(1.63)	46.51
DC Weld Output 350 Amps @ 34Volts	1.27(4.81)	15.75
13,200 Watts 3 Phase	1.35(5.11)	14.81

**NOTE:** This data is for reference only. Fuel consumption is approximate and can be influenced by many factors, including engine maintenance, environmental conditions and fuel quality.

**18. ENGINE PROTECTION LIGHT**- A warning indicator light for Low Oil Pressure and/or Coolant Over Temperature. The light is off when the systems are functioning properly. The light will come on and the engine will shutdown when there is Low Oil Pressure and/or the Coolant is Over Temperature.

Note: The light remains off when the RUN-STOP switch is in the "ON" position prior to starting the engine. However if the engine is not started within 60 seconds the light will come on. When this happens the RUN-STOP switch must be returned to the "OFF" position to reset the engine protection system and light.

**19. BATTERY CHARGING LIGHT**- A warning indicator light for Low/No battery charge. The light is off when the systems are functioning properly. The light will come on if there is a Low/No battery condition but the machine will continue to run.

Note: The light may or may not come on when the RUN-STOP switch is in the "ON" position. It will come on during cranking and stay on until the engine starts. After starting the engine the light will go off unless a Low/No battery charge condition exists.

**20. COOLANT TEMPERATURE GAUGE**- A indicator of engine coolant temperature.


**21. OIL PRESSURE GAUGE**- A indicator of engine Oil Pressure.

**22. CIRCUIT BREAKER**

**23. ENGINE STOP SWITCH**- Shut down Engine.

**24. BATTERY DISCONNECT SWITCH**- Provides Lockout / Tagout capability.

**STARTING THE ENGINE**

1. Remove all plugs connected to the AC power receptacles.
2. Set IDLER switch to AUTO. 
3. Press Glow Plug Button and hold 15 to 20 seconds.
4. Set the RUN/STOP switch to RUN.
5. Press START button until the engine starts or for up to 10 seconds. Continue to hold the glow plug button for up to an additional 10 seconds.
6. Release the engine START button immediately when the engine starts.
7. The engine will run at high idle speed for approximately 12 seconds and then drop to low idle speed. Allow the engine to warm up at low idle for several minutes before applying a load and/or switching to high idle. Allow a longer warm up time in cold weather.

**NOTE:** If the unit fails to start turn Run/Stop switch to off and repeat step 3 through step 7 after waiting 30 seconds.

## ⚠ CAUTION

- Do not allow the starter motor to run continuously for more than 20 seconds.
- Do not push the START button while the engine is running because this can damage the ring gear and/or the starter motor.
- If the Engine Protection or Battery Charging Lights do "not" turn off shortly after starting the engine shut off the engine immediately and determine the cause.

**NOTE:** When starting for the first time, or after an extended period of time of not operating, it will take longer than normal to start because the fuel pump has to fill the fuel system. For best results, bleed the fuel system as indicated in Maintenance Section of this manual.

## STOPPING THE ENGINE

Remove all welding and auxiliary power loads and allow the engine to run at low idle speed for a few minutes to cool the engine.

**STOP** the engine by placing the RUN-STOP switch in the STOP position.

**NOTE:** A fuel shut off valve is located on the fuel pre-filter.

## WELDER OPERATION

### DUTY CYCLE

Duty Cycle is the percentage of time the load is being applied in a 10 minute period. For example a 60% duty cycle, represents 6 minutes of load and 4 minutes of no load in a 10 minute period.

### ELECTRODE INFORMATION

For any electrode the procedures should be kept within the rating of the machine. For information on electrodes and their proper application see ([www.lincolnelectric.com](http://www.lincolnelectric.com)) or the appropriate Lincoln publication.

The VANTAGE® 400 (AU) can be used with a broad range of DC stick electrodes. The MODE switch provides two stick welding settings as follows:

## CONSTANT CURRENT (CC-STICK) WELDING

The CC-STICK position of the MODE switch is designed for horizontal and vertical-up welding with all types of electrodes, especially low hydrogen. The OUTPUT CONTROL dial adjusts the full output range for stick welding.

The ARC CONTROL dial sets the short circuit current (arc-force) during stick welding to adjust for a soft or crisp arc. Increasing the number from -10(soft) to +10(crisp) increases the short circuit current and prevents sticking of the electrode to the plate while welding. This can also increase spatter. It is recommended that the ARC CONTROL be set to the minimum number without electrode sticking. Start with the dial set at 0.

**NOTE:** Due to the low OCV with the VRD on, a very slight delay during striking of the electrodes may occur. Due to the requirement of the resistance in the circuit to be low for a VRD to operate, a good metal-to-metal contact must be made between the metal core of the electrode and the job. A poor connection anywhere in the welding output circuit may limit the operation of the VRD. This includes a good connection of the work clamp to the job. The work clamp should be connected as close as practical to where the welding will be performed.

### A. For New Electrodes

E6010 - Touch, Lift to Start the Arc

E7018, E7024 - Touch, Rock Back and Forth in Joint, Lift .

Once the arc is started, normal welding technique for the application is then used.

### B. For Re-Striking Electrodes

Some electrodes form a cone at the end of the electrode after the welding arc has been broken, particularly iron powder and low hydrogen electrodes. This cone will need to be broken off in order to have the metal core of the electrode make contact.

E6010 - Push, Twist in Joint, Lift

E7018, E7024 - Push, Rock Back and Forth in Joint, Lift.

Once the arc is started, normal welding technique for the application is then used.

For other electrodes the above techniques should be tried first and varied as needed to suit operator preference. The goal for successful starting is good metal to metal contact.

For indicator light operation, see table B.1.

## DOWNHILL PIPE Welding

This slope controlled setting is intended for "out-of-position" and "down hill" pipe welding where the operator would like to control the current level by changing the arc length.



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The OUTPUT CONTROL dial adjusts the full output range for pipe welding.

The ARC CONTROL dial sets the short circuit current (arc-force) during stick welding to adjust for a soft or more forceful digging arc (crisp). Increasing the number from -10(soft) to +10(crisp) increases the short circuit current which results in a more forceful digging arc.

Typically a forceful digging arc is preferred for root and hot passes. A softer arc is preferred for fill and cap passes where weld puddle control and deposition ("stacking" of iron) are key to fast travel speeds. This can also increase spatter.

It is recommended that the ARC CONTROL be set to the minimum number without electrode sticking. Start with the dial set at 0.

**NOTE:** With the VRD switch in the "ON" position there is no output in the DOWNHILL PIPE mode. For indicator light operation, see table B.1.

## TIG WELDING

The TOUCH START TIG setting of the MODE switch is for DC TIG (Tungsten Inert Gas) welding. To initiate a weld, the OUTPUT CONTROL dial is first set to the desired current and the tungsten is touched to the work. During the time the tungsten is touching the work there is very little voltage or current and, in general, no tungsten contamination. Then, the tungsten is gently lifted off the work in a rocking motion, which establishes the arc.

When in the TOUCH START TIG mode and when an Amptrol is connected to the 6-Pin connector the OUTPUT CONTROL dial is used to set the maximum current range of the current control of the Amptrol.

The ARC CONTROL is not active in the TIG mode. To STOP a weld, simply pull the TIG torch away from the work.

When the arc voltage reaches approximately 30 Volts the arc will go out and the machine will reset the current to the Touch Start level.

To reinitiate the arc, retouch the tungsten to the work and lift. Alternatively, the weld can be stopped by releasing the Amptrol or arc start switch.

The VANTAGE® 400 (AU) can be used in a wide variety of DC TIG welding applications. In general the 'Touch Start' feature allows contamination free starting without the use of a Hi-frequency unit. If desired, the K930-2 TIG Module can be used with the VANTAGE® 400 (AU). The settings are for reference.

VANTAGE® 400 (AU) settings when using the K930-2 TIG Module with an Amptrol or Arc Start Switch:

- Set the MODE Switch to the TOUCH START TIG setting.
- Set the "IDLER" Switch to the "AUTO" position.
- Set the "WELDING TERMINALS" switch to the "REMOTELY CONTROLLED" position.

TABLE B.3

TYPICAL CURRENT RANGES (1) FOR TUNGSTEN ELECTRODES(2)							
Tungsten Electrode Diameter in. (mm)	DCEN (-)		DCEP (+)		Approximate Argon Gas Flow Flow Rate C.F.H. ( l /min.)		TIG TORCH Nozzle Size (4), (5)
	1%, 2% Thoriated Tungsten	1%, 2% Thoriated Tungsten	Aluminum	Stainless Steel			
0.010 (.25)	2-15	(3)	3-8 (2-4)	3-8 (2-4)			#4, #5, #6
0.020 (.50)	5-20	(3)	5-10 (3-5)	5-10 (3-5)			
0.040 (1.0)	15-80	(3)	5-10 (3-5)	5-10 (3-5)			
1/16 (1.6)	70-150	10-20	5-10 (3-5)	9-13 (4-6)			#5, #6
3/32 (2.4)	150-250	15-30	13-17 (6-8)	11-15 (5-7)			#6, #7, #8
1/8 (3.2)	250-400	25-40	15-23 (7-11)	11-15 (5-7)			
5/32 (4.0)	400-500	40-55	21-25 (10-12)	13-17 (6-8)			#8, #10
3/16 (4.8)	500-750	55-80	23-27 (11-13)	18-22 (8-10)			
1/4 (6.4)	750-1000	80-125	28-32 (13-15)	23-27 (11-13)			

(1) When used with argon gas. The current ranges shown must be reduced when using argon/helium or pure helium shielding gases.

(2) Tungsten electrodes are classified as follows by the American Welding Society (AWS):

Pure	EWTP
1% Thoriated	EWTh-1
2% Thoriated	EWTh-2

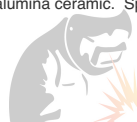
Though not yet recognized by the AWS, Ceriated Tungsten is now widely accepted as a substitute for 2% Thoriated Tungsten in AC and DC applications.

(3) DCEP is not commonly used in these sizes.

(4) TIG torch nozzle "sizes" are in multiples of 1/16ths of an inch:

# 4 = 1/4 in.	(6 mm)
# 5 = 5/16 in.	(8 mm)
# 6 = 3/8 in.	(10 mm)
# 7 = 7/16 in.	(11 mm)
# 8 = . in.	(12.5 mm)
#10 = 5/8 in.	(16 mm)

(5) TIG torch nozzles are typically made from alumina ceramic. Special applications may require lava nozzles, which are less prone to breakage, but cannot withstand high temperatures and high duty cycles.



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This will keep the "Solid State" contactor open and provide a "cold" electrode until the Amptrol or Arc Start Switch is pressed.

When using the TIG Module, the OUTPUT CONTROL on the VANTAGE® 400 (AU) is used to set the maximum range of the CURRENT CONTROL on the TIG Module or an Amptrol if connected to the TIG Module.

**NOTE:** The TIG process is to receive a low voltage welding process. There is no difference in operation with the VRD "On" or "Off" for this mode. For indicator light operation, see table B.1.

**WIRE WELDING-CV**

Connect a wire feeder to the VANTAGE® 400 (AU) according to the instructions in INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS Section.

The VANTAGE® 400 (AU) in the CV-WIRE mode, permits it to be used with a broad range of flux cored wire (Innershield and Outershield) electrodes and solid wires for MIG welding (gas metal arc welding). Welding can be finely tuned using the ARC CONTROL. Turning the ARC CONTROL clockwise from -10 (soft) to +10 (crisp) changes the arc from soft and washed-in to crisp and narrow. It acts as an inductance/pinch control. The proper setting depends on the procedure and operator preference. Start with the dial set at 0.

**NOTE:** In the CV-Mode with VRD "On", the OCV(Open Circuit Voltage) is not reduced. For indicator light operation, see table B.1.

**ARC GOUGING**

The VANTAGE® 400 (AU) can be used for arc gouging. For optimal performance, set the MODE switch to ARC GOUGING.

Set the OUTPUT CONTROL knob to adjust output current to the desired level for the gouging electrode being used according to the ratings in the following Table B.4.

**TABLE B.4**

Carbon Diameter	Current Range (DC, electrode positive)
1/8" (3.2mm)	60-90 Amps
5/32" (4.0mm)	90-150 Amps
3/16" (4.8mm)	200-250 Amps
1/4" (6.4mm)	300-400 Amps

The ARC CONTROL is not active in the ARC GOUGING Mode. The ARC CONTROL is automatically set to maximum when the ARC GOUGING mode is selected which provides the best ARC GOUGING performance.

**AUXILIARY POWER:**

Start the engine and set the IDLER control switch to the desired operating mode. Full power is available regardless of the welding control settings providing no welding current is being drawn.

**Simultaneous Welding and Auxiliary Power Loads**

The auxiliary power ratings are with no welding load. Simultaneous welding and power loads are specified in Table B.5.

**TABLE B.5**

SIMULTANEOUS WELDING AND AUXILIARY POWER OUTPUT		
WELDING OUTPUT (AMPS)	AUXILIARY POWER OUTPUT (WATTS)	AUXILIARY POWER OUTPUT (AMPS @ 400V, 3-PHASE)
0	13,200	19.0
100	10,600	15.3
200	7,400	10.7
300	3,400	4.9
350	1,100	1.6
MAX	0	0

**TABLE B.6**

**VANTAGE® 400 (AU) Extension Cord Length Recommendations**  
(Use the shortest length extension cord possible sized per the following table.)

Current (Amps)	Voltage (Volts)	Load (Watts)	Maximum Allowable Cord Length in ft. (m) for Conductor Size											
			14 AWG		12 AWG		10 AWG		8 AWG		6 AWG		4 AWG	
15	120	1800	30	(9)	40	(12)	75	(23)	125	(38)	175	(53)	300	(91)
20	120	2400			30	(9)	50	(15)	88	(27)	138	(42)	225	(69)
15	240	3600	60	(18)	75	(23)	150	(46)	225	(69)	350	(107)	600	(183)
20	240	4800			60	(18)	100	(30)	175	(53)	275	(84)	450	(137)
44	240	9500					50	(15)	90	(27)	150	(46)	225	(69)

Conductor size is based on maximum 2.0% voltage drop.



## FIELD INSTALLED OPTIONS / ACCESSORIES

**K903-1 SPARK ARRESTOR** - Includes a heavy gage steel, approved spark arrestor, clamp and adapter for mounting to the muffler exhaust pipe.

**K704 ACCESSORY SET** - Includes 35 ft. (10m) of electrode cable and 30 ft. (9.1m) of work cable, headshield, work clamp electrode holder. Cables are rated at 400 amps, 100% duty cycle.

**K857 25 ft (7.6m) or K857-1 100 ft. (30.4m) REMOTE CONTROL**

Portable control provides same dial range as the output control on the welder. Has a convenient 6 pin plug for easy connection to the welder.

**K1858-1 Service Indicator Kit-** Provides a GO / NO-GO visual indication of air cleaner element useful service life. Filter service based on restriction readings allows the longest life possible from the filter and best engine protection.

**K2641-2 Trailer** - A 4-wheel steerable trailer for in-plant and yard towing. Comes standard with a Duo-Hitch™, a 2" Ball and Lunette Eye combination hitch.

**K2642-1 Polarity/Multi-Process Switch-** For easy polarity switching. Example: DC- stick root pass on pipe and DC+ stick for hot, fill and cap passes. Also for an easy process change. Example DC+ stick root pass on pipe and DC\_ innershield self shielded flux core wire for hot, fill and gap passes. 6 and 14 pin remote connections can be made to this unit. For all Lincoln Chopper technology engine-drive welders Mounts on roof with **Docking Kit**.

**K2663-1 Docking Kit-**Secures Polarity/Multi-Process Switch, mounts on the roof of all Lincoln Chopper technology engine-drives.

## WIRE FEEDER OPTIONS

**K2613-1 LN-25 PRO PORTABLE WIRE FEEDER-**The MAXTRAC® wire drive enhances performance, while the replacement case, and many other upgrade options that can be installed in less than five minutes aid in the serviceability.

**KP1697-5/64 Drive Roll Kit-** Includes: 2 polished U groove drive rolls, outer wire guide and inner wire guide for solid core wire. (Used on LN-25 Pro)

**KP1697-068 Drive Roll Kit-** Includes: 2 polished U groove drive rolls, outer wire guide and inner wire guide for solid core wire. (Used on LN-25 Pro)

**KP1696-1 Drive Roll Kit-** Includes: 2 V groove drive rolls and inner wire guide for Steel Wires. (Used on LN-25 Pro)

**K449 LN-25** - Includes internal contactor for across the arc operation (no control cable). Provides "cold" electrode until gun trigger is pressed. Includes gas solenoid. For spools up to 44 LBS (20Kg).

**K1870-1 LN-15 Across the Arc Wire Feeder.**

Portable, lightweight, compact CC/CV unit for flux-cored and MIG welding. Includes Gas Solenoid, adjustable flow meter and internal contactor. For 10-15 lb. (4.5-6.8kg) spools.

Magnum Gun and Magnum Gun Connector Kit are required for gas-shielded welding. Innershield Gun is required for gasless welding.

**K126-2** Magnum 350 Innershield Gun

**K1802-1** Magnum 300 MIG Gun (for LN-25)

**K470-2** Magnum 300 MIG Gun (for LN-15, Includes Connector Kit)

**K466-10** Connector Kit (for LN-15, K470-2)

**K1500-1** Gun Receiver Bushing (for LN-15 & K126-2)

**Note:** See Wire Feeder IM manuals for appropriate Drive Roll and Guide Tubes.

## TIG OPTIONS

**K1783-9 Pro -Torch® PTA-26V TIG Torch**

Air Cooled 200 amp torch (2 piece) equipped with valve for gas flow control. 25 ft. (7.6m) length.

**KP509 Magnum Parts Kit for PTA-26V TIG Torch**

Magnum Parts Kit provides all the torch accessories you need to start welding. Parts kit provides collets, collet bodies, a black cap, alumina nozzles and tungstens in a variety of sizes, all packaged in an easy to carry reclosable sack.

**K870 Foot Amptrol®**

**K963-3 Hand Amptrol®**

**K2535-1 Precision TIG 225 Ready-Pak(For AC TIG)**

**K2350-2 Invertec® V205-T AC/DC One-Pak™ Package (For AC TIG)**

## PLASMA CUTTING

**K1601-1 Pro-Cut 55-**Cuts metal using the 3-phase AC generator power from the engine driven welder. Accepts 3-phase power.

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**SAFETY PRECAUTIONS**

**⚠ WARNING**

- Have qualified personnel do all maintenance and troubleshooting work.
- Turn the engine off before working inside the machine or servicing the engine.
- Remove guards only when necessary to perform maintenance and replace them when the maintenance requiring their removal is complete. If guards are missing from the machine, obtain replacements from a Lincoln Distributor. (See Operating Manual Parts List.)

Read the Safety Precautions in the front of this manual and in the Engine Owner's Manual before working on this machine.

Keep all equipment safety guards, covers, and devices in position and in good repair. Keep hands, hair, clothing, and tools away from the gears, fans, and all other moving parts when starting, operating, or repairing the equipment.

**Routine Maintenance**

At the end of each day's use, refill the fuel tank to minimize moisture condensation in the tank. Running out of fuel tends to draw dirt into the fuel system. Also, check the crankcase oil level and add oil if indicated.

**ENGINE SERVICE**

EVERY DAY OR EVERY 8 HOURS						
FIRST SERVICE (20 / 50 HOURS)						
EVERY 100 HOURS OR 3 MONTHS						
EVERY 200 HOURS OR 6 MONTHS						
EVERY 500 HOURS OR 12 MONTHS						
EVERY 1000 HOURS OR ANNUALLY						
ENGINE SERVICE (NOTE 2)						
					MAINTENANCE ITEM	TYPE OR QUANTITY
I					Coolant level	
	I				Concentration of antifreeze	50/50 Water/Ethylene Glycol
			R		Coolant (NOTE 3)	9.5qt., 9.0L
I					Engine oil level (NOTE 1)	
	R		R		Engine oil (NOTE 1 & 3)	8.45qt., 8L (including filter)
	R		R		Engine oil filter	Perkins #140517050 *
C					Drain water separator & fuel strainer	
			R		Water separator element	Lincoln #M20840-A *
			R		Fuel filter canister	Perkins #130366120 *
		I			Tension of alternator drive belt	
		I			Alternator drive belt wear	
				R	Alternator drive belt	Perkins #080109107
C					Air filter (earlier check may be req'd)	
			R		Air filter element	Donaldson #P821575 *
			R		Renew the engine breather	
			I		Tighten cylinder head	
			I		Valve clearances	Intake .008", exhaust .008"
			I		Electrical systems	
			I		All nuts and bolts for tightness	
			I		Injector performance	Contact Perkins
I					Leaks or engine damage	
			I		Battery	

I = Inspect    C = Clean    R = Replace

**Notes:**  
 (1) Consult Engine Operators Manual for oil recommendations.  
 (2) Consult Engine Operators Manual for additional maintenance schedule information.  
 (3) Fill slowly! Ensure correct quantity is used.

Above operations to be carried out by trained personnel with reference to the workshop manual where necessary.

These preventative maintenance periods apply to average conditions of operation. If necessary use shorter periods.

\* Items Included in K3598-1 engine service kit

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## ENGINE OIL CHANGE



Drain the engine oil while the engine is warm to assure rapid and complete draining. It is recommended that each time the oil is changed the oil filter be changed as well.

- Be sure the unit is off. Disconnect the negative battery cable to ensure safety.
- Locate oil drain hose and valve in bottom of base and pull through the hole in the battery access panel on the welder.
- Open oil drain valve by lifting up spring loaded lever and rotate 90° counterclockwise. Pull to open and drain the oil into a suitable container for disposal.
- Close the drain valve by rotating lever 90° clockwise.
- Re-fill the crankcase to the upper limit mark on the dipstick with the recommended oil (see engine operation manual OR engine service items decal OR below). Replace and tighten the oil filler cap securely.
- Push oil drain hose and valve back into unit, re-connect negative battery cable, and close doors and engine top cover before restarting unit. Wash your hands with soap and water after handling used motor oil. Please dispose of used motor oil in a manner that is compatible with the environment. We suggest you take it in a sealed container to your local service station or recycling center for reclamation. DO NOT throw it in the trash; pour it on the ground or down a drain.

Use motor oil designed for diesel engines that meets requirements for API service classification CC/CD/CE/CF/CF-4/CG-4 or CH-4.

ACEA E1/E2/E3. Always check the API service label on the oil container to be sure it includes the letters indicated. (Note: An S-grade oil must not be used in a diesel engine or damage may result. It IS permissible to use an oil that meets S and C grade service classifications.)

SAE 10W30 is recommended for general, all temperature use, 5F to 104F (-15C to 40C).

See engine owner's manual for more specific information on oil viscosity recommendations.

## OIL FILTER CHANGE

- Drain the oil.
- Remove the oil filter with an oil filter wrench and drain the oil into a suitable container. Discard the used filter. Note: Care should be taken during filter removal to not disrupt or damage in any way the fuel lines.
- Clean the filter mounting base and coat the gasket of the new filter with clean engine oil.
- Screw the new filter on by hand until the gasket contacts the mounting base. Using an oil filter wrench, tighten the filter an additional 1/2 to 7/8 of a turn.
- Refill the crankcase with the specified amount of the recommended engine oil. Reinstall the oil filler cap and tighten securely.
- Start the engine and check for oil filter leaks.
- Stop the engine and check the oil level. If necessary, add oil to the upper limit mark on the dipstick.

### WARNING

- **Never use gasoline or low flash point solvents for cleaning the air cleaner element. A fire or explosion could result.**

### CAUTION

- **Never run the engine without the air cleaner. Rapid engine wear will result from contaminants, such as dust and dirt being drawn into the engine.**

## AIR CLEANER

The diesel engine is equipped with a dry type air filter. Never apply oil to it. Service the air cleaner as follows:

Replace the element every 500 hours of operation. Under dusty conditions, replace sooner.

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## Service Instructions

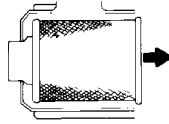
### Single- and Two-Stage Engine Air Cleaners

#### 1 Remove the Filter



Rotate the filter while pulling straight out.

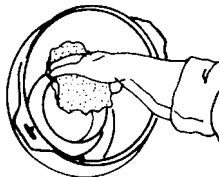
Unfasten or unlatch the service cover. Because the filter fits tightly over the outlet tube to create the critical seal, there will be some initial resistance, similar to breaking the seal on a jar. Gently move the end of the filter back and forth to break the seal then rotate while pulling straight out. Avoid knocking the filter against the housing.



If your air cleaner has a safety filter, replace it every third primary filter change. Remove the safety filter as you would the primary filter. Make sure you cover the air cleaner outlet tube to avoid any unfiltered contaminant dropping into the engine.

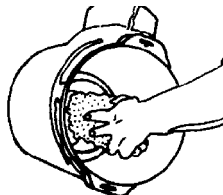
#### 2 Clean Both Surfaces of the Outlet Tube and Check the Vacuator™ Valve

Use a clean cloth to wipe the filter sealing surface and the inside of the outlet tube. Contaminant on the sealing surface could hinder an effective seal and cause leakage. Make sure that all contaminant is removed before the new filter is inserted. Dirt accidentally transferred to the inside of the outlet tube will reach the engine and cause wear. Engine manufacturers say that it takes only a few grams of dirt to "dust" an engine! Be careful not to damage the sealing area on the tube.



Outer edge of the outlet tube

Wipe both sides of the outlet tube clean.



Inner edge of the outlet tube

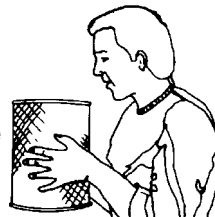
#### If your air cleaner is equipped with a Vacuator Valve

Visually check and physically squeeze to make sure the valve is flexible and not inverted, damaged or plugged.



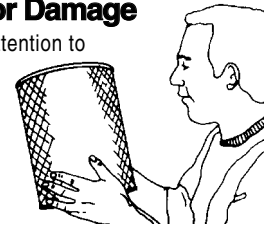
#### 3 Inspect the Old Filter for Leak Clues

Visually inspect the old filter for any signs of leaks. A streak of dust on the clean side of the filter is a telltale sign. Remove any cause of leaks before installing new filter.



#### 4 Inspect the New Filter for Damage

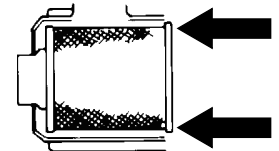
Inspect the new filter carefully, paying attention to the inside of the open end, which is the sealing area. NEVER install a damaged filter. A new Donaldson radial seal filter may have a dry lubricant on the seal to aid installation.



#### 5 Insert the New Radial Seal Filter Properly

If you're servicing the safety filter, this should be seated into position before installing the primary filter.

Insert the new filter carefully. Seat the filter by hand, making certain it is completely into the air cleaner housing before securing the cover in place.



The critical sealing area will stretch slightly, adjust itself and distribute the sealing pressure evenly. To complete a tight seal, apply pressure by hand at the outer rim of the filter, not the flexible center. (Avoid pushing on the center of the urethane end cap.) No cover pressure is required to hold the seal. NEVER use the service cover to push the filter into place! Using the cover to push the filter in could cause damage to the housing, cover fasteners and will void the warranty.

If the service cover hits the filter before it is fully in place, remove the cover and push the filter (by hand) further into the air cleaner and try again. The cover should go on with no extra force.

Once the filter is in place, secure the service cover.



#### Caution

**NEVER use the service cover to push the filter into place! Using the cover to push the filter in could cause damage to the housing, cover fasteners and will void the warranty.**



#### 6 Check Connectors for Tight Fit

Make sure that all mounting bands, clamps, bolts, and connections in the entire air cleaner system are tight. Check for holes in piping and repair if needed. Any leaks in your intake piping will send dust directly to the engine!

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## COOLING SYSTEM

### ⚠ WARNING



**HOT COOLANT** can burn skin.

- Do not remove cap if radiator is hot.

Check the coolant level by observing the level in the radiator and recovery bottle. Add 50/50 antifreeze / water solution if the level is close to or below the "LOW" mark. do not fill above the "FULL" mark. Remove radiator cap and add coolant to radiator. Fill up to the top of the tube in the radiator filler neck which includes a connecting hose coming from the thermostat housing.

To drain the coolant, open the valve at the bottom of the radiator. Open the radiator cap to allow complete drainage. (Tighten the valve and refill with a 50/50 antifreeze/water solution.) Use an automotive grade (low silicate) ethylene glycol antifreeze. The cooling system capacity is 8.0 quarts (7.6L.). Squeeze upper and lower radiator hoses while filling to bleed air from system coolant. Replace and tighten the radiator cap.

### ⚠ CAUTION

**Always premix the antifreeze and clean tap water before adding to the radiator. It is very important that a precise 50/50 solution be used with this engine year round. This gives proper cooling during hot weather and freezing protection to -34° F (-37° C).**


**Cooling solution exceeding 50% ethylene glycol can result in engine overheating and damage to the engine. Coolant solution must be premixed before adding to radiator.**

Periodically remove the dirt from the radiator fins. Periodically check the fan belt and radiator hoses. Replace if signs of deterioration are found.

## TIGHTENING THE FAN BELT

If the fan belt is loose, the engine can overheat and the battery lose its charge. Check tightness by pressing on the belt midway between the pulleys. It should deflect about .25 in.(6.4 mm) under a load of 20 lbs.(9 Kg).

## FUEL

**DIESEL FUEL ONLY**-Low sulphur fuel or ultra low sulphur fuel in U.S.A. and Canada. 

At the end of each day's use, refill the fuel tank to minimize moisture condensation and dirt contamination in the fuel line. Do not overfill; leave room for the fuel to expand.

Use only fresh No. 2D diesel fuel, the use of No. 1D diesel fuel is recommended in place of No. 2D at temperatures below 23°F (-5°C). Do not use kerosene.

See the Engine Operator's Manual for instructions on replacing the fuel filter.

## BLEEDING THE FUEL SYSTEM

You may need to bleed air from the fuel system if the fuel filter or fuel lines have been detached, the fuel tank has been ran empty or after periods of long storage. It is recommended that the fuel shutoff valve be closed during periods of non-use.

### ⚠ WARNING

**To avoid personal injury, do not bleed a hot engine. This could cause fuel to spill onto a hot exhaust manifold, creating a danger of fire.**

**Bleed the fuel system as follows:**

1. Fill the fuel tank with fuel.
2. Open the fuel shut off valve.
3. Loosen bleed fitting on the fuel injector manifold.
4. Operate hand priming lever until fuel comes out the bleed screw on the injector manifold. This could take 20-30 seconds of rapid operation of the priming lever. Tighten bleed fitting on injector manifold.
5. Follow normal STARTING procedures until engine starts.

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## FUEL FILTER

1. Check the fuel filter and fuel pre-filter for water accumulation or sediment.
2. Replace the fuel filter if it is found with excessive water accumulation or sediment. Empty fuel pre-filter.

## OVERSPEED IS HAZARDOUS

The maximum allowable high idle speed for this machine is 1890 RPM, no load. Do NOT tamper with governor components or setting or make any other adjustments to increase the maximum speed. Severe personal injury and damage to the machine can result if operated at speeds above maximum.

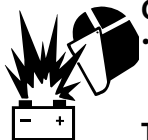
## ENGINE ADJUSTMENT

Adjustments to the engine are to be made only by a Lincoln Service Center or an authorized Field Service Shop.

## BATTERY MAINTENANCE

To access the battery, remove the battery tray from the front of the machine with 3/8" nut driver or flat head screw driver. Pull the tray out of machine far enough to disconnect the negative and then positive battery cables. The tray can then be tilted and lifted to remove the entire tray and battery from the machine for easy service.

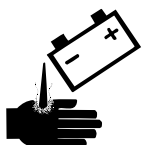
### ⚠ WARNING



**GASES FROM BATTERY can explode.**  
• Keep sparks, flame and cigarettes away from battery.

To prevent EXPLOSION when:

- **INSTALLING A NEW BATTERY** — disconnect negative cable from old battery first and connect to new battery last.
- **CONNECTING A BATTERY CHARGER** — remove battery from welder by disconnecting negative cable first, then positive cable and battery clamp. When reinstalling, connect negative cable last. Keep well ventilated.
- **USING A BOOSTER** — connect positive lead to battery first then connect negative lead to negative battery lead at engine foot.



**BATTERY ACID can burn eyes and skin.**

- Wear gloves and eye protection and be careful when working near battery.

- Follow instructions printed on battery.

## CLEANING THE BATTERY

Keep the battery clean by wiping it with a damp cloth when dirty. If the terminals appear corroded, disconnect the battery cables and wash the terminals with an ammonia solution or a solution of 1/4 pound (0.1113 kg) of baking soda and 1 quart (0.9461L) of water. Be sure the battery vent plugs (if equipped) are tight so that none of the solution enters the cells.

After cleaning, flush the outside of the battery, the battery compartment, and surrounding areas with clear water. Coat the battery terminals lightly with petroleum jelly or a non-conductive grease to retard corrosion. Keep the battery clean and dry. Moisture accumulation on the battery can lead to more rapid discharge and early battery failure.

## CHECKING THE ELECTROLYTE LEVEL

If battery cells are low, fill them to the neck of the filler hole with distilled water and recharge. If one cell is low, check for leaks.

## CHARGING THE BATTERY

When you charge, jump, replace, or otherwise connect battery cables to the battery, be sure the polarity is correct. Improper polarity can damage the charging circuit. The VANTAGE® 400 (AU) positive (+) battery terminal has a red terminal cover.

If you need to charge the battery with an external charger, disconnect the negative cable first, then the positive cable before you attach the charger leads. After the battery is charged, reconnect the positive battery cable first and the negative cable last. Failure to do so can result in damage to the internal charger components.

Follow the instructions of the battery charger manufacturer for proper charger settings and charging time.

## SERVICING OPTIONAL SPARK ARRESTOR

Clean every 100 hours.

### ⚠ WARNING

- **MUFFLER MAY BE HOT**
- **ALLOW ENGINE TO COOL BEFORE INSTALLING THE SPARK ARRESTER!**
- **DO NOT OPERATE ENGINE WHILE INSTALLING THE SPARK ARRESTER!**



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## WELDER / GENERATOR MAINTENANCE

**STORAGE:** Store in clean, dry protected areas.

**CLEANING:** Blow out the generator and controls periodically with low pressure air. Do this at least once a week in particularly dirty areas.

**BRUSH REMOVAL AND REPLACEMENT:** It's normal for the brushes and slip rings to wear and darken slightly. Inspect the brushes when a generator overhaul is necessary.

### CAUTION


- Do not attempt to polish slip rings while the engine is running.

### WARNING

- Service and Repair should only be performed by Lincoln Electric Factory Trained Personnel. Unauthorized repairs performed on this equipment may result in danger to the technician and machine operator and will invalidate your factory warranty. For your safety and to avoid Electrical Shock, please observe all safety notes and precautions.
- 

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## HOW TO USE TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE

### WARNING

Service and Repair should only be performed by Lincoln Electric Factory Trained Personnel. Unauthorized repairs performed on this equipment may result in danger to the technician and machine operator and will invalidate your factory warranty. For your safety and to avoid Electrical Shock, please observe all safety notes and precautions detailed throughout this manual.

This Troubleshooting Guide is provided to help you locate and repair possible machine malfunctions. Simply follow the three-step procedure listed below.

#### **Step 1. LOCATE PROBLEM (SYMPTOM).**

Look under the column labeled “PROBLEM (SYMPTOMS)”. This column describes possible symptoms that the machine may exhibit. Find the listing that best describes the symptom that the machine is exhibiting.

#### **Step 2. POSSIBLE CAUSE.**

The second column labeled “POSSIBLE CAUSE” lists the obvious external possibilities that may contribute to the machine symptom.

#### **Step 3. RECOMMENDED COURSE OF ACTION**

This column provides a course of action for the Possible Cause, generally it states to contact your local Lincoln Authorized Field Service Facility.

If you do not understand or are unable to perform the Recommended Course of Action safely, contact your local Lincoln Authorized Field Service Facility.

### CAUTION

If for any reason you do not understand the test procedures or are unable to perform the tests/repairs safely, contact your **Local Lincoln Authorized Field Service Facility** for technical troubleshooting assistance before you proceed.

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Observe all Safety Guidelines detailed throughout this manual

PROBLEMS (SYMPTOMS)	POSSIBLE CAUSE	RECOMMENDED COURSE OF ACTION
Major Physical or Electrical Damage is Evident.	1. <b>Contact your local Lincoln Authorized Field Service Facility.</b>	If all recommended possible areas of misadjustment have been checked and the problem persists, <b>Contact your local Lincoln Authorized Field Service Facility.</b>
Engine will not "crank".	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Battery is low, Charge Battery.</li> <li>2. Loose battery cable connections. Inspect, clean and tighten terminals.</li> <li>3. Faulty engine starter motor. Contact authorized local Engine Service Shop.</li> </ol>	
Engine will "crank" but not start.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Fuel shut off valve on Main Fuel Filter in the OFF position. Open valve (vertical) position of handle.</li> <li>2. Fuel Filters dirty/clogged. Check and replace main filter element and/or Inline Fuel Filter.</li> <li>3. Out of fuel. Fill tank and bleed fuel system.</li> <li>4. High coolant temperature or low oil pressure. (indicator lights lit) Check oil and coolant levels. Fill if required. Check for loose or broken fan belt.</li> <li>5. Faulty fuel shutdown solenoid. Check that shutdown solenoid is functioning properly and not binding/ contact authorized engine service shop.</li> <li>6. Faulty fuel pump. Check for fuel flow through filters. Contact authorized local Engine Service Shop.</li> </ol>	
Engine shuts down shortly after starting.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. High coolant temperature or low oil pressure. (indicator light lit) Change oil and oil filters and fill to proper level. Check and fill coolant level. Check for loose or broken fan belt. Start engine and look for leaks.</li> <li>2. Faulty oil pressure switch or other engine component. Contact authorized local Engine Service Shop.</li> <li>3. Faulty Idler/Protection Board.</li> </ol>	

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PROBLEMS (SYMPTOMS)	POSSIBLE CAUSE	RECOMMENDED COURSE OF ACTION
Engine shuts down while under a load.	1. High radiator coolant temperature. Reduce load if it is exceeding machine rating. Add coolant to system if low. Clean fins on radiator if dirty. Tighten fan belt if loose. Remove objects blocking or close to intake openings on both sides of base and exhaust end (case back).	If all recommended possible areas of misadjustment have been checked and the problem persists, <b>Contact your local Lincoln Authorized Field Service Facility.</b>
Engine runs rough.	1. Dirty fuel or air filters. Inspect and clean/replace filters as needed. Inspect and clean/replace filters as needed. 2. Water in fuel. If water found in tank. Empty fuel tank and refill then purge fuel lines.	
Battery does not stay charged. Engine alternator trouble light is on while machine is running.	1. Faulty battery. Replace. 2. Loose connections at battery or alternator. Clean and tighten connections. 3. Faulty engine alternator or charger module. Consult authorized Engine Service Shop.	
Engine will not idle down to low speed.	1. Idler switch in High idle position. Set switch to Auto. 2. External load on welder or auxiliary power. Remove all external loads. 3. Faulty PC board or idler solenoid.	
Engine will not go to high idle when attempting to weld.	1. Poor work lead connection to work. Make sure work clamp is tightly connected to clean base metal. 2. "Contactor" switch is in wrong position. Set to "Welding On" when welding without a control cable. Refer to Operations chapter for proper use of this switch. 3. Faulty PC board. Low idle speed set to low.	

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PROBLEMS (SYMPTOMS)	POSSIBLE CAUSE	RECOMMENDED COURSE OF ACTION
Engine will not go to high idle when using auxiliary power.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Auxiliary power load is less than 100 watts. Idler may not respond with less than a 100 watt load. Set idler to "High".</li> <li>2. Faulty PC board.(Control or Idler).</li> </ol>	<p>If all recommended possible areas of misadjustment have been checked and the problem persists, <b>Contact your local Lincoln Authorized Field Service Facility.</b></p>
Engine will not go to high idle under weld or auxiliary loading.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Faulty idler solenoid. Check for bent linkage or broken spring.</li> <li>2. Faulty PC board.(Control or Idler).</li> </ol>	
Engine does not develop full power. Engine runs rough.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Fuel filter clogged, Replace.</li> <li>2. Air filter clogged, clean or replace.</li> <li>3. High idle setting incorrect, check and adjust if required.</li> <li>4. Valves out of adjustment.</li> <li>5. Fuel contaminated with water or sediment. Check fuel pre-filter and empty of water, bleed fuel system. Replace fuel in tank if needed.</li> </ol>	
Engine will not go to high idle when attempting to weld or using auxiliary power. Switching to manual high idle does not work.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Broken spring on Idle Solenoid, solenoid linkage binding, Faulty PC board (Control or Idler), low idle speed set too low on idle solenoid.</li> </ol>	
Engine will not shut off.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Fuel Shutdown solenoid not functioning properly / linkage binding. Stop engine by shutting off valve located on main fuel filter. Contact authorized local Engine Service Shop.</li> </ol>	
Engine does not develop full power. Low weld and auxiliary output. Engine runs rough.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Fuel filter dirty/clogged. Replace.</li> <li>2. Air filter dirty/clogged. Replace Air Filter Element.</li> <li>3. Fouled fuel injector(s). Contact authorized Engine Service Shop.</li> <li>4. Fuel contaminated with water. Check water separator for water. Clean and replace as needed. Replace fuel in tank.</li> <li>5. Cracked or loose fuel hose. Replace hose and tighten clamps.</li> <li>6. Valves out of adjustment. Contact authorized local Engine Service Shop.</li> </ol>	

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PROBLEMS (SYMPTOMS)	POSSIBLE CAUSE	RECOMMENDED COURSE OF ACTION
No welding power output.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Poor work lead connection to work. Make sure work clamp is tightly connected to clean base metal.</li> <li>2. "Weld Terminals" switch in wrong position. Place switch in "Weld Terminals On" position when welding without control cable.</li> <li>3. Faulty PC board or welder alternator.</li> </ol>	<p>If all recommended possible areas of misadjustment have been checked and the problem persists, <b>Contact your local Lincoln Authorized Field Service Facility.</b></p>
Welder has output but no control.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Poor remote/control cable connection to 6-pin or 14-pin connector. Check connections.</li> <li>2. Faulty remote cable or faulty wire feeder or wire feeder cable. Replace if necessary.</li> <li>3. Faulty control potentiometer or PC board.</li> </ol>	
Wire feeder does not work when control cable is connected to 14-pin connector.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Wire Feeder Power circuit breaker open. Check 42V beaker and reset if tripped.</li> <li>2. Faulty control cable. Repair or replace cable.</li> <li>3. Faulty wire feeder. Replace wire feeder.</li> </ol>	
No auxiliary power.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Open circuit breakers. Reset breakers. If breakers keep tripping, reduce power draw.</li> <li>2. Faulty connections to auxiliary receptacles. Check connections.</li> <li>3. RCD tripped. Clear any ground fault and reset RCD circuit by pressing "Reset" button.</li> <li>4. Faulty PC board or welder alternator.</li> </ol>	

**WELDING TECHNOLOGY**  
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**CAUTION**

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PROBLEMS (SYMPTOMS)	POSSIBLE CAUSE	RECOMMENDED COURSE OF ACTION
The welding arc is "cold." The welding arc is not stable or is not satisfactory. the engine runs normally. The auxiliary power is normal.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Make sure the MODE selector switch is in the correct position for the process being used. (For example, CV-WIRE, PIPE, CC-STICK.)</li> <li>2. Make sure the electrode (wire, gas, voltage, current etc.) is correct for the process being used.</li> <li>3. Check for loose or faulty connections at the weld output terminals and welding cable connections.</li> <li>4. The welding cables may be too long or coiled, causing an excessive voltage drop.</li> <li>5. Faulty Control Board.</li> </ol>	<p>If all recommended possible areas of misadjustment have been checked and the problem persists, <b>Contact your local Lincoln Authorized Field Service Facility.</b></p>
No output in Pipe Mode.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Make sure VRD ON/OFF toggle switch is in the "OFF" position.</li> <li>2. Poor work lead connection to work. Make sure work clamp is tightly connected to clean base metal.</li> <li>3. "Weld Terminals" switch in wrong position. Place switch in "Weld Terminals On" position when welding without control cable.</li> <li>4. Faulty PC board or welder alternator.</li> </ol>	
VRD Lights don't light up.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Ensure VRD ON/OFF switch is in the "ON" position.</li> <li>2. If light is burned out, replace both VRD lights.</li> <li>3. Faulty OCV indicator PC board.</li> </ol>	

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**CAUTION**

If for any reason you do not understand the test procedures or are unable to perform the tests/repairs safely, contact your **Local Lincoln Authorized Field Service Facility** for technical troubleshooting assistance before you proceed.



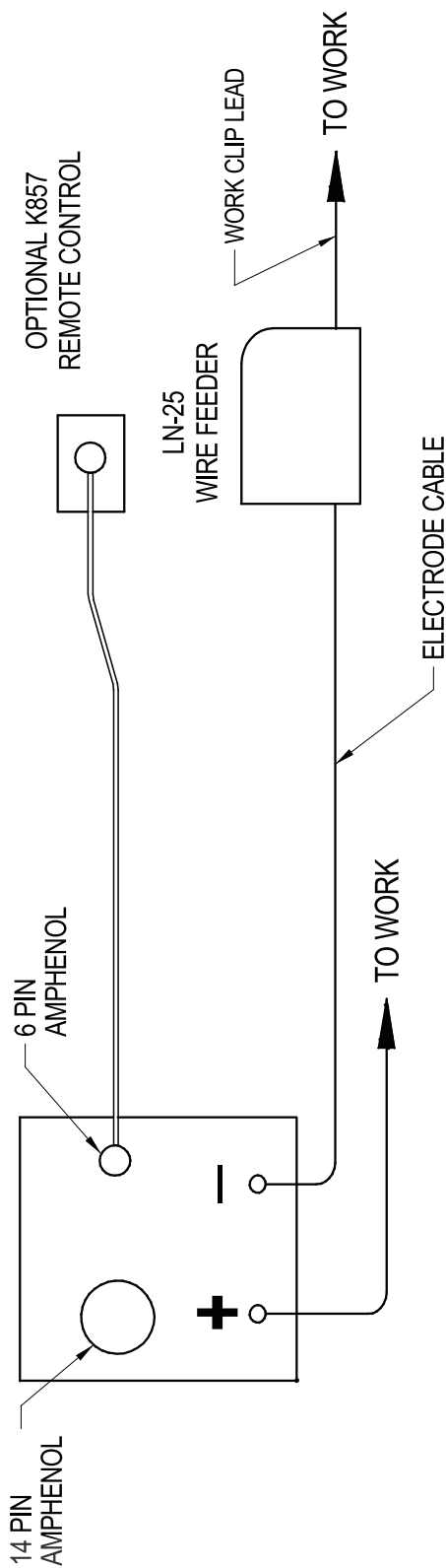
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# ENGINE WELDERS /LN-25 ACROSS THE ARC CONNECTION DIAGRAM WITH OPTIONAL K857 REMOTE CONTROL

	<b>WARNING</b>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Do not operate with panels open.</li> <li>• Disconnect NEGATIVE (-) Battery lead before servicing.</li> <li>• Do not touch electrically live parts.</li> </ul>		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Keep guards in place.</li> <li>• Keep away from moving parts.</li> <li>• Only qualified personnel should install, use or service this equipment.</li> </ul>



- N.A. WELDING CABLES MUST BE OF PROPER CAPACITY FOR THE CURRENT AND DUTY CYCLE OF IMMEDIATE AND FUTURE APPLICATIONS. SEE OPERATING MANUAL.
- N.B. CONNECT WELDING CABLES TO OUTPUT STUDS FOR DESIRED POLARITY. POSITION THE WIRE FEEDER VOLT METER SWITCH TO MATCH THE POLARITY OF THE ELECTRODE CABLE.
- N.C. PLACE THE MODE SWITCH IN THE "CV-WIRE" POSITION.
- N.D. PLACE THE WELDING TERMINALS SWITCH IN THE "WELD TERMINALS ON" POSITION.
- N.E. PLACE IDLER SWITCH IN "AUTO" OR "HIGH" IDLE POSITION AS DESIRED.

10-27-2000

S24787-1

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# ENGINE WELDERS /LN-25 ACROSS THE ARC CONNECTION DIAGRAM WITH OPTIONAL K444-1 REMOTE CONTROL

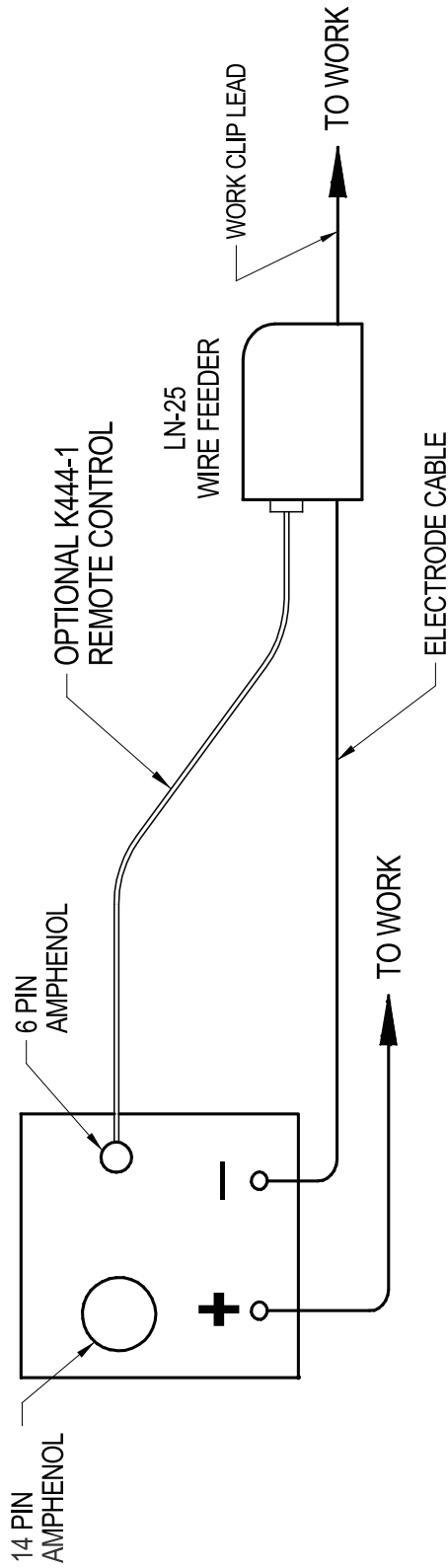


## WARNING



- Do not operate with panels open.
- Disconnect NEGATIVE (-) Battery lead before servicing.
- Do not touch electrically live parts.

- Keep guards in place.
- Keep away from moving parts.
- Only qualified personnel should install, use or service this equipment.



- N.A. WELDING CABLES MUST BE OF PROPER CAPACITY FOR THE CURRENT AND DUTY CYCLE OF IMMEDIATE AND FUTURE APPLICATIONS. SEE OPERATING MANUAL.
- N.B. CONNECT WELDING CABLES TO OUTPUT STUDS FOR DESIRED POLARITY. POSITION THE WIRE FEEDER VOLT/METER SWITCH TO MATCH THE POLARITY OF THE ELECTRODE CABLE.
- N.C. PLACE THE MODE SWITCH IN THE "CV-WIRE" POSITION.
- N.D. PLACE THE WELDING TERMINALS SWITCH IN THE "WELD TERMINALS ON" POSITION.
- N.E. PLACE IDLER SWITCH IN "AUTO" OR "HIGH" IDLE POSITION AS DESIRED.

10-27-2000

S24787-2

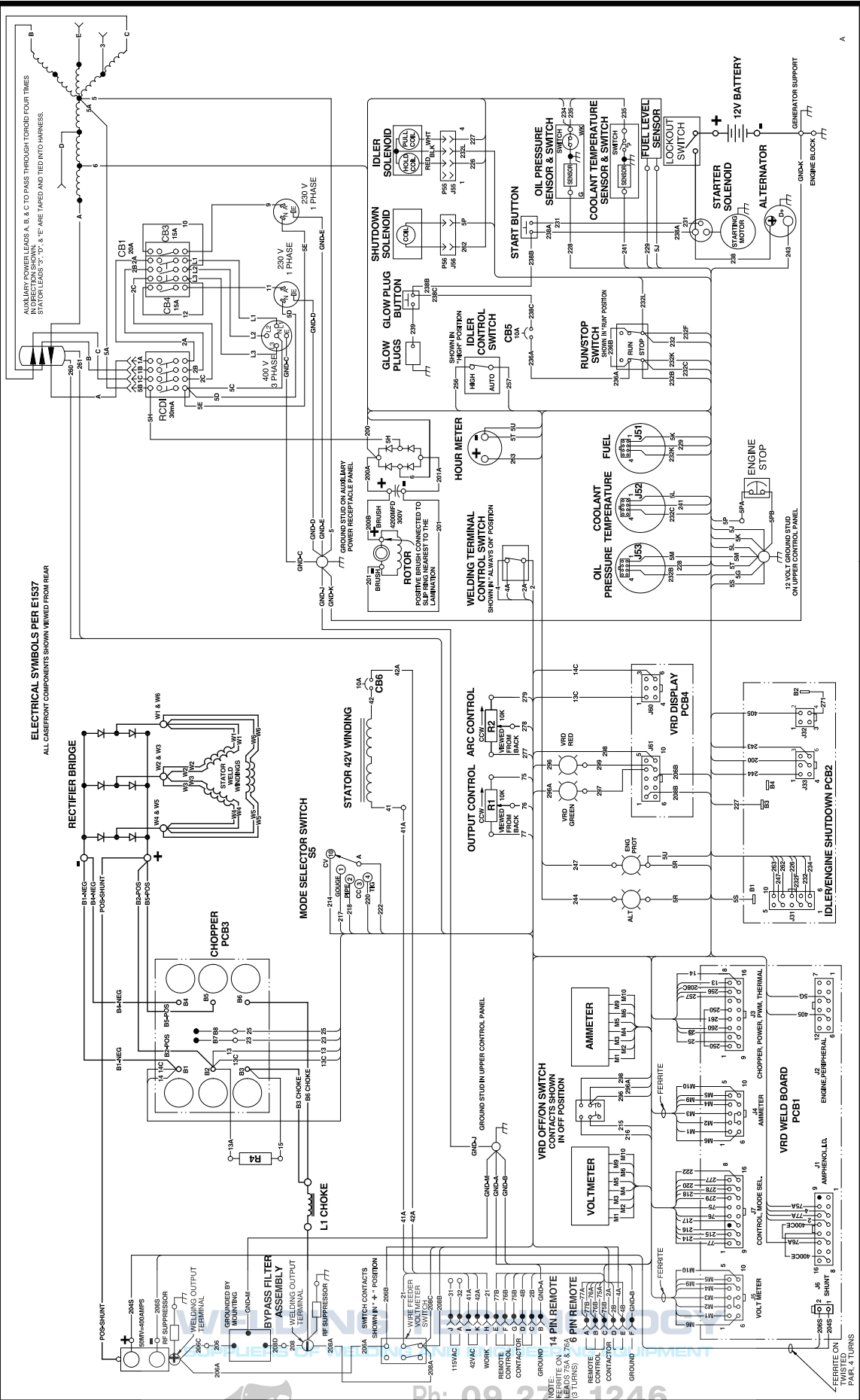
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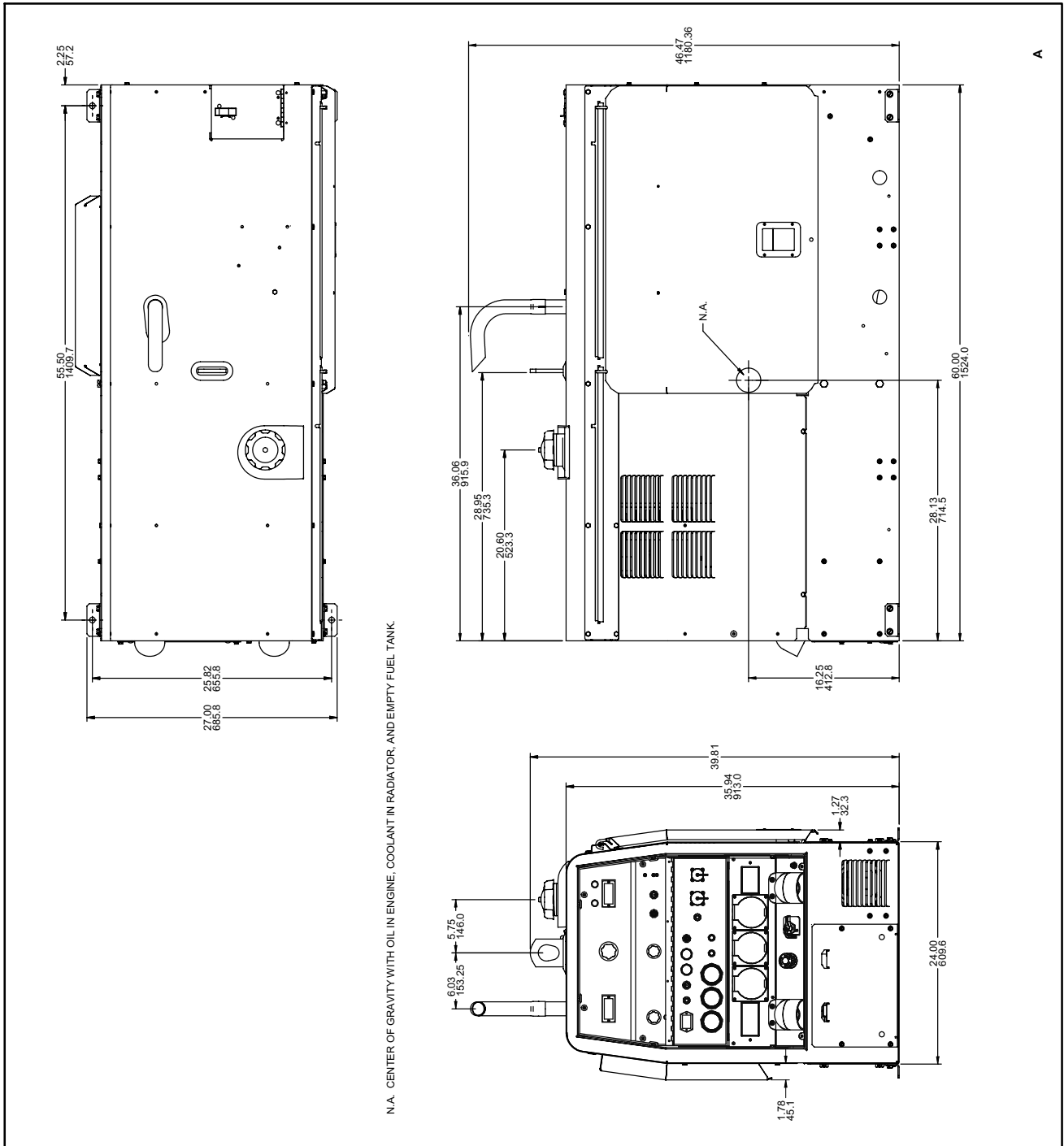


VANTAGE 400 (AU) WIRING DIAGRAM



G6851

NOTE: This diagram is for reference only. It may not be accurate for all machines covered by this manual. The specific diagram for a particular code is included with the machine. If the diagram is illegible, write to the Service Department for a replacement. Give the equipment code number.



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<b>WARNING</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Do not touch electrically live parts or electrode with skin or wet clothing.</li> <li>Insulate yourself from work and ground.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Keep flammable materials away.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Wear eye, ear and body protection.</li> </ul>
Spanish <b>AVISO DE PRECAUCION</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>No toque las partes o los electrodos bajo carga con la piel o ropa mojada.</li> <li>Aíslese del trabajo y de la tierra.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Mantenga el material combustible fuera del área de trabajo.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Protéjase los ojos, los oídos y el cuerpo.</li> </ul>
French <b>ATTENTION</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Ne laissez ni la peau ni des vêtements mouillés entrer en contact avec des pièces sous tension.</li> <li>Isolez-vous du travail et de la terre.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Gardez à l'écart de tout matériel inflammable.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Protégez vos yeux, vos oreilles et votre corps.</li> </ul>
German <b>WARNUNG</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Berühren Sie keine stromführenden Teile oder Elektroden mit Ihrem Körper oder feuchter Kleidung!</li> <li>Isolieren Sie sich von den Elektroden und dem Erdboden!</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Entfernen Sie brennbares Material!</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Tragen Sie Augen-, Ohren- und Körperschutz!</li> </ul>
Portuguese <b>ATENÇÃO</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Não toque partes elétricas e electrodos com a pele ou roupa molhada.</li> <li>Isole-se da peça e terra.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Mantenha inflamáveis bem guardados.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Use proteção para a vista, ouvido e corpo.</li> </ul>
Japanese <b>注意事項</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>通電中の電気部品、又は溶材にヒブやぬれた布で触れないこと。</li> <li>施工物やアースから身体が絶縁されている様にして下さい。</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>燃えやすいものの側での溶接作業は絶対にしてはなりません。</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>目、耳及び身体に保護具をして下さい。</li> </ul>
Chinese <b>警告</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>皮肤或湿衣物切勿接触带电部件及焊条。</li> <li>使你自已与地面和工作件绝缘。</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>把一切易燃物品移离工作场所。</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>佩戴眼、耳及身体劳动保护用具。</li> </ul>
Korean <b>위험</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>전도체나 용접봉을 젖은 헝겍 또는 피부로 절대 접촉치 마십시오.</li> <li>모재와 접지를 접촉치 마십시오.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>인화성 물질을 접근시키지 마십시오.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>눈, 귀와 몸에 보호장구를 착용하십시오.</li> </ul>
Arabic <b>تحذير</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>لا تلمس الاجزاء التي يسري فيها التيار الكهربائي أو الألكترود بجسدك أو بالملابس المبللة بالماء.</li> <li>ضع عازلا على جسمك خلال العمل.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>ضع المواد القابلة للاشتعال في مكان بعيد.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>ضع أدوات وملابس واقية على عينيك وأذنيك وجسمك.</li> </ul>

READ AND UNDERSTAND THE MANUFACTURER'S INSTRUCTION FOR THIS EQUIPMENT AND THE CONSUMABLES TO BE USED AND FOLLOW YOUR EMPLOYER'S SAFETY PRACTICES.

SE RECOMIENDA LEER Y ENTENDER LAS INSTRUCCIONES DEL FABRICANTE PARA EL USO DE ESTE EQUIPO Y LOS CONSUMIBLES QUE VA A UTILIZAR, SIGA LAS MEDIDAS DE SEGURIDAD DE SU SUPERVISOR.

LISEZ ET COMPRENEZ LES INSTRUCTIONS DU FABRICANT EN CE QUI REGARDE CET EQUIPMENT ET LES PRODUITS A ETRE EMPLOYES ET SUIVEZ LES PROCEDURES DE SECURITE DE VOTRE EMPLOYEUR.

LESEN SIE UND BEFOLGEN SIE DIE BETRIEBSANLEITUNG DER ANLAGE UND DEN ELEKTRODENEINSATZ DES HERSTELLERS. DIE UNFALLVERHÜTUNGSVORSCHRIFTEN DES ARBEITGEBERS SIND EBENFALLS ZU BEACHTEN.

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<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Keep your head out of fumes.</li> <li>● Use ventilation or exhaust to remove fumes from breathing zone.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Turn power off before servicing.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Do not operate with panel open or guards off.</li> </ul>	<b>WARNING</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Los humos fuera de la zona de respiración.</li> <li>● Mantenga la cabeza fuera de los humos. Utilice ventilación o aspiración para gases.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Desconectar el cable de alimentación de poder de la máquina antes de iniciar cualquier servicio.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● No operar con panel abierto o guardas quitadas.</li> </ul>	Spanish <b>AVISO DE PRECAUCION</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Gardez la tête à l'écart des fumées.</li> <li>● Utilisez un ventilateur ou un aspirateur pour ôter les fumées des zones de travail.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Débranchez le courant avant l'entretien.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● N'opérez pas avec les panneaux ouverts ou avec les dispositifs de protection enlevés.</li> </ul>	French <b>ATTENTION</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Vermeiden Sie das Einatmen von Schweißrauch!</li> <li>● Sorgen Sie für gute Be- und Entlüftung des Arbeitsplatzes!</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Strom vor Wartungsarbeiten abschalten! (Netzstrom völlig öffnen; Maschine anhalten!)</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Anlage nie ohne Schutzgehäuse oder Innenschutzverkleidung in Betrieb setzen!</li> </ul>	German <b>WARNUNG</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Mantenha seu rosto da fumaça.</li> <li>● Use ventilação e exaustão para remover fumo da zona respiratória.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Não opere com as tampas removidas.</li> <li>● Desligue a corrente antes de fazer serviço.</li> <li>● Não toque as partes elétricas nuas.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Mantenha-se afastado das partes moventes.</li> <li>● Não opere com os painéis abertos ou guardas removidas.</li> </ul>	Portuguese <b>ATENÇÃO</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● ヒュームから頭を離すようにして下さい。</li> <li>● 換気や排煙に十分留意して下さい。</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● メンテナンス・サービスに取りかかる際には、まず電源スイッチを必ず切して下さい。</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● パネルやカバーを取り外したままで機械操作をしないで下さい。</li> </ul>	Japanese <b>注意事項</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● 頭部遠離煙霧。</li> <li>● 在呼吸區使用通風或排風器除煙。</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● 維修前切斷電源。</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● 儀表板打開或沒有安全罩時不準作業。</li> </ul>	Chinese <b>警告</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● 얼굴로부터 용접가스를 멀리하십시오.</li> <li>● 호흡지역으로부터 용접가스를 제거하기 위해 가스제거기나 통풍기를 사용하십시오.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● 보수전에 전원을 차단하십시오.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● 판넬이 열린 상태로 작동치 마십시오.</li> </ul>	Korean <b>위험</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● ابعد رأسك بعيداً عن الدخان.</li> <li>● استعمل التهوية أو جهاز ضغط الدخان للخارج لكي تبعد الدخان عن المنطقة التي تتنفس فيها.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● اقطع التيار الكهربائي قبل القيام بأية صيانة.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● لا تشغيل هذا الجهاز اذا كانت الاغطية الحديدية الواقية ليست عليه.</li> </ul>	Arabic <b>تحذير</b>

**LEIA E COMPREENDA AS INSTRUÇÕES DO FABRICANTE PARA ESTE EQUIPAMENTO E AS PARTES DE USO, E SIGA AS PRÁTICAS DE SEGURANÇA DO EMPREGADOR.**

使う機械や溶材のメーカーの指示書をよく読み、まず理解して下さい。そして貴社の安全規定に従って下さい。

請詳細閱讀並理解製造廠提供的說明以及應該使用的銀焊材料，並請遵守貴方的有關勞動保護規定。

이 제품에 동봉된 작업지침서를 숙지하시고 귀사의 작업자 안전수칙을 준수하시기 바랍니다.

اقرأ بتمعن وافهم تعليمات المصنع المنتج لهذه المعدات والمواد قبل استعمالها واتبع تعليمات الوقاية لصاحب العمل  
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## CUSTOMER ASSISTANCE POLICY

The business of The Lincoln Electric Company is manufacturing and selling high quality welding equipment, consumables, and cutting equipment. Our challenge is to meet the needs of our customers and to exceed their expectations. On occasion, purchasers may ask Lincoln Electric for advice or information about their use of our products. We respond to our customers based on the best information in our possession at that time. Lincoln Electric is not in a position to warrant or guarantee such advice, and assumes no liability, with respect to such information or advice. We expressly disclaim any warranty of any kind, including any warranty of fitness for any customer's particular purpose, with respect to such information or advice. As a matter of practical consideration, we also cannot assume any responsibility for updating or correcting any such information or advice once it has been given, nor does the provision of information or advice create, expand or alter any warranty with respect to the sale of our products.

Lincoln Electric is a responsive manufacturer, but the selection and use of specific products sold by Lincoln Electric is solely within the control of, and remains the sole responsibility of the customer. Many variables beyond the control of Lincoln Electric affect the results obtained in applying these types of fabrication methods and service requirements.

Subject to Change – This information is accurate to the best of our knowledge at the time of printing. Please refer to [www.lincolnelectric.com](http://www.lincolnelectric.com) for any updated information.



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